IAUA End Time Ministry

Preparing for the End of Time



Sacred Name IAUA

Eliau

Preface

"IAUA End Time Ministry" presents this book "Sacred Name IAUA" as part of the preparation of God's people for the End of Time. This book investigates the importance of the Sacred Name of God and the evidence for the spelling and pronunciation.

God loves us and wants us to be prepared for the end of time. He has revealed what will happen in the end of time. The final judgment of the world is coming soon. The end of the world is preceded by a final message from the Bible. An important part of the final message is the understanding of God's Sacred Name. God's Sacred Name is an important part of "Present Truth". There are many diverse opinions, contrary, and false teachings, which must be addressed on this subject.

This book is for those who have learned the love of God for us and have the love of God in their heart. Otherwise, the information in this book will seem pointless and legalistic.

15 If ye love me, keep my commandments. John 14:15

My purpose is to share my studies of the Bible and research into the evidence for information about determining God's Sacred Name with seekers of truth. This book is a study guide to encourage your own study and research into understanding the Sacred Name of God. The material in this book is an expansion of a chapter in the book "*Preparing for the End of Time*".

This book is not a detailed scholarly presentation. My goal is to present the subject completely but simply and briefly. It is not my intent to try to convince you of my understanding. It is my purpose to point you to truth in the Bible and other information about understanding and determining God's Sacred Calendar. You will need to investigate and verify this information for yourself.

The Internet is a valuable tool for research. The information in this book is available for online reading with many research links and additional material under ongoing development at the website:

www.SacredName.info

Published 2009-12-13 revised 2015-08-21 open to Public Domain.

Bible quotations are from the King James Version. I added any emphasis of underlining in Bible quotes and bold in EGW quotes.

Where tradition has removed the personal name of God, I have substituted IAUA, based on the evidence described in this book. IAUA (ee-ah-oo-ah) is not an English word. It is a word of Hebrew origin, a personal name, transliterated to Latin script. A personal name should never be translated. This name is appropriate, without change, for any language based on Latin. This includes most European, North American, and South American languages.

About the Ministry

IAUA End Time Ministry is a personal, independent ministry. This ministry is my personal effort to follow the will of God. The purpose of the ministry is to witness to God's truth through Internet websites, email newsletters, printed books, and personal contact with those who show an interest in deeper additional truth.

This ministry agrees with the fundamental teachings of the Seventh-day Adventist church. I believe there is a fundamental teaching missing from the church doctrine. I also believe the church is teaching an error, which contradicts its own fundamental teachings.

This ministry is not a part of the SDA church and is not recognized or approved by the SDA church. I am part of a loose association of individuals seeking to further the knowledge and understanding of God. I do not follow the teachings of any other leader or ministry. I follow only the Bible.

Wherever possible, this ministry avoids entering into any controversy or confrontation on the truth I believe from the Bible. I only present these topics when an interest is shown in the subject of a deeper understanding of God's Law. It is the work of the Holy Spirit to draw others to greater truth. God also appoints prophets to do the work of calling His people to reformation and revival. I do not step out ahead of God's leading.

About the Author

Eliau is the pen name of Frank T. Clark. I use a pen name because this book is not about me. I am not seeking to promote myself. The pen name is a transliteration of the original Biblical Hebrew for

Elijah. I am an ultraconservative, lifetime, fifth-generation, Seventh-day Adventist believer. No religion has the whole truth or is the exclusive source of truth. Each individual accepts truth as they study the Bible to understand for themselves.

I describe myself as an ultraconservative because my beliefs go beyond adhering to only the current teachings of the Seventh-day Adventist church. I believe errors have crept into the teachings of the church. I seek a return to the truth revealed to the early Adventist church, there is "New Light" in God's Law we must seek. I seek a continued growth beyond the current complacent (Laodicean) attitude of the church to return to the primitive godliness of the Messiah, the disciples, and the apostles.

A few years ago, I was awakened to the renewed realization this world is going to end soon. While renewing my study of the Bible I was led to see "Present Truth", I was not originally taught to see. These truths are critical to "Preparing for the End of Time".

It is my purpose to point you to truth in the Bible, which is often overlooked. It is my intent and expectation you will study the Bible about this for yourself. It is my prayer the Holy Spirit will guide you.

¹³ When the Spirit of truth comes, he will guide you into all truth... He will show you things to come. John 16:13 (FTCABE)

About the Cover

The intended color scheme of this book's cover is from God's sanctuary and is described in numerous places.

- ¹ And of the blue, and purple, and scarlet, they made cloths of service, to do service in the holy place, and made the holy garments for Aaron; as IAUA commanded Moses.
- ² And he made the ephod of gold, blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine twined linen.

Exodus 39:1-2

The background is royal blue, which represents God's law. Gold represents the riches of God's truth, purple represents the royalty of the King of Kings, and scarlet represents the blood of the Lamb. Linen is white which represents purity.

Letter from the Author

Dear Brothers and Sisters of IAUA our Heavenly Father,

It is with great joy, I present to you this Bible Study on the topics of present truth for the last generation. I hope this study draws you, as deeply as the Holy Spirit has drawn me, to a renewed interest in the Bible and Present Truth.

My spiritual journey wandered for years in circles and cycles because I thought I knew the Bible. In reality, I only studied what the church taught me to study. I was complacent, like the Laodicean church, as described by the Messiah in Revelation 3:14-22. I felt a half-hearted desire for more but was comfortable with the daily activities of life.

God knew my condition and by the work of the Holy Spirit impressed on my mind the nearness of the end of time. I was raised from childhood with this realization but after years of hearing the same old tired prodding, I became callous to the warning of the Three Angels' Message. I believe the same is true of many in the church today. When I began to study more and meditate on the nearness of the end of time, a greater concern energized me about being prepared for the end of time.

While talking with others about the nearness of the end of time, I received a pair of small books, which deeply challenged my complacency about my knowledge of the Bible. I read things, which I had never heard before. The Holy Spirit opened my eyes to a vast amount of Bible truth of which I had been woefully ignorant. I hope this book will do the same for you.

With astonishing swiftness, my life began to change completely. As I began to dig deeper and deeper into the Bible, my whole outlook on life began to change. The things I had once enjoyed began to lose my interest. Bible study became my primary interest. Within a year, I was laid off from my job and I felt God moving in a powerful way to change my life.

While looking for work I threw myself even deeper into hours of daily study of the Bible and research of the new truths I was learning. It would be almost two years before God would allow me to return to the work force in serving His purposes and not the ways of the world.

I hope this book will encourage you to a deeper study of the Bible. I believe the topics of this book are a valuable study guide to lead you to topics of importance, which we often overlook. The first book, "*Preparing for the End of Time*", is an introduction to a series of books, which covers the complete subject area of my studies on "Present Truth". This fourth book in the series, "*Sacred Name IAUA*", expands on one of these subjects. As God leads and time allows I will prepare other books expanding on these topics.

It is important to remind you, our belief in our precious Saviour is what saves us. When this belief converts us, we will begin to grow into all truth. This belief leads us to study more of His Word. As we learn more about Him, His Love for us draws us closer to Him. When the love of God fills our hearts, we will become passionate about learning everything He tells us. The expression of our love is to follow the guidance He gives us.

¹⁵ If ye love me, keep my commandments. John 14:15

We obey the guidance found in His Law of Love because we trust Him to know what is best for us. Obedience does not save us. Obedience sanctifies us as we prepare for a place in His kingdom of Love.

¹² Wherefore, my beloved, as ye have always obeyed, not as in my presence only, but now much more in my absence, work out your own salvation with fear and trembling. Philippians 2:12

Obedience and study is our work of salvation. Please, open your heart and pray for the work of the Holy Spirit. Let this book guide you to study deeply into His Word and learn more about His guidance for our lives. What I say may sometimes sound harsh but I pray you may sense a spirit, which is learning to be gentle, under the molding of the Holy Spirit.

With all the love God places in my heart,

Frank I. Clark

Frank T. Clark

Contents

Preface	2
About the Ministry	3
About the Author	
About the Cover	
About the Cover	
Letter from the Author	5
Contents	7
Introduction	Q
Ineffable Name Apostasy	
Sacred Name Controversy	
Biblical Witnesses	
Diolical Withesses	1 J
Sacred Name Importance	15
Sacred Name Forms	17
Sacred Name Prophesied Restoration	
Messiah's Use of the Sacred Name	
Sacred Name Error	22
Pronunciation	
Spelling	
Alleluia Evidence	25
Septuagint Evidence	
Alleluia Verse Selection	
Evidence Summary Chart	
Chart Explanation	
Allelu	
IA	30
IAUA	
I	
A	
U	
Pronunciation	

Linguistic Evidence		
Old Testament Hebrew Use	33	
Hebrew Pronunciation	34	
Modern English Use		
New Testament Greek Use	38	
The Name of the Messiah	40	
The Titles of God	41	
Hebrew Transliteration	43	
Biblical Hebrew Transliteration Chart	44	
Godhead	45	
Sacred Name Praise Song	48	
Sheet Music		
Conclusion	50	
Public usage		
Summary		
Genesis - RREShITh	55	

Introduction

The first question in your mind may be "What does the name of God have to do with the end of time?"

- 1. The world is filled with the unholy use of the name "Jesus". That name is applied to all types of false teachings and false worship. Prophecy tells us even worse is coming. Satan himself will take on the name of "Jesus".
- 2. The Fourth Angel's Message is to be a full revelation of all of God's truths. This issue is a contributing part of the ongoing spiritual growth of the 144,000 into all truth. There is no such thing as an unimportant or unnecessary truth.
- 3. This issue is also an illustration of the two extremes Satan uses in his deceptions.

Satan's primary method of deception is to hide, bury, and discredit the truth. When that attack is unsuccessful, Satan will take the opposite approach in his deceptions.

The opposite approach is to take a truth and emphasize it to a disproportionate amount and adding peripheral non-issues. This will also hide, bury, and discredit the truth. Satan does not care whether you go into the ditch on the left hand or right hand side of the road. Only a straight middle course will follow the example of the Messiah.

In this book, the term Tetragram or Tetragrammaton is used to refer to the four letters of the Sacred Name of God. Tetragram is simply a Greek word, which means "a word of four letters". Tetragrammaton specifically refers to the four letters of the Sacred Name in Hebrew script. The term Sacred Name is used primarily to indicate the equivalent spelling in Latin script and secondarily the pronunciation.

The Latin script is appropriate for English and any other language based on the Latin script, which includes most languages in Europe, North America, and South America. I may occasionally refer to the Sacred Name as English, but it is not English. It is essentially a universal word, the personal name of God.

The four letters of the Tetragrammaton have a direct correspondence to the four letters in IAUA. Remember, Hebrew

letters follow a right to left order and Latin letters follow a left to right order. Each Latin letter accurately represents the pronunciation of each Hebrew letter of the Tetragrammaton. This correspondence is so important, it is prominently displayed in the logo for this ministry, which is shown on the cover of this book.

Some claim the term "Tetragrammaton" is an occult term applied to the four letters of the Sacred Name. It is claimed this comes from the Qabala, which is called a blasphemous Jewish book of witchcraft and mysticism. These people claim, no Christian or Jew of the biblical faith should be using that word.

Nowhere is there the slightest hint from any respectable unbiased source or researcher to support such a claim. It is acknowledged everywhere as an English adaptation of Greek words. Where is the mysticism or witchcraft in a formal descriptive term? The devil cannot hijack the English/Greek language and turns words into evil. Those who claim the devil has such power must be devil worshippers or something else unfathomable.

There are many similar cases where extreme viewpoints lead many people to declare various names or titles pagan and inappropriate. This needs to be examined carefully from the witness and evidence of the Bible. Do not allow yourself to be caught up and deceived by inflammatory rhetoric, which sounds pleasing and on the surface seems logical but is ultimately misleading.

Ineffable Name Apostasy

Almost all Bible translations have a universal failing to reveal the Sacred Holy Name. Only the original Hebrew contains the Sacred Holy Name. The Jews preserved this in the Torah and the other sacred writings.

The last use of the Sacred Name in the Bible is found in Malachi, which was written about 500 BC. Shortly after this, in the fourth century BC, the Jews began to reserve the use of the name of God for the priesthood. It is interesting the lack of prophets from God began about the same time.

About this time, the doctrine of the "Ineffable (not to be uttered) Name" became the rule. Following traditions and superstition, the name was considered too sacred to speak. The Jews obfuscate

Introduction

(obscure or hide) the name by changing the pronunciation and using a different word when reading scripture.

The tradition probably began from an extreme interpretation of the Third of the Ten Commandments.

⁷ Thou shalt not take the name of IAUA thy God in vain; for IAUA will not hold him guiltless that taketh his name in vain. Exodus 20:7

The tradition is reinforced by an extreme interpretation of this statute.

- 13 And IAUA spake unto Moses, saying,
- ¹⁴ Bring forth him that hath cursed without the camp; and let all that heard him lay their hands upon his head, and let all the congregation stone him.
- ¹⁵ And thou shalt speak unto the children of Israel, saying, Whosoever curseth his God shall bear his sin.
- ¹⁶ And he that blasphemeth the name of IAUA, he shall surely be put to death, and all the congregation shall certainly stone him: as well the stranger, as he that is born in the land, when he blasphemeth the Name, shall be put to death.

Leviticus 24:13-16

There is a big difference between the profane, vain use of the Sacred Name and its reverent use. Those who delight in rules, extreme interpretations, and control, create traditions contrary to the word of God.

¹³ Making the word of God of none effect through your tradition, which ye have delivered: and many such like things do ye.

Mark 7:13

This tradition was continued and led to substituting the name of IAUA with a title, "the LORD", in the non-Hebrew Bible. I have restored the Tetragrammaton with the Latin transliteration "IAUA" in the verses quoted in this book. This book goes into depth explaining how I determined this transliteration and provides the evidence supporting its validity.

Most Christians are completely ignorant of the fact God has given His personal name for us to call on Him. The use of the name of God predates the Jewish nation and the Flood.

²⁶ And to Seth, to him also there was born a son; and he called his name Enos: then began men to call upon the <u>name</u> of IAUA.

Genesis 4:26

Jewish tradition has now gone to ridiculous extremes. It is no longer acceptable to write accurately a word that refers to the L-rd our G-d. They claim this shows reverence for the name of God. I believe it only shows a foolish, superficial, and mock respect for the name of God.

Sacred Name Controversy

In modern times, there is a controversy over every aspect of the Sacred Name you can imagine. The common myth is we do not know the pronunciation of the Sacred Name. A supporting myth is Hebrew writing does not contain vowels so we cannot know the pronunciation.

Some individuals and groups go to an extreme and insist that they have the correct Sacred Name and you have to use their name. They will sometimes insist you cannot know God or be saved, if you do not use their name. I do not believe this idea.

Warning! Please understand my zeal, eagerness, and enthusiasm in presenting this subject. I believe it is valuable to know and use IAUA as the Sacred Name of God. However, I do not criticize and I do not believe God condemns anyone for what they understand or practice. I am presenting ideas for you to consider.

Others say there is a mystical importance to the Sacred Name. They say it gives special power or recognition to the person who uses the Sacred Name. I do not agree with this idea either.

Other individuals and groups say it does not matter. They see the arguments over pronunciations and spellings and throw their hands up in the air and say, "Forget about it!" They say we do not need to know or use His name. I don't agree with this either.

Individuals, who taught the use of Elohim as a substitute for the word "God", first introduced me to the serious issue of the name of

Introduction

God. Researching this teaching quickly led to those who proposed the use of Yahweh as required for the name of God. I was initially caught up in the fanaticism of these ideas. After ongoing study, the Holy Spirit led me to a more moderate position, closely following the teachings of the Bible. I was led to research deeply into the issue of the Sacred Name. I was surprised by what I learned, guided by the Holy Spirit.

It is important to be zealous and clarify the fanaticism of one extreme, without gong to the laxity of the other extreme. God has revealed His personal name to His children. Intimacy comes with the understanding and use of a personal name. That name has been hidden and disguised by Satan, the Master of Evil.

After prayerful examination of scripture and examining both sides of the issue, I was led to a middle ground. This is my understanding of the issues. The name of God and the Messiah is important but not a test point of doctrine. Splitting hairs over titles and declaring them pagan is not scriptural or factual.

Biblical Witnesses

The Bible is the absolute foundation for determining the value and purpose of the Sacred Name of God. The Bible, by itself, cannot provide information about pronunciation or spelling in the English language and the Latin alphabet. The Bible is clear on the Hebrew spelling. Determining pronunciation and appropriate English use is supported by examining the witness of historical records and scholars who are familiar with the issues involved.

The identification and examination of Biblical practice and the most credible witnesses is the purpose of this book. The importance of two or three credible witnesses is an established Biblical principle found in the Torah and repeated in the New Testament.

⁶ At the mouth of two witnesses, or three witnesses, shall he that is worthy of death be put to death; but at the mouth of one witness he shall not be put to death.

Deuteronomy 17:6

This principle applies in capital offense cases and in the establishment of guilt for any sin.

¹⁵ One witness shall not rise up against a man for any iniquity, or for any sin, in any sin that he sinneth: at the mouth of two witnesses, or at the mouth of three witnesses, shall the matter be established.

Deuteronomy 19:15

The Saviour applied this principle to any disputed matter and made it the heart of His principles for conflict resolution.

¹⁶ But if he will not hear thee, then take with thee one or two more, that in the mouth of two or three witnesses every word may be established.

Matthew 18:16

The apostle Paul invoked this principle in his dealings with the contentious Corinthians.

¹ This is the third time I am coming to you. In the mouth of two or three witnesses shall every word be established.

II Corinthians 13:1

God provides two witnesses in the Bible to teach us truth and lead us to truth. His law is His first witness and the second is His prophets.

²⁰ To the law and to the testimony: if they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them.

Isaiah 8:20

Paul takes note of these two witnesses.

²¹ But now the righteousness of God without the law is manifested, being witnessed by the law and the prophets; Romans 3:21

God provides these same two witnesses at the end of time to testify to the truth and lead us to truth.

³ And I will give power unto my two witnesses, and they shall prophesy a thousand two hundred and threescore days, clothed in sackcloth.

Revelation 11:3

Sacred Name Importance

The Old Testament Scriptures give ample proof of the common, although reverential use of the Sacred Name in Israel before the time of captivity and in the immediate post-exilic period. There are over 6,519 uses of the Tetragram alone. The frequency of the use of the Sacred Name exceeds by far the use of any other person's name.

In Hebrew thought, a name is more than just what you are called. This is still true to an extent today. Your name is your personality, your reputation, and your character. Even today, the phrase "a good name" is widespread.

All the prophetic books use the Tetragram freely, and almost all of them prophesied about the restoration of the Name.

A deeper knowledge of God's word, including His name, is not optional.

⁶ My people are destroyed for lack of knowledge: because thou hast rejected knowledge, I will also reject thee, that thou shalt be no priest to me: seeing thou hast forgotten the law of thy God, I will also forget thy children.

Hosea 4:6

Respect for God is shown by using His name and not just a title. We should not dismiss or hide His name lightly. What does God say about His name?

⁷ Thou shalt not take the <u>name</u> of IAUA thy God in vain; for IAUA will not hold him guiltless that taketh his <u>name</u> in vain. Exodus 20:7

These questions demand an answer from those of us who claim to be followers of God.

⁴ Who hath ascended up into heaven, and descended? Who hath gathered the wind in his fists? Who hath bound the waters in his garment? Who hath established all the ends of the earth? What is his name, and what is his son's name, if thou knowest?

Proverbs 30:4

The last question is the most demanding of those who claim to know Him intimately. What is His name and what is His Son's name, if you know? Listen to this mighty, emphatic declaration.

8 I am IAUA: that is my <u>name</u>: and my glory will I not give to another, neither my praise to graven images.
Isaiah 42:8

Scripture specifically commands us to use the Name of the Creator.

¹³ Thou shalt fear IAUA thy God, and serve him, and shalt swear by his <u>name</u>.

Deuteronomy 6:13

We swear by his name, as the discerner of truth and avenger of wrong. We must not upon any occasion appeal to any other but him only, and not to an idol, any other creature, or any other thing.

²⁰ Thou shalt fear IAUA thy God; him shalt thou serve, and to him shalt thou cleave, and swear by his <u>name</u>.

Deuteronomy 10:20

We are to bless others in the name of IAUA.

¹³ The sons of Amram; Aaron and Moses: and Aaron was separated, that he should sanctify the most holy things, he and his sons for ever, to burn incense before IAUA, to minister unto him, and to bless in his name for ever.

I Chronicles 23:13

We are to call upon His name.

¹ O give thanks unto IAUA; call upon his <u>name</u>: make known his deeds among the people.

Psalms 105:1

There are 7 times when the name of God is crudely translated "Jehovah". Jehovah is an English name adapted from a German pronunciation of a Jewish scheme to hide the true Hebrew pronunciation of the name of God. Are you confused?

¹⁸ That men may know that thou, whose <u>name</u> alone is JEHOVAH (IAUA), art the most high over all the earth. Psalms 83:18

Sacred Name Importance

Intimacy with God is enhanced when we use His name. How would your wife feel, if you refused to use her name? How would your friends feel, if you refuse to use their name? How important is this to God?

- ¹⁴ And God said unto Moses, I AM THAT I AM: and he said, Thus shalt thou say unto the children of Israel, I AM hath sent me unto you.
- ¹⁵ And God said moreover unto Moses, Thus shalt thou say unto the children of Israel, IAUA God of your fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob, hath sent me unto you: this is my <u>name</u> for ever, and this is my memorial unto all generations.

Exodus 3:14-15

How does this promise apply to the modern children of God, if they do not even know His name? What does it mean if they do not even want to know or use His name?

¹⁴ If my people, which are called by my <u>name</u>, shall humble themselves, and pray, and seek my face, and turn from their wicked ways; then will I hear from heaven, and will forgive their sin, and will heal their land.

II Chronicles 7:14

Sacred Name Forms

Take careful note, there is a short form (the first two letters) of the personal name of God, "IA". This form appears 49 times in the Old Testament. The long form "IAUA" appears over 6,519 times. In almost all cases, these are translated to a title, "the Lord". One time in the Bible, the short form is crudely translated to a short form of His name "Jah". The grammar would have been too embarrassingly awkward and inaccurate to translate otherwise.

⁴ Sing unto God, sing praises to his <u>name</u>: extol him that rideth upon the heavens by his <u>name</u> JAH (IA), and rejoice before him.

Psalms 68:4

Four times IAUA is crudely translated Jehovah under similar circumstances. The grammar would have been too embarrassingly

awkward and inaccurate to translate otherwise. Three additional times it is shown as part of a compound word. However, is this the correct way to represent His name? Why is the same word for His name translated, "the Lord", thousands of other times?

¹⁸ That men may know that thou, whose name alone is JEHOVAH (IAUA), art the most high over all the earth. Psalms 83:18

These two forms even appear together as superlatives in this well-known memory verse and other places.

- ³ Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace, whose mind is stayed on thee: because he trusteth in thee.
- ⁴ Trust ye in "the LORD" (IAUA) for ever: for in "the LORD" (IA) JEHOVAH (IAUA) is everlasting strength:
 Isaiah 26:3-4

Sacred Name Prophesied Restoration

There are numerous prophecies of the restoration, use, or emphasis of the Sacred Name.

⁶ Therefore my people shall know my <u>name</u>: therefore they shall know in that day that I am he that doth speak: behold, it is I.

Isaiah 52:6

God will show Himself and He emphasizes the knowledge of His name.

²¹ Therefore, behold, I will this once cause them to know, I will cause them to know mine hand and my might; and they shall know that my <u>name</u> is IAUA.

Jeremiah 16:21

Book after book, prophet after prophet repeats the same idea.

⁷ So will I make my holy <u>name</u> known in the midst of my people Israel; and I will not let them pollute my holy <u>name</u> any more: and the heathen shall know that I am IAUA, the Holy One in Israel.

Ezekiel 39:7

Sacred Name Importance

Why are we reluctant and ashamed to use His name?

²⁶ And ye shall eat in plenty, and be satisfied, and praise the <u>name</u> of IAUA your God, that hath dealt wondrously with you: and my people shall never be ashamed.

Joel 2:26

The importance of the use of His name at the end of time is emphasized.

³¹ The sun shall be turned into darkness, and the moon into blood, before the great and the terrible day of IAUA come.

³² And it shall come to pass, that whosoever shall call on the <u>name</u> of IAUA shall be delivered: for in mount Zion and in Jerusalem shall be deliverance, as IAUA hath said, and in the remnant whom IAUA shall call.

Joel 2:31-32

In the New Testament, Peter repeated this prophecy.

²¹ And it shall come to pass, that whosoever shall call on the <u>name</u> of IAUA shall be saved.

Acts 2:21

Our God must be identified by more than just a title.

⁵ For all people will walk every one in the name of his god, and we will walk in the <u>name</u> of IAUA our God for ever and ever. Micah 4:5

The restoration of one language and the use of His name is prophesied.

⁹ For then will I turn to the people a pure language, that they may all call upon the <u>name</u> of IAUA, to serve him with one consent.

Zephaniah 3:9

We are identified by our association with His name.

⁹ And I will bring the third part through the fire, and will refine them as silver is refined, and will try them as gold is tried: they shall call on my <u>name</u>, and I will hear them: I will say, It is my people: and they shall say, IAUA is my God. Zechariah 13:9

In the time of trouble, in the sea of affliction, we will receive strength in the name of IAUA.

 12 And I will strengthen them in IAUA; and they shall walk up and down in his <u>name</u>, saith IAUA.

Zechariah 10:12

In the context of end time events, in the last chapter of the last book of the Old Testament, we find mentioned yet again the importance of His name and in the next to the last verse His name appears again.

- ¹ For, behold, the day cometh, that shall burn as an oven; and all the proud, yea, and all that do wickedly, shall be stubble: and the day that cometh shall burn them up, saith IAUA of hosts, that it shall leave them neither root nor branch.
- ² But unto you that fear my <u>name</u> shall the Sun of righteousness arise with healing in his wings; and ye shall go forth, and grow up as calves of the stall.
- ³ And ye shall tread down the wicked; for they shall be ashes under the soles of your feet in the day that I shall do this, saith IAUA of hosts.
- ⁴ Remember ye the law of Moses my servant, which I commanded unto him in Horeb for all Israel, with the statutes and judgments.
- ⁵ Behold, I will send you Elijah the prophet before the coming of the great and dreadful day of IAUA:
- ⁶ And he shall turn the heart of the fathers to the children, and the heart of the children to their fathers, lest I come and smite the earth with a curse.

Malachi 4:1-6

The heart of the patriarch fathers was to speak the name of IAUA and I believe this is one of the things to be restored to the heart of the modern children of Israel. The condition of the heart of the modern children of Israel will be returned to the heart found in the patriarch fathers!

Sacred Name Importance

Messiah's Use of the Sacred Name

This issue did not disappear in the New Testament. One of the prophecies of the coming of the Messiah in Psalms 22 contains this prophecy concerning the Name.

²² I will declare thy <u>name</u> unto my brethren: in the midst of the congregation will I praise thee.

Psalms 22:22

Paul repeated this prophecy and its fulfillment in the context of asserting the Messiah had come.

¹² Saying, I will declare thy <u>name</u> unto my brethren, in the midst of the church will I sing praise unto thee.
Hebrews 2:12

The Messiah had very specific words about His fulfillment of this prophecy, His purpose to spread the name of God, and the importance of the name.

- ⁶ I have manifested thy <u>name</u> unto the men which thou gavest me out of the world: thine they were, and thou gavest them me; and they have kept thy word.
- ¹¹ And now I am no more in the world, but these are in the world, and I come to thee. Holy Father, keep through thine own <u>name</u> those whom thou hast given me, that they may be one, as we are.
- ¹² While I was with them in the world, I kept them in thy <u>name</u>: those that thou gavest me I have kept, and none of them is lost, but the son of perdition; that the scripture might be fulfilled.

²⁶ And I have declared unto them thy <u>name</u>, and will declare it: that the love wherewith thou hast loved me may be in them, and I in them.

John 17:6,11-12,26

It is amazing how millions say this prayer, yet few of them know His name.

⁹ After this manner therefore pray ye: Our Father which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy <u>name</u>.

Matthew 6:9

² And he said unto them, When ye pray, say, Our Father which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy <u>name</u>. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done, as in heaven, so in earth.

Luke 11:2

Sacred Name Error

This verse is incorrectly understood as a statement indicating the name of IAUA was not known to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.

² And God spake unto Moses, and said unto him, I am IAUA:

³ And I appeared unto Abraham, unto Isaac, and unto Jacob, by the <u>name</u> of God Almighty, but by my <u>name</u> IAUA was I not known to them.

Exodus 6:2-3

This statement is a rhetorical question indicating His name was known. God says, "By my name, IAUA, was I not known to them?" Otherwise, these verses indicating Abraham called on the name IAUA are false.

- ⁷ And IAUA appeared unto Abram, and said, Unto thy seed will I give this land: and there builded he an altar unto IAUA, who appeared unto him.
- ⁸ And he removed from thence unto a mountain on the east of Bethel, and pitched his tent, having Bethel on the west, and Hai on the east: and there he builded an altar unto IAUA, and called upon the name of IAUA.

Genesis 12:7-8

Repeatedly, Abraham's faithful practice is recorded.

- ⁴ Unto the place of the altar, which he had made there at the first: and there Abram called on the <u>name</u> of IAUA.
 Genesis 13:4
- ³³ And Abraham planted a grove in Beersheba, and called there on the <u>name</u> of IAUA, the everlasting God. Genesis 21:33

Sacred Name Importance

Isaac was recorded continuing this practice, refuting the false interpretation of Exodus 6:3.

²⁵ And he builded an altar there, and called upon the <u>name</u> of IAUA, and pitched his tent there: and there Isaac's servants digged a well.

Genesis 26:25

Jacob's wife Leah certainly knew the name of God.

³⁵ And she conceived again, and bare a son: and she said, Now will I praise IAUA: therefore she called his name Judah; and left bearing.

Genesis 29:35

The name of Judah, which is more properly transliterated IAUDA, one of the twelve tribes, is actually the name of God combined with "ida", a Hebrew word meaning "Praise". This was in place long before the Exodus. The corruption of the name Judah is again a result of the "Ineffable Name" tradition.

The Bible records that even before the flood His name was in use as men began to call upon God in the struggles of this world.

²⁶ And to Seth, to him also there was born a son; and he called his name Enos: then began men to call upon the <u>name</u> of IAUA.

Genesis 4:26

All this evidence of the use of the name of God, prior to the Exodus, shows the traditional interpretation of Exodus 6:3 is incorrect. God did not reveal His name for the first time to Moses. Neither did God need to revive the knowledge of His name. God has always revealed His personal name to His children. Those who are faithful to Him have always known His name.

There is a great deal of confusion about the subject of the name of God. There are many different and conflicting opinions. There are many who say it does not matter. Many people are willing to throw their hands up in the air and say "Forget about it!"

Here are some questions I suggest that you ask yourself.

Will I show respect to God, by the reverential use of His personal name?

Will I express my desire to show intimacy with my Heavenly Father, by using His name in love?

Will I demonstrate that I know the name of my God?

Will I witness to the existence of God as a real person who has a real name?

I have asked myself these questions and I have decided that I will honor, respect, and praise His personal and holy name.

Pronunciation

One of the aspects of establishing the importance of the Sacred Name of God is the attempt to determine a reasonably accurate pronunciation. It is also highly valuable to develop a transliteration of the Sacred Name, which is highly pronounceable and likely to be close to the original pronunciation.

Please understand, every language has regional and chronological variations in pronunciation. I have no doubt the same was true of Hebrew. Modern Hebrew also has numerous variations. The pronunciation I am proposing for Hebrew is a reasonable approximation, which I believe is better than anything used today, based on the evidence from my research. I am no expert but I believe simple unbiased research easily disproves anything proposed today. You may certainly believe otherwise.

I remind you, I am only a student of the Bible. I do not claim to be an expert. These observations are my understanding of what I see after rejecting the obvious errors created by Jewish tradition. The exact truth is probably not known by anyone living but we can do what we can to seek the truth God reveals by the guidance of the Holy Spirit.

Spelling

Another aspect of establishing the importance of the Sacred Name of God is to determine an appropriate spelling. I believe the best spelling is to use a transliteration of the Hebrew in the Latin script.

Alleluia Evidence

This is a brand new examination of the most clear and compelling evidence yet for the understanding of the Latin spelling and the pronunciation of IAUA as the name of God. In all my research of the Sacred Name, I have never seen anyone bring together all these pieces of information. A few have reached the same conclusion based on other less direct evidences.

Overcoming the goal of the "Ineffable Name" of Jewish tradition to obfuscate (obscure, confuse, or hide) the name of God requires careful research and the guidance of the Holy Spirit. This tradition changed the pronunciation of the name. It changed the way the name was written. It created a lie calling vowels, consonants. It resulted in the change of pronunciation and spelling of thousands of Hebrew/Jewish words and names.

Nevertheless, the truth is there for the earnest, diligent, and sincere student.

¹⁵ Study to shew thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth. II Timothy 2:15

I spent a couple of years studying linguistic comparisons of Hebrew words and names as I reached my current understanding of the Latin spelling and the pronunciation of the name of IAUA in September 2006. The next chapter will describe the results of this research. I continued developing evidences and explanations and three years later in August 2009, I was led by the inspiration of the Holy Spirit to investigate more deeply the word "alleluia".

The word "alleluia" is a most remarkable word. It was transliterated directly from a Hebrew phrase into the Septuagint translation of the Old Testament. It is important to understand the difference between translation and transliteration. Transliteration means these scholars selected the appropriate Greek letters to represent the Hebrew letters and maintain proper pronunciation. Translation means substituting a Greek word, which means the same thing as the Hebrew word.

The tradition of the "Ineffable Name" appears to have not yet been strong enough to stop this transliteration. Perhaps the power of

the Holy Spirit deliberately preserved this transliteration to preserve evidence of the truth of the name of God.

The transliterated word was carried forward into the Greek of the New Testament, then into Latin and into English and many other languages, so that it is practically a universal word. It is among the best-known words in human speech. The word is directly related, almost identical, to the Hebrew phrase for "Praise God!" It is an expression of adoration, reverence, and confidence.

Septuagint Evidence

This examination of evidence to determine the Latin spelling and the pronunciation of the Sacred Name requires a reference to the Hebrew and Greek of the Bible. There are many resources readily available for this reference. Those with a computer have ready and immediate access to this information on the Internet.

The quickest and most complete reference to the Hebrew and Greek is found at this excellent Bible study website:

www.BlueLetterBible.org

The e-Sword program is an excellent Bible study tool for Hebrew and Greek, which you can use even when you cannot connect to the Internet. It is available for free download at this website:

www.e-Sword.net

As my source for this evidence, I start with the original Hebrew of the Old Testament Masoretic Texts. These texts are dated to between the seventh and tenth centuries AD. These texts contain added marks called vowel points, which did not appear in the original texts. These forced pronunciation to conform to tradition.

Then, I refer to the Septuagint translation from the Old Testament into Greek performed by Hebrew scholars about 250 BC. This makes the source and scholarship of these translations over a thousand years older than the Masoretic Texts. Finally, I compare the same critical word "alleluia", as found in the New Testament Greek Textus Receptus.

The Septuagint and most modern translations of the Bible follow the practice of the "Ineffable Name". This practice became Jewish tradition about 400 BC and became adopted as Christian tradition. The name of God was not to be spoken or written. The name of God

Alleluia Evidence

is given as Kyrios in the Septuagint Old Testament. This practice was continued in the New Testament Greek. Most English translations substitute "the LORD" for the personal name of God.

Nevertheless, the Hebrew scholars who created the Septuagint translation could not avoid leaving at least one simple, incontrovertible piece of direct evidence. There is a phrase, which appears only in Psalms, where the short form of the name of God is tightly linked with the imperative of praise about 12 times.

The compound word "allelu-ia" appears to be such a common and critical expression in Hebrew it was not translated but transliterated. Therefore, we have a compelling witness of the proper transliteration of key letters and their pronunciation.

I believe the translation work of these Hebrew scholars who lived at the time of the ancient Hebrew and were fluent in the Greek of the time is the most valuable and conclusive evidence available.

Alleluia Verse Selection

This particular Old Testament verse is a perfect example of this witness because it shows the relation of the name and two examples of the Hebrew for the name of God. Psalms 113:1 is similar.

¹ Praise ye the LORD (IA). Praise ye the name of the LORD (IAUA); praise him, O ye servants of the LORD (IAUA). Psalms 135:1

A more literal translation / transliteration of this scripture (following the Septuagint as an example) would be:

¹ AlleluIA! Praise the name IAUA! Praise [him] servants of IAUA!

Psalms 135:1

The last part of the following verse from the New Testament is a great one for comparison because it emphasizes the English transliteration of the word "Alleluia", which is also immortalized in the "Hallelujah Chorus". Note the "Ineffable Name" and German influence on the spelling of the word in the title of the chorus.

⁶ And I heard as it were the voice of a great multitude, and as the voice of many waters, and as the voice of mighty

thunderings, saying, Alleluia: for IAUA, God omnipotent reigneth. Revelation 19:6

Evidence Summary Chart

The back cover of the book contains a color-coded chart, which is a summary and illustration of the information presented in this chapter. I use color-coding to make the comparisons of the various elements clearer. There is also a black and white version inside the back cover, which can be copied without the overmarks and underlines. These are confusing without the color-coding.

The chart is composed of two parts. The information in the top part of the chart is a condensation of what is found at www.BlueLetterBible.org with a concordance lookup of the beginning part of Psalms 135:1. The second part of the chart shows the ending part of Revelation 19:6, which contains the same key word, Alleluia.

The top section of the first part of the chart is the original Hebrew of the Old Testament "Masoretic Text" for the beginning of Psalms 135:1. I have removed the vowel points, which were added about the tenth century and are not a part of the earlier texts. This makes it easier to recognize the Hebrew letters.

The next section in the first part is three columns with a word-by-word listing of the text. The first column contains the English translation from the KJV, which may be a single word or a phrase. The second column contains the Strong's Hebrew Dictionary number, which links the English and Hebrew. The third column contains the root form of the Hebrew word in Hebrew script and a crude English transliteration / pronunciation.

The third section is the final section in the top part relating to the Old Testament text. This contains the comparison of the "Septaugint" translation from the Old Testament into Greek of this same verse performed by Hebrew scholars about 250 BC.

The top section of the second part of the chart is the original Greek of the New Testament "Textus Receptus" for the ending part of Revelation 19:6, which contains the focus word "alleluia".

The next section is three columns with a word-by-word listing of the text. The first column contains the English translation from the KJV, which may be a single word or a phrase. The second column

Alleluia Evidence

contains the Strong's Greek Dictionary number, which links the English and Greek. The third column contains the root form of the Greek word in Greek script and a crude English transliteration / pronunciation.

Chart Explanation

The purpose of the chart is to show the relationship between the corresponding words and letters of the Hebrew, Greek, and English. Tracing this relationship is the evidence, which shows a witness to proper understanding of the best way to represent the name of God in English or more accurately, in any Latin based language.

In this study, we first trace the three important words (color-coded underlines) and then we trace the three important letters (color-coded overmarks). We begin with the Old Testament Hebrew, trace to the Old Testament Greek, the New Testament Greek, and finally Latin equivalent letters and pronunciation.

Hebrew הללו יה - Greek αλληλουια - Latin alleluia

Allelu

The red underline is the word "Allelu", Strong's Hebrew Dictionary number H1984 (הללו) and the first part of Strong's Greek Dictionary number G239 (αλληλου).

Beginning at the top right of the chart, you can follow the red underlines to see the translation and transliteration of the Hebrew word for "praise" Remember, Hebrew is read following the letters and words from right to left. As you move down the chart, the transliteration to Greek is shown with a solid red underline. Greek is read following the letters from left to right the same as English.

Notice that the transliteration takes two Hebrew words and combines it into one word represented in Greek letters. The same word in the same verse is otherwise translated into a Greek word as shown with a dotted red line.

The conventional transliteration for the root word of the Hebrew is "HLL". This is based on a deception, which says Hebrew does not contain vowels. This deception results from a lie or just ignorance. The actual tense of the word is imperative, which adds "V" ("U") to the end of the word. The added letter is valuable and crucial because it is a part of the Tetragrammaton.

The Greek transliterates the phrase "HLLV YH" to the compound word "allelouia", which adds some additional vowels for pronunciation where the Hebrew leaves them out. I believe a more accurate transliteration of the Hebrew script is "ALLU IA". Finally, at the end of the chart you can see the KJV English transliteration "alleluia" of the Greek. The English removes one vowel to preserve pronunciation.

Note the confusion of the Strong's transliteration / pronunciation of the Greek, which adds "H" to the beginning of the word. I am sure this traces back to the obfuscation of the "Ineffable Name" tradition.

IA

The gold underline is the word "IA", Strong's Hebrew Dictionary number H3050 (17) and the last part of Strong's Greek Dictionary number G239 (1 α).

This part of the Tetragram is preserved in the transliteration of the compound Greek word, which combines "praise" with this short form of the name of God.

The conventional transliteration for the Hebrew word is "YH". This is again based on a deception, which says Hebrew does not contain vowels. The Greek transliterates "YH" to "IA" at the end of the compound word "allelou-ia".

IAUA

The blue underline is the word "IAUA", Strong's Hebrew Dictionary number H3068 (יהוה) and the translation to Strong's Greek Dictionary number G2962.

In traditional transliterations of Hebrew, this word is shown as "YHWH" or "YHVH". This is the result of the practice of the "Ineffable Name". Tracing this word from the Hebrew to the Greek shows the "Ineffable Name" was in full force. The Sacred Name was translated to Kyrios, which means a lord or master. Proper names should never be translated.

I

The red overmark traces the letter "I" from the Hebrew, through the Greek, to the English. This is the first letter of the Tetragrammaton. Most traditional transliterations represent this Hebrew letter as "Y". The Hebrew letter (') is called "yod".

A

The gold overmark traces the letter "A" from the Hebrew, through the Greek, to the English. This is the second and fourth letter of the Tetragrammaton. Most traditional transliterations represent this Hebrew letter as "H". The Hebrew letter (7) is called "he".

U

The blue overmark traces the letter "U" from the Hebrew, through the Greek, to the English. This is the third letter of the Tetragrammaton. Most traditional transliterations represent this Hebrew letter as "V" or "W". The Hebrew letter (1) is called "vav".

Pronunciation

I believe the translation work of these Hebrew scholars who lived at the time of the ancient Hebrew and were fluent in the Greek of the time is the most valuable and conclusive evidence available. The Greek pronunciation and an example of the transliteration in English is shown from the Strong's Dictionary.

G239

al-lay-loo'-ee-ah

Of hebrew origin (imperative of [H1984] and [H3050]); praise ye Jah!, an adoring exclamation: - alleluiah.

This information can be verified with e-Sword from which it was copied. This information can also be crosschecked with this website.

http://www.blueletterbible.org/lang/lexicon/lexicon.cfm?Strongs=G239&t=KJV

Trace the color-coded underlines to similar words and the color-coded overmarks to identical letters and you will see that the name of God is spelled IAUA and it is pronounced ee-ah-oo-ah.

A name composed of four vowels is highly unusual. The pronunciation is slightly different from what you might initially guess from modern English practice. Modern English has so many different vowel sounds. There are so many different ways to spell them. It is very confusing.

Pronunciation of the vowels following an understanding of Spanish pronunciation is much simpler and matches the witness of

the Greek pronunciation. The "i" is pronounced "ee" with a long "e" sound as in "Syria". The "a" is pronounced "ah" with a short "o" sound as in "father" and "Syria". The "u" is pronounced "oo" as in "blue" and "suit".

There are also many examples in English of the correct pronunciation of these vowels when paired. The two-vowel combination "ia" appears in many words such as: India, Syria, Lydia, Cynthia. The two-vowel combination "ua" appears in many words such as: dual, Joshua. I am sure there are many other examples beside these.

Tradition and the opinions of men will disagree with what you see here. It is very difficult to give up established and cherished opinions, even when they are wrong. I prefer the witness of Hebrew scholars who lived with the Hebrew and Greek of the period to those who came later. The actions of the Jews to obfuscate (obscure, confuse, or hide) the name of God have been very successful.

The next chapter arrives at the same results through an entirely different method of study, a second witness.

Linguistic Evidence

My original study of the Sacred Name began in the spring of 2004. I read what other people had concluded from their various forms of research to get started in my own research. I was initially dismayed by all the different conclusions and opinions. However, I recognized something important in understanding the Sacred Name.

I had learned how important it was to verify, to the limits of my ability, the statements and conclusions people made. Slowly, I learned more and more about the particulars of Hebrew script and pronunciation. I compared various ideas with the facts found in Strong's Hebrew Dictionary.

I discovered there was plenty of evidence available by studying linguistic comparisons of identical letters in Hebrew words and names. There were a great number of inconsistencies in traditional Hebrew pronunciation compared to Hebrew script. The knowledge of the intent to deliberately obscure, confuse, and hide the truth led me to study deeply to unravel the lies to discover the truth.

This study led to a pattern of truth, which became a witness to my understanding. I was greatly surprised when the evidence led me to a conclusion, which disagreed with most people. I reached my current understanding of the Latin spelling and pronunciation of the name of IAUA in September 2006.

Old Testament Hebrew Use

The best way to understand the Old Testament is to read it in the original Hebrew. Few of us can spend the years it takes to learn Hebrew well enough to read it with a high level of understanding. Many of us still struggle with English as our native language.

The next best text for Modern English understanding is *The Complete Word Study Old Testament*. A number is printed above the English text, which represents each word in the Hebrew Old Testament. The number corresponds to the original Hebrew word in *Strong's Dictionary of the Hebrew Bible*.

All the reference material you need is available for the computer on the Internet. The quickest and most complete reference to the Hebrew and Greek is found at this excellent Bible study website:

www.BlueLetterBible.org

The e-Sword program is an excellent Bible study tool for Hebrew and Greek, which you can use on a computer even when you cannot connect to the Internet. It is available for free download at this website:

www.e-Sword.net

It was primarily through the study of Hebrew script, Bible names, and their Hebrew pronunciation described in *Strong's Dictionary of the Hebrew Bible*, I developed my current understanding of the original pronunciation of the name of God. It required diligent effort to unravel and reverse the pattern of Jewish attempts to hide the true pronunciation. Study deeply the evidences I mention and come to your own conclusion.

Hebrew Pronunciation

The first clue to the proper pronunciation is to dispel the myth (actually an ignorant lie) that the Tetragrammaton (four letters) is four consonants. Josephus refers to the sacred name as four vowels. Josephus was in a position to know having been a member of the priesthood.

"A mitre also of fine linen encompassed his head, which was tied by a blue ribbon, about which there was another golden crown, in which was engraven the sacred name [of God]: it consists of four vowels."

The Wars Of The Jews Book 5, chapter 5, paragraph 7.

The Hebrew script for several key names is shown by Strong's number. Remember that Hebrew is written right to left. Compare the Strong's pronunciation of the vowels as they are pronounced in multiple appearances in these words. You will discover an inconsistency for the first and third vowel dependent on when they appear with the second vowel.

I am not going to trace each instance of each letter to show the patterns, which lead to the truth. I will leave that exercise to your own study. My suggestion for a transliteration, which relates to the corrected, consistent pronunciation, is shown:

Strong's KJV Hebrew Transliteration (Pronunciation)

#00452 Elijah לאיהו Eliau (ail·ee·ah·oo)

Linguistic Evidence

#03041	Jedidiah	ידידיה	Ididia (ee·dee·dee·ah)
#03050	Yah	יה	IA (ee·ah)
#03063	Judah	יהודה	Iauda (ee·ah·oo·dah)
#03064	Jehudi	יהודי	Iaudi (ee·ah·oo·dee)
#03068	Yahweh	יהוה	IAUA (ee·ah·oo·ah)
#03067	Jehudith	יהודית	Iaudith (ee·ah·oo·deeth)
#03091	Joshua	יהושוע	Iaushuo (ee·ah·oo·shoo·oh)
#03470	Isaiah	ישעיהו	Ishoiau (ee·shoh·ee·ah·oo)
		Greek	Latin letters
#2424	Jesus	Ἰησοῦς	Iesous (ee·ay·sooce')

You can easily trace the evolution of the changes in the pronunciation. The first disguising of the sacred name is found in the changing of the sound of the first vowel leading to the second vowel. The sound "ee-ah" if slurred is a lot like "ee-yah" and so becomes "yah" as found in Yahweh. This was later changed by the influence of the German language on Jews in Germany to "Jah" as found in Jehovah.

The second change is the sound of the third vowel leading to the fourth vowel from "oo-ah", which if slurred is a lot like "oo-wah". You can also see the transition from "oo" or "u" to "w" or double-u in Yahweh. Under German influence, it became "v" as found in Jehovah.

The progression of the change in these pronunciations is illustrated like this.

Ee-ah-oo-ah Ee-yah-oo-wah Yah-u-wah Yah-weh Jeh-o-vah

The name of the Messiah is usually spelled Yahushua, which means "Yahu Saves". Notice that since Hebrew is read right to left, the first three letters are identical to the name of God. This is exactly the same name Joshua had in the Old Testament. My transliteration of Joshua from the Hebrew text is IAUShUO. The name of Joshua is the same name given to our Saviour as evidenced by the Greek in the historical discourse of Stephen before he was martyred. This text speaks of the actions of Joshua using the identical Greek name used to refer to Jesus and is translated Jesus.

⁴⁵ Which also our fathers that came after brought in with Jesus into the possession of the Gentiles, whom God drave out before the face of our fathers, unto the days of David; Acts 7:45

Commentators also recognize Joshua the son of Nun as the individual spoken of in this verse.

⁸ For if Jesus had given them rest, then would he not afterward have spoken of another day. Hebrews 4:8

Notice the last three letters of Elijah are identical to the name of God. The name of Judah is actually the name of God with only one letter difference. Numerous names of the Old Testament begin or end with part of the name of God. This has often been disguised through changes in pronunciation and spelling.

The name of God is part of many Hebrew words. The term Jew (IAU) is literally the name of God. No wonder the pronunciation was changed because of the exclusive attitude of the Jews to keep the name of God off the lips of the heathen.

The identical first three letters of the name of Joshua was unacceptable to the Jews because of the ineffable name doctrine. The name came to be shortened to Yeshua. This deletes the portion of the name that connects with God and means only "He saves". This change appears in the Greek Septuagint long before the Messiah was even born.

Modern English Use

The Sacred Holy Name is probably from the language of Eden. It is quite possible that Hebrew is a direct descendent of the original language of Eden. The languages were confounded at Babel. The true followers of God would not be found at Babel. They were not

Linguistic Evidence

dispersed like all the others. Their language was probably not changed.

The Hebrew Torah indicates the spelling, which is a clue to the pronunciation, in Hebrew script. Misinformation tells us there were no vowels in the original Hebrew. A simple examination of Hebrew script shows this to be false. History records that the original Torah did not have any vowel markings for pronunciation. The modern Torah tries to obfuscate (hide) the name by misrepresenting vowels and consonants. The vowel markings are deliberately designed to confuse the pronunciation.

It is sad to note in modern times just how bizarre Jewish tradition has become. They even refuse to write the words L-rd and G-d. Instead of showing reverence for God, it just shows how silly our human ideas can get.

The more evidence I see of the attempt to hide the Sacred Name, the more convinced I become of its importance. If the Sacred Name is going to be a part of our lives today, it needs to be clearly understood.

There is a specific difficulty with any of the conventional Latin representations. They do not conveniently or accurately, convey the pronunciation. One choice would be the cryptic but conventional YHWH. This is a conventional transliteration (letter substitution) of the Hebrew. The problem is you must remember they are Hebrew vowels not consonants.

Yahweh is commonly used with some indication of pronunciation but the consonants are to be pronounced as vowels. The "Y" sound is to be pronounced as in happy. The "W" sound is to be pronounced as in new. Some represent the name as Yahuwah to get even closer to a reasonably accurate pronunciation.

The most obscured part of the pronunciation still eluding most believers and researchers is the leading sound "ee". It is valuable to note this important historical fact. The Hebrew scholars who created the Septuagint selected the Greek "I" as the character to represent the first letter of the Tetragrammaton as found in the name of the Messiah. The Greek pronunciation as indicated in Strong's matches what I use. The English spelling of the name Isaiah also uses an "I" twice matching the same Hebrew letter.

It is confusing to try to transliterate Hebrew with the conventional letters and try to compensate with vowels. The most

accurate rendering by pronunciation is **IAUA**. One of the beauties of this representation is it preserves the concept of four letters, the Tetragrammaton. You will note that I have decided always to capitalize the entire name. This complements the traditional way of writing YHWH. I do not want to introduce a new word but pronunciation and not conventional transliteration is important for a personal proper name. This is acceptable, practical, and necessary since the Hebrew rendering does not use the Latin alphabet. It needs to be easy enough for even children to understand.

About a year after I was impressed that the best way to represent the name of God was IAUA, I discovered this is not an original invention of mine. Many scholars for years have proposed the same spelling.

The short form **IA**, which appears at the end of many Hebrew names, is often mispronounced. The pronunciation is the same as the ending of the English words India, Syria, Lydia, and others. The vowels of the English language are pronounced a dozen different ways. It is interesting to compare with Spanish where a vowel usually has the same sound. The vowel pronunciation of Spanish for the name **IAUA** is identical to my best understanding of the correct pronunciation.

This principle can easily be extended to all Hebrew names, which include the name of God. Many modern translations of these names in Israel match what I propose. It is simple to look up the Hebrew for these names in *Strong's Dictionary of the Hebrew Bible* and substitute the appropriate letters as previously illustrated.

New Testament Greek Use

The best text for Modern English understanding is the *The Complete Word Study New Testament*. The Greek New Testament manuscripts we know today do not contain the Sacred Holy Name. I do not understand how an item of such significance in the Old Testament is totally missing in the New Testament. This is a matter of major consideration to both sides of the disagreement over the importance of the Sacred Name.

The first point is the only one on which all parties agree.

Jews of first century Judah were bound by their own culturally entrenched custom of not speaking the Tetragrammaton. Jesus

Linguistic Evidence

at no time condemned this custom. He did not teach against it as an error. He never addressed the custom one way or another. The fact that Jesus ignored this Jewish practice presents ... a rather conspicuous problem.

Did Jesus Speak the Name Yahweh?

My observation is that the Saviour did not become embroiled in political, religious, or philosophical arguments. This is an important example to us. In the New Testament Iaushuo refers to God as Father. Iaushuo repeatedly taught others to refer to God as Father. This is an even more intimate way to refer to God. Iaushuo probably used this as an example against the Jewish prohibition of using IAUA.

How was the Old Testament name of God changed in the New Testament? Here is one method to trace this change. There are numerous quotes in the New Testament of the Old Testament. I assume it was quoted accurately. The Messiah quoted scripture from the Old Testament. I assume He quoted it accurately. The words in the New Testament indicate how the name of God was changed. You decide for yourself whether the Messiah and others used the correct name of God and it was simply changed in the written Greek.

¹ Who hath believed our report? and to whom is the arm of <u>the LORD</u> (IAUA) revealed? Isaiah 53:1

³⁸ That the saying of Esaias the prophet might be fulfilled, which he spake, Lord, who hath believed our report? and to whom hath the arm of the Lord (IAUA) been revealed? John 12:38

¹ The LORD (IAUA) said unto my Lord, Sit thou at my right hand, until I make thine enemies thy footstool. Psalm 110:1

⁴⁴ The LORD (IAUA) said unto my Lord, Sit thou on my right hand, till I make thine enemies thy footstool? Matthew 22:44

⁴ Hear, O Israel: <u>The LORD</u> (IAUA) our God is one <u>LORD</u> (IAUA): Deuteronomy 6:4

²⁹ And Jesus answered him, The first of all the commandments is, Hear, O Israel; <u>The Lord</u> (IAUA) our God is one <u>Lord</u> (IAUA): Mark 12:29

In these verses and many others, *Strong's Dictionary of the Greek Bible* #2962 kurios is used. The Greek word is less specific than the Hebrew. When the word is used for "the LORD" it is preceded by a specific article (art3588 nn2962) or is an implied article (an,nn2962).

Some suggest that later copyists may have changed the wording in the New Testament. The general claim is that there is not exist a single manuscript with the name of God or the Messiah in Hebrew or Aramaic. A simple search of the Internet for "Hebrew Matthew" reveals this is not the case.

Catholic Church history records Matthew was originally written in Hebrew. Hebrew manuscripts do exist and have been published. I have not had the opportunity to examine one of these.

The Name of the Messiah

In the Septuagint, the short form Yeshua (Joshua) was transliterated to the Greek Iesou and Iesous. This occurred even before the Messiah was born. The Septuagint was begun about 250 BC. This Greek Iesous became in English Jesus.

The name IAUA also refers to Iaushuo. The Messiah is truly God. He is also called "the LORD" using the same Greek words referring to God.

- ²² Now all this was done, that it might be fulfilled which was spoken of <u>the Lord</u> (IAUA) by the prophet, saying, Matthew 1:22
- ¹⁵ And was there until the death of Herod: that it might be fulfilled which was spoken of <u>the Lord</u> (IAUA) by the prophet, saying, Out of Egypt have I called my son. Matthew 2:15
- ⁶ He is not here: for he is risen, as he said. Come, see the place where the Lord (IAUA) lay. Matthew 28:6
- ¹⁹ So then after the Lord (IAUA) had spoken unto them, he was received up into heaven, and sat on the right hand of God.

Linguistic Evidence

- ²⁰ And they went forth, and preached every where, <u>the Lord</u> (IAUA) working with them, and confirming the word with signs following. Amen. Mark 16:19-20
- ³ And they entered in, and found not the body of <u>the Lord</u> (IAUA) Jesus. Luke 24:3
- ² Then she runneth, and cometh to Simon Peter, and to the other disciple, whom Jesus loved, and saith unto them, They have taken away the LORD (IAUA) out of the sepulchre, and we know not where they have laid him. John 20:2
- ¹⁸ Mary Magdalene came and told the disciples that she had seen the LORD (IAUA), and that he had spoken these things unto her. John 20:18

There are numerous other verses where He is called "the LORD". I also prefer the Hebrew word Messiah to the Greek word "Christ".

The Titles of God

Some say English titles such as God and Lord are pagan. This is unjustified because the Old Testament uses the title "God" numerous times with the name of IAUA. It also freely applies Elohim to refer to IAUA and pagan gods.

- ¹ And God [#430 Elohim] spake all these words, saying,
- ² I am "the LORD" [IAUA] thy God [Elohim], which have brought thee out of the land of Egypt, out of the house of bondage.
- ³ Thou shalt have no other gods [elohim] before me. Exodus 20:1-3

In the Old Testament the title, Lord is used numerous times with the name of IAUA.

¹⁷ Three times in the year all thy males shall appear before the LORD [#113 Adhon] God [IAUA]. Exodus 23:17

The titles are also freely used in the New Testament. They are also mixed with references to the true god and the pagan gods. I use the Bible as my witness and my guide. I do not try to place myself as expert and judge over the prophets and the apostles.

From this analysis, I conclude there is no error in using the titles Lord and God. There is no benefit to be derived by emphasizing Hebrew titles to refer to God in an English speaking society. This practice conveys an attitude of separation, elitism, and condemnation of what is familiar to a person. Rather than supposedly separating the sacred and the profane, it confuses the listener and brings disrepute on the message.

Among those who understand, the use of Hebrew terms is valuable. It gives a sense of kinship with Hebrews and our Hebrew Messiah. All in heaven will be Hebrews.

⁷ Know ye therefore that they which are of faith, the same are the children of Abraham. Galatians 3:7

Abraham was the first Hebrew and the father of all literal and spiritual Hebrews. Paul did not create this concept on his own. The same thought was begun by our Saviour.

³⁹ They answered and said unto him, Abraham is our father. Jesus saith unto them, If ye were Abraham's children, ye would do the works of Abraham. John 8:39

Hebrew Transliteration

It is important to understand Hebrew has changed over the millennia, as do all languages. Hebrew may be the oldest language still active so it may have changed even more than other languages. This book discusses the Biblical Hebrew of the Old Testament Bible, which is very different from Modern Hebrew. The typical Hebrew text of the Old Testament Bible is the Masoretic text.

The Masoretic texts are based on the incorrect premise ancient Hebrew did not contain any vowels. This is a common assumption which careful research demonstrates is incorrect. This premise resulted from actions twisting the language to obscure the Sacred Name of God. The Masoretic texts add marks called "vowel points" to indicate the proper pronunciation. These "vowel points" were not in the original texts. When I work with Biblical Hebrew, I do not use the vowel points at all.

Biblical Hebrew uses an entirely different script than the Latin script with which most are familiar. Transliteration is valuable to convert the unfamiliar Hebrew script to a more familiar Latin script. Transliteration also provides the opportunity to have some reasonable understanding of the pronunciation.

Additional details about Biblical Hebrew Transliteration can be found at the website:

http://www.wordiaua.info

The appendix of the book contains part of Genesis illustrating Hebrew transliteration and the Sacred Name IAUA.

The following chart shows the Hebrew alphabet with a suggested Latin transliteration. This is a highly simplified and abbreviated pronunciation guide, which does not cover all the subtleties of modern pronunciation. I have significantly modified the transliteration from what others suggest by including the vowel letters A, E, I, O, and U.

My premise is the Biblical Hebrew language use is more regular and consistent than most modern languages. My research suggests Modern Spanish is very similar to ancient Hebrew in this respect. The simple consistent use of Spanish vowels and their pronunciations seems to match Biblical Hebrew vowels.

Biblical Hebrew Transliteration Chart

Script	Block	Name	Latin	Sound
*	א	Alef	E	ai
ב	ב	Bet	В	b
٦	λ	Gimel	G	g
7	Т	Dalet	D	d
ה	n	Не	A	ah
١	1	Vav	U	00
7	1	Zayin	Z	\mathbf{Z}
Π	Π	Het	Ch	ch
ט	U	Tet	T	t
,	1	Yod	I	ee
)(ך)	ס (ך)	Kaf	K	k
ל	ל	Lamed	L	1
(ם)מ	(ם) מ	Mem	M	m
(۲)د	ן (ן) נ	Nun	N	n
٥	D	Samekh	S	S
ע	ע	Ayin	O	oh
গ্ প্)	פ (ף) פ	Pe	F	f
(۲)لا	۷ (۲)	Tsadi	Ts	ts
ק	ק	Qof	Q	kw
٦	٦	Resh	R	r
W	ש	Shin	Sh	sh
ת	ת	Tav	Th	th

Godhead

While investigating the Sacred Name, a question arises. Is IAUA the name of God the Father, God the Son, or God the Holy Spirit? My studies indicate the name of IAUA is like a family name, which applies equally to the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.

A related issue involving the word ELAIM makes this clearer. The English translation of ELAIM to the word God implies singular but the Hebrew word is definitely plural. Therefore, it is more appropriate to use the word 'Godhead' or 'the Godhead' to adapt to English grammar.

We can believe anything we want from our study of God's Word but the question is whether you can provide evidence of the truth. It is true evidence is rarely irrefutable for God in His wisdom has always left room for doubt of those who refuse to believe. It is particularly difficult to get very deeply into understanding of the Bible when you only use a translation. It is necessary for the deep student to have some understanding and study of the original Hebrew.

The first evidence for the family name of IAUA starts with Genesis 1:1.

¹ In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth. Genesis 1:1

Substituting the actual Hebrew word for God:

¹ In the beginning ELAIM created the heaven and the earth. Genesis 1:1

Illustrating a suggested alternate translation:

¹ In the beginning the Godhead created the heaven and the earth.

Genesis 1:1

In Genesis 2:4, which based on content might be more accurately considered the beginning of the second "chapter", we see the introduction of the family name paired with the reference to the Godhead.

⁴ These are the generations of the heavens and of the earth when they were created, in the day that the LORD God made the earth and the heavens,

Genesis 2:4

Substituting the actual Hebrew words:

⁴ Genesis 2:4 These are the generations of the heavens and of the earth when they were created, in the day that IAUA ELAIM made the earth and the heavens,

Genesis 2:4

Illustrating a suggested alternate translation:

⁴ Genesis 2:4 These are the generations of the heavens and of the earth when they were created, in the day the Godhead IAUA made the earth and the heavens,

Genesis 2:4

The phrase IAUA ELAIM or the Godhead IAUA appears repeatedly in this chapter and often in the rest of the Original Testament. This illustrates the unity in purpose of the Godhead and the family name designation of the Godhead. Others may choose a different interpretation.

Whenever the name IAUA appears it refers specifically to the Saviour but the absolute unity of the Godhead is represented and always explicit.

¹⁰ I and my Father are one.

John 10:30

Our Saviour made several comments indicating He was the active agent in the Original Testament and the interface between the Father and man. Some Bible texts, which come to mind:

²⁷ All things are delivered unto me of my Father: and no man knoweth the Son, but the Father; neither knoweth any man the Father, save the Son, and he to whomsoever the Son will reveal him.

Matthew 11:27

Jesus claimed to be the active agent exercising all power.

¹⁸ And Jesus came and spake unto them, saying, All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth.

Matthew 28:18

No one has seen God the Father. Therefore, all appearances in the Original Testament were of the Son as the representative of the Godhead.

- ¹⁸ No man hath seen God at any time; the only begotten Son, which is in the bosom of the Father, he hath declared him. John 1:18
- ⁶ Jesus saith unto him, I am the way, the truth, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me. John 14:6

We also have the witness of EGW. The first quote I remember is:

In consequence of continual transgression, the moral law was repeated in awful grandeur from Sinai. Christ gave to Moses religious precepts which were to govern the everyday life. These statutes were explicitly given to guard the ten commandments. They were not shadowy types to pass away with the death of Christ. They were to be binding upon man in every age as long as time should last. These commands were enforced by the power of the moral law, and they clearly and definitely explained that law. {RH, May 6, 1875 par. 10}

This quote also indicates the Messiah was the one who was in the desert with the Israelites.

... We are told that Christ was in the pillar of the cloud by day, and in the fiery pillar at night. Men are enshrouded in darkness, and when they array Christ in the New Testament against Christ in the Old Testament, surely wisdom has departed from them... {RH, July 15, 1890 par. 5}

I believe the word 'Godhead' is more appropriate than the term 'Trinity'. The word 'Trinity' was created by the Catholic Church to identify their doctrine. While we can argue the term can be used in a generic sense instead of as a trademark, it is more appropriate to stick with a more general term. I am very uncomfortable with the idea of appearing to commit to a doctrine defined by the Catholic Church, which has controversial elements I do not accept.

Sacred Name Praise Song

The most appropriate use of the Sacred Name is in songs of praise to His Name. It amazes me to hear people sing all kinds of songs where they say they are praising His Name but they do not use His Name in the song. I have been regularly rewriting the words of songs when I sing them and insert the Sacred Name.

I am saddened to hear songs, which say something such as, "Praise the name of Jesus" but Jesus is not His Name. Other songs say, "Praise the name of The Lord", but never mention His Name.

Attempting to substitute words that are more appropriate is difficult because The Lord and Jesus are only two syllables. The full form of the name of God is four syllables and the name of our Messiah is five syllables. Many times, it works well to use the short form of the name of God, which is two syllables.

I have adapted a traditional praise song, which already contains the short form of the Sacred Name, and wrote new words. The song is based on the Hebrew word Alleluia, which is the strongest evidence for the transliteration into Latin script and the source for the original Greek pronunciation of the transliterated Hebrew word.

I have reduced the repetitiveness of the song with more variation in the words. The next page shows the revised sheet music. The song begins with the chorus, which repeats after each verse. There is a pronunciation guide shown below the chorus.

The music of the song is available as a MIDI file at the following web page:

http://www.SacredName.info/Allelu-IA.html

This is the sheet music of the song, which can also be printed from the web page.

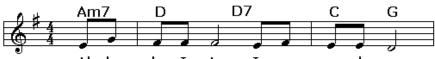
Sheet Music

Allelu-IA

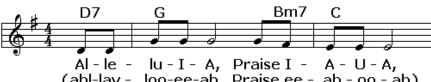


Chorus: Al - le - lu - I - A, Praise I - A - U - A, (ahl-lay - loo-ee-ah, Praise ee - ah - oo - ah)

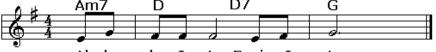
- 1. He is com-ing soon, Al-le lu-I-A,
- Hea-ven ly Fa-ther, Ho ly is your name,
- 3. For- give us our sins, When we will for-give,



Al-le - lu-I-A, I-a - u-shu-o, (ahl-lay - loo-ee-ah, ee-ah - oo-shoo-oh) Soon ta - king us home, Al-le - lu - I - A, May your king-dom come, And your will be done, Lead us from all sin, Save us from e- vil,



Al - le - lu - l - A, Praise I - A - U - A, (ahl-lay - loo-ee-ah, Praise ee - ah - oo - ah)
Home liv - ing with Him, Al - le - lu - I - A, your will done on earth, as it is in Heav'n, Your king-dom of Peace, Pow-er of your truth,



Al - le - lu - I - A, Praise I - A (ahl-lay - loo-ee-ah, Praise ee - ah) His un - end- ing life, Praise I - A. Give to us each day, Dai - ly Bread. Glo-ry of your Love, For - ev - er.

Lexicon / Concordance for Psalms 135:1						
—	מת להו		הללו יה הלל			
)						
English (KJV)		Strong's	Root Form (Hebrew)			
Praise		н1984	halal			
ye the LORD.		н3050	אר Yahh			
Praise		н1984	halal			
ye the name		н8034	™ shem			
of the LORD;		н3068	יות Yĕhovah			
Septuagint						
αλληλουια αίνεῖτε τὸ ὄνομα χυρίου						
Lexicon / Concordance for Revelation 19:6 Textus Receptus						
Αλληλουϊά ὅτι ἐβασίλευσεν ϰύοιος						
			MALIE STATE			
English (KJV)	Strong's	Root Form	ı (Greek)			
Alleluia:	G239	άλληλουϊά hallēlouïa				
for	G3 7 54	ὅτι hoti				
the Lord	G2962	μύριος kyrios				
God	G2316	θεός theos				
omnipotent	G3841	παντοχράτως pantokratōr				
reigneth.	G936	βασιλεύω basileuō				

Conclusion

I have confidence God has revealed His truth and has not left us with uncertainty. I believe a deeper knowledge of God's Sacred Name will lead to deeper understanding and a closer walk with our God.

¹³ Howbeit when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you into all truth: for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall hear, that shall he speak: and he will shew you things to come.

John 16:13

You may ask, "Why are a name and its pronunciation so important?" Let me give you an illustration. I have worked with many people from other countries whose names are difficult and unusual to an English-speaking person. I have seen many times how these people have changed their names to something easier.

I always felt it was condescending, disrespectful and inconsiderate to be unwilling to learn a person's true name. I have always made a point of learning the person's true name and doing my best to pronounce it as accurately as I can. I have always received appreciation for my efforts. How can I extend any less consideration and respect to my heavenly Father?

How would you feel if you went to a foreign country and they changed your name?

Public usage

It may be necessary in the uninformed public to avoid confusing people leading to disagreement and arguments and retain the use of "the LORD" when reading scripture. There is no problem with the word "LORD", which is not objectionable.

I am uncomfortable with the words "Jesus" and "Christ" in conversation. Jesus is an English adaptation of the German influence on a Greek transliteration of a shortened form of His actual name. Christ is an English adaptation of a Greek translation for a Hebrew title, which has an English adaptation, Messiah. There is nothing wrong with using the terms "Jesus" and "Christ". I usually use them

when reading from Holy Scriptures. I prefer and usually use the term Messiah or Saviour in discussion.

Among informed listeners, I will not hesitate to substitute "IAUA" for "the LORD" and "Iaushuo" for "Jesus".

Please understand, even though I am eager and zealous to propose the use of the name of IAUA, I am not criticizing or condemning those who do not know or use the name of IAUA. It took years of study and meditation for me to become comfortable with the use of the name of IAUA. I am not saying you must use the name of IAUA. This is information I have provided for you to consider in your own time guided by the Holy Spirit.

David suggests in the Bible the emphasis of the Word of God above the Name of God.

¹³ I will worship toward thy holy temple, and praise thy name for thy lovingkindness and for thy truth: for thou hast magnified thy word above all thy name.
Psalms 138:2

Summary

- The name of our God needs to be known and used by His people.
- The word IAUA as a Latin representation is highly accurate and makes the Sacred Name of God easier to understand and pronounce.
- The name of the Messiah is not "Jesus".
- The Messiah may be properly referred to as IAUA.
- If His Hebrews name needs to be used it is Iaushuo.
- The word "Christ" is best substituted with Messiah.
- It is acceptable to use the titles God and Lord.
- It is confusing to over emphasize and teach the general use of Hebrew words and titles in public settings among those who do not understand. This practice creates a wall of exclusivity and separation between those who begin considering themselves "educated" and those we are trying to reach with truth.

Conclusion

I love this quote and I echo its sentiment:

I recommend to you, dear reader, the Word of God as the rule of your faith and practice. By that Word we are to be judged. God has, in that Word, promised to give visions in the "last days"; not for a new rule of faith, but for the comfort of His people, and to correct those who err from Bible truth. Thus God dealt with Peter when He was about to send him to preach to the Gentiles. (Acts 10.) {EW 78.1} {ExV 64.3}

To those who may circulate this little work, I would say that it is designed for the sincere only and not for those who would ridicule the things of the Spirit of God. $\{EW 78.2\} \{ExV 64.4\}$

Appendix

This appendix shows parallel columns of a new translation under development and the original Hebrew in a new transliteration.

Genesis - BREShITh

Chapter 1 Creation

1 In the beginning, God created the heavens and the earth.

2 The earth was without form and empty. Darkness covered the face of the deep. The UChShK OL FNI ThAUM URUCh Spirit of God hovered over the face of the waters.

E BREShITh BRE ELAIM ETh AShMIM UETh AERTs **B** UAERTS AITHA THAU UBAU ELAIM MRChFTh OL FNI AMIM

G UIEMR ELAIM IAI EUR UIAI

TUB UIBDL ELAIM BIN AEUR

A UIQRE ELAIM LEUR IUM

First day - Light

EUR

UBIN AChShK

3 God said, 'Let there be light.' There was light.

4 God saw the light, that it was good. God D UIRE ELAIM ETh AEUR KI separated the light from the darkness.

5 God called the light, Day. He called the darkness, Night. The evening and the morning were the first day. {P}

Second day - Expanse of Heaven

6 God said, 'Let there be an expanse in the middle of the waters. Let it separate the waters from the waters.'

7 God made the expanse and separated the **Z** UIOSh ELAIM ETh ARQIO waters which were under the expanse from UIBDL BIN AMIM EShR the waters which were above the expanse and it was so.

8 God called the expanse, Heaven. The evening and the morning were the second day. {P}

ULChShK QRE LILA UIAI ORB UIAI BQR IUM EChD {F}

U UIEMR ELAIM IAI RQIO BThUK AMIM UIAI MBDIL BIN MIM LMIM

MThChTh LRQIO UBIN AMIM EShR MOL LRQIO UIAI KN Ch UIQRE ELAIM LRQIO ShMIM UIAI ORB UIAI BQR IUM ShNI {F}

Third day - Seas, Earth, and plants

9 God said, 'Let the waters under the heavens be gathered together in one place and let the dry land appear.' It was so. 10 God called the dry land, Earth. He called the gathering together of the waters, Seas. God saw that it was good. 11 God said, 'Let the earth sprout tender grass, the plant producing seed, and the fruit tree bearing fruit containing the seed of its species, on the earth.' It was so. 12 The earth sprouted grass, the plant producing seed of its species, and the tree bearing fruit containing the seed of its species. God saw that it was good.

T UIEMR ELAIM IQUU AMIM MThChTh AShMIM EL MQUM EChD UThREA AIBShA UIAI KN I UIQRE ELAIM LIBShA ERTs ULMQUA AMIM QRE IMIM UIRE ELAIM KI TUB **IE** UIEMR ELAIM ThDShE AERTs DShE OShB MZRIO ZRO OTs FRI OShA FRI LMINU EShR ZROU BU OL AERTS UIAI KN IB UThUTsE AERTs DShE OShB MZRIO ZRO LMINAU UOTs OShA FRI EShR ZROU BU LMINAU UIRE ELAIM KI TUB

13 The evening and the morning were the third day. {P}

Fourth day - Sun, Moon, and Stars

- 14 God said, 'Let there be lights in the expanse of the heavens to separate day and BRQIO AShMIM LABDIL BIN night. Let them be signals for appointed times, for days, and years.
- **15** Let them be for lights in the expanse of the heavens to give light upon the earth.' It AShMIM LAEIR OL AERTS UIAI was so.
- 16 God made the two great lights. He made the greater light to rule the day and the lesser light to rule the night. He made the stars.
- 17 God put them in the expanse of the heavens to give light on the earth,
- 18 to rule over the day and over the night, and to separate the light from the darkness. ULABDIL BIN AEUR UBIN God saw that it was good.
- 19 The evening and the morning were the fourth day. {P}

Fifth day - Creatures of the water

- 20 God said, 'Let the waters swarm with swarms of living creatures and let flying creatures fly above the earth in the open expanse of heavens.'
- 21 God created the great sea-animals and every living creature that swims, with which the waters swarmed of its species and every winged flying creature of its species. God saw that it was good.
- 22 God blessed them, saying, 'Be fruitful, increase, and fill the waters in the seas. Let FRU URBU UMLEU ETh AMIM flying creatures increase in the earth.'
- 23 The evening and the morning were the fifth day. {P}

Sixth day - Creatures of the land

- 24 God said, 'Let the earth bring forth the living creature after its kind, cattle, creeping thing, and animals of the earth after its kind.' It was so.
- 25 God made the beast of the earth of its species, the cattle of its species, and every

ShLIShI {F} ID UIEMR ELAIM IAI MERTh

IG UIAI ORB UIAI BQR IUM

AIUM UBIN ALILA UAIU LEThTh ULMUODIM ULIMIM UShNIM

TU UAIU LMEURTH BRQIO

TZ UIOSh ELAIM ETh ShNI AMERTH AGDLIM ETH AMEUR AGDL LMMShLTh AIUM UETh AMEUR AQTN LMMShLTh ALILA UETh AKUKBIM **IZ** UIThN EThM ELAIM BROIO AShMIM LAEIR OL AERTs ICh ULMShL BIUM UBLILA AChShK UIRE ELAIM KI TUB IT UIAI ORB UIAI BQR IUM RBIOI {F}

K UIEMR ELAIM IShRTsU AMIM ShRTs NFSh ChIA UOUF IOUFF OL AERTS OL FNI RQIO **AShMIM**

KE UIBRE ELAIM ETh AThNINM AGDLIM UETh KL NFSh AChIA ARMShTh EShR ShRTsU AMIM LMINAM UETh KL OUF KNF LMINAU UIRE ELAIM KI TUB

KB UIBRK EThM ELAIM LEMR BIMIM UAOUF IRB BERTs KG UIAI ORB UIAI BQR IUM ChMIShI {F}

KD UIEMR ELAIM ThUTsE AERTs NFSh ChIA LMINA

LMINA UIAI KN

KA UIOSh ELAIM ETh ChITh AERTs LMINA UETh ABAMA

BAMA URMSh UChIThU ERTs

thing that creeps upon the ground of its species. God saw that it was good. 26 God said, 'Let us make man in our image, after our likeness. Let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, over the flying creatures of the heavens, over the cattle, over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creeps upon the earth.'

LMINA UETh KL RMSh AEDMA LMINAU UIRE ELAIM KI TUB **KU** UIEMR ELAIM NOShA EDM BTsLMNU KDMUThNU UIRDU BDGTh AIM UBOUF AShMIM UBBAMA UBKL AERTs UBKL ARMSh ARMSh OL AERTs

The Creation of Man

27 God created man in His own image. In the image of God He created him. Male and female He created them.

28 God blessed them and God said to them, 'Be fruitful, increase, replenish the earth, and subdue it. Have dominion over the fish of the sea, over the flying creatures URDU BDGTh AIM UBOUF of the heavens, and over every living thing AShMIM UBKL ChIA ARMShTh that creeps upon the earth.'

29 God said, 'Look, I have given you every KT UIEMR ELAIM ANA NThThI herb yielding seed, which is upon the face of all the earth, and every tree, in which is the fruit of a tree yielding seed. It shall be food for you.

30 To every beast of the earth, to every flying creature of the heavens, and to every OUF AShMIM ULKL RUMSh OL thing that creeps upon the earth, wherein there is the breath of life, I have given every green herb for food.' It was so.

31 God saw every thing that He had made, LE UIRE ELAIM ETh KL EShR and take note, it was very good. The evening and the morning were the sixth day. {P}

KZ UIBRE ELAIM ETh AEDM BTsLMU BTsLM ELAIM BRE EThU ZKR UNOBA BRE EThM KCh UIBRK EThM ELAIM UIEMR LAM ELAIM FRU URBU UMLEU ETh AERTs UKBShA OL AERTs

LKM ETh KL OShB ZRO ZRO EShR OL FNI KL AERTs UETh KL AOTs EShR BU FRI OTs ZRO ZRO LKM IAIA LEKLA L ULKL ChITh AERTs ULKL AERTs EShR BU NFSh ChIA ETh KL IRQ OShB LEKLA UIAI KN

OShA UANA TUB MED UIAI ORB UIAI BQR IUM AShShI {F}

Chapter 2 Seventh day - Sabbath rest

1 The heaven and the earth were finished! All of it was complete.

2 On the seventh day God finished His work which He had made. He rested on the MLEKThU EShR OShA UIShBTh seventh day from all His work which He had made.

3 God blessed the seventh day, and made it G UIBRK ELAIM ETh IUM holy. Because in it God rested from all His AShBIOI UIQDSh EThU KI BU work of creation. {P}

E UIKLU AShMIM UAERTs UKL TsBEM

B UIKL ELAIM BIUM AShBIOI BIUM AShBIOI MKL MLEKThU EShR OShA

ShBTh MKL MLEKThU EShR BRE ELAIM LOShUTh {F}

Reviewing Creation

- 4 These are the generations of the heaven and of the earth when they were created, in UAERTs BABREM BIUM the day that IAUA God made earth and heaven.
- 5 No shrub of the field was yet in the earth, A UKL ShICh AShDA TRM IAIA and no herb of the field had yet sprung up; for IAUA God had not caused it to rain upon the earth, and there was not a man to till the ground;
- 6 but there went up a mist from the earth, and watered the whole face of the ground.

Reviewing the creation of Man and Woman

- 7 Then IAUA God formed man of the dust Z UIITsR IAUA ELAIM ETh of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; and man became BEFIU NShMTh ChIIM UIAI a living soul.
- 8 IAUA God planted a garden eastward, in Ch UITO IAUA ELAIM GN Eden; and there He put the man whom He had formed.
- 9 Out of the ground made IAUA God to grow every tree that is pleasant to the sight, AEDMA KL OTs NChMD and good for food; the tree of life also in the middle of the garden, and the tree of the knowledge of good and evil.
- 10 A river went out of Eden to water the garden; and from thence it was parted, and became four heads.
- 11 The name of the first is Pishon; that is it IE ShM AEChD FIShUN AUE which compasses the whole land of Havilah, where there is gold.
- 12 the gold of that land is good. There is bdellium and the onyx stone.
- 13 The name of the second river is Gihon; the same is it that compasses the whole land of Cush.
- 14 The name of the third river is Tigris; that is it which goes toward the east of Asshur. The fourth river is the Euphrates.
- 15 IAUA God took the man, and put him into the Garden of Eden to dress it and to keep it.

AEDM OFR MN AEDMA UIFCh AEDM LNFSh ChIA BODN MQDM UIShM ShM ETh AEDM EShR ITsR T UITsMCh IAUA ELAIM MN

D ELA ThULDUTh AShMIM

OShUTh IAUA ELAIM ERTs

BERTs UKL OShB AShDA TRM

ITsMCh KI LE AMTIR IAUA

LOBD ETh AEDMA

U UED IOLA MN AERTs

ELAIM OL AERTS UEDM EIN

UAShQA ETh KL FNI AEDMA

UShMIM

LMREA UTUB LMEKL UOTs ACHIM BTHUK AGN UOTs ADOTh TUB URO

I UNAR ITSE MODN LAShQUTh ETh AGN UMShM IFRD UAIA LERBOA REShIM

ASBB ETh KL ERTs AChUILA EShR ShM AZAB

IB UZAB AERTS AAUE TUB ShM ABDLCh UEBN AShAM IG UShM ANAR AShNI GICHUN AUE ASUBB ETh KL ERTs KUSh

ID UShM ANAR AShLIShI ChDQL AUE AALK QDMTh ESHUR UANAR ARBIOI AUE FRTh

TU UIQCh IAUA ELAIM ETh AEDM UINChAU BGN ODN LOBDA ULShMRA

The test of lovalty

16 IAUA God commanded the man, saying: 'Of every tree of the garden you may freely eat;

TZ UITsU IAUA ELAIM OL AEDM LEMR MKL OTs AGN EKL ThEKL

17 but of the tree of the knowledge of good IZ UMOTs ADOTh TUB URO LE and evil, you shall not eat of it; for in the day that you eat thereof you shall surely die.'

18 IAUA God said: 'It is not good that the man should be alone; I will make him a help meet for him.'

19 Out of the ground IAUA God formed every beast of the field and every flying creature of the heavens. He brought them to the man to see what he would call them. Whatever the man would call every living creature that was to be their name.

20 The man gave names to all cattle, to the K UIQRE AEDM ShMUTh LKL flying creatures of the heavens, and to every beast of the field. But for Adam there was not found a help meet for him.

The specifics of the creation of Woman

- 21 IAUA God caused a deep sleep to fall upon the man, and he slept. He took one of OL AEDM UIIShN UIQCh EChTh his ribs and closed up the place with flesh instead.
- 22 The rib, which IAUA God had taken from the man, He made into a woman and brought her to the man.
- 23 The man said: 'This is now bone of my bones, and flesh of my flesh. She shall be called Woman, because she was taken out of Man.'
- 24 Therefore shall a man leave his father and his mother and shall cleave unto his wife. They shall be one flesh.
- 25 They were both naked, the man and his wife, and were not ashamed.

ThEKL MMNU KI BIUM EKLK MMNU MUTh ThMUTh

ICh UIEMR IAUA ELAIM LE TUB AIUTh AEDM LBDU EOShA LU OZR KNGDU IT UITsR IAUA ELAIM MN AEDMA KL ChITh AShDA UETh KL OUF AShMIM UIBE EL AEDM LREUTh MA IORE LU UKL EShR IQRE LU AEDM NFSh ChIA AUE ShMU

ABAMA ULOUF AShMIM ULKL ChITh AShDA ULEDM LE MTsE **OZR KNGDU**

KE UIFL IAUA ELAIM ThRDMA MTsLOThIU UISGR BShR ThChThNA

KB UIBN IAUA ELAIM ETh ATsLO EShR LQCh MN AEDM LEShA UIBEA EL AEDM

KG UIEMR AEDM ZETh AFOM OTsM MOTsMI UBShR MBShRI LZETh IQRE EShA KI MEISh LOChA ZETh

KD OL KN IOZB EISh ETh EBIU UETh EMU UDBQ BEShThU UAIU LBShR EChD

KA UIAIU ShNIAM ORUMIM AEDM UEShThU ULE **IThBShShU**

Chapter 3

The entrance of sin and the fall of Man

1 Now the serpent was more subtle than any beast of the field which IAUA God had made. He said unto the woman: 'Did God say you shall not eat of any tree of the EMR ELAIM LE ThEKLU MKL garden?'

2 The woman said unto the serpent: 'Of the B UThEMR AEShA EL ANChSh fruit of the trees of the garden we may eat; MFRI OTs AGN NEKL

E UANChSh AIA ORUM MKL ChITh AShDA EShR OShA IAUA ELAIM UIEMR EL AEShA EF KI OTs AGN

3 but of the fruit of the tree which is in the middle of the garden, God has said: You shall not eat of it, neither shall you touch it, MMNU ULE ThGOU BU FN unless vou die.'

4 The serpent said unto the woman: 'You shall not surely die;

5 for God does know that in the day you eat thereof, then your eyes shall be opened, EKLKM MMNU UNFQChU and you shall be as God, knowing good and evil.'

6 When the woman saw that the tree was good for food, and that it was a delight to the eyes, and that the tree was to be desired LOINIM UNCHMD AOTs to make one wise, she took of the fruit thereof, and did eat; and she gave also unto UThEKL UThThN GM LEIShA her husband with her, and he did eat.

7 The eyes of them both were opened, and they knew that they were naked; and they sewed fig-leaves together, and made themselves girdles.

8 They heard the voice of IAUA God walking in the garden toward the cool of the day; and the man and his wife hid themselves from the presence of IAUA God amongst the trees of the garden.

9 IAUA God called unto the man, and said unto him: 'Where are you?'

10 He said: 'I heard Your voice in the garden, and I was afraid, because I was naked; and I hid myself.'

11 He said: 'Who told you that you were naked? Have you eaten of the tree, whereof EThA AMN AOTs EShR I commanded you that you should not eat?'

12 The man said: 'The woman whom You gave to be with me, she gave me of the tree, and I did eat.'

13 IAUA God said unto the woman: 'What is this you have done?' The woman said: 'The serpent beguiled me, and I did eat.' **14** IAUA God said unto the serpent: 'Because you have done this, cursed are you from among all cattle, and from among EThA MKL ABAMA UMKL all beasts of the field; upon your belly shall ChITh AShDA OL GChNK ThLK you go, and dust shall you eat all the days of your life.

G UMFRI AOTs EShR BThUK AGN EMR ELAIM LE ThEKLU ThMThUN

D UIEMR ANCHSH EL AESHA LE MUTh ThMThUN

A KI IDO ELAIM KI BIUM OINIKM UAIIThM KELAIM IDOI TUB URO

U UThre Aesha KI Tub Aots LMEKL UKI ThEUA AUE LAShKIL UThQCh MFRIU OMA UIEKL

Z UThFQChNA OINI ShNIAM UIDOU KI OIRMM AM UIThFRU OLA ThENA UIOShU LAM ChGRTh

Ch UIShMOU ETh QUL IAUA ELAIM MThALK BGN LRUCh AIUM UIThChBE AEDM UEShThU MFNI IAUA ELAIM BThUK OTs AGN T UIORE IAUA ELAIM EL AEDM UIEMR LU EIKA I UIEMR ETh QLK ShMOThI

IE UIEMR MI AGID LK KI OIRM TsUIThIK LBLThI EKL MMNU **EKLTh**

BGN UEIRE KI OIRM ENKI

UEChBE

IB UIEMR AEDM AEShA EShR NThThA OMDI AUE NThNA LI MN AOTs UEKL

IG UIEMR IAUA ELAIM LESHA MA ZETh OShITh UThEMR AEShA ANChSh AShIENI UEKL ID UIEMR IAUA ELAIM EL ANChSh KI OShITh ZETh ERUR UOFR ThEKL KL IMI CHIK

15 I will put enmity between you and the woman, and between your seed and her seed; they shall bruise your head, and you shall bruise their heel.' {S}

16 Unto the woman He said: 'I will greatly increase your pain and your travail; in pain OTsBUNK UARNK BOTsB ThLDI you shall bring forth children; and your desire shall be to your husband, and he shall rule over you.' {S}

17 Unto Adam He said: 'Because you have IZ ULEDM EMR KI ShMOTh hearkened unto the voice of your wife, and LQUL EShThK UThEKL MN have eaten of the tree, of which I commanded you, saying: You shall not eat ThEKL MMNU ERURA AEDMA of it; cursed is the ground for your sake; in toil shall you eat of it all the days of your life.

18 Thorns also and thistles shall it bring forth to you; and you shall eat the herb of the field.

19 In the sweat of your face shall you eat bread, till you return unto the ground; for out of it you were taken; for dust you are, and unto dust shall you return.'

20 The man called his wife's name Eve; because she was the mother of all living. 21 IAUA God made for Adam and for his wife garments of skins, and clothed them.

22 IAUA God said: 'Behold, the man is become as one of us, to know good and evil; and now, unless he put forth his hand, LDOTh TUB URO UOThA FN and take also of the tree of life, and eat, and live for ever.'

23 Therefore IAUA God sent him forth from the Garden of Eden, to till the ground MGN ODN LOBD ETh AEDMA from whence he was taken.

24 So He drove out the man; and He placed at the east of the Garden of Eden the cherubim, and the flaming sword which UETh LAT AChRB AMThAFKTh turned every way, to keep the way to the tree of life. {S}

TU UEIBA EShITh BINK UBIN AEShA UBIN ZROK UBIN ZROA AUE IShUFK RESh UEThA ThShUFNU OQB {S}

TZ EL AEShA EMR ARBA ERBA BNIM UEL EIShK ThShUQThK UAUE IMShL BK {S}

AOTs EShR TsUIThIK LEMR LE BOBURK BOTSBUN ThEKLNA KL IMI ChIIK

ICh UQUTs UDRDR ThTsMICh LK UEKLTh ETh OShB AShDA

IT BZOTh EFIK ThEKL LChM OD ShUBK EL AEDMA KI MMNA LQChTh KI OFR EThA **UEL OFR ThShUB** K UIQRE AEDM ShM EShThU ChUA KI AUE AIThA EM KL ChI **KE** UIOSh IAUA ELAIM LEDM ULEShThU KThNUTh OUR UILBShM {F}

KB UIEMR IAUA ELAIM AN AEDM AIA KEChD MMNU IShLCh IDU ULQCh GM MOTs ACHIM UEKL UCHI LOLM KG UIShLChAU IAUA ELAIM EShR LQCh MShM

KD UIGRSh ETh AEDM UIShKN MQDM LGN ODN ETh AKRBIM LShMR ETh DRK OTs AChIIM {S}

Chapter 4 Cain and Abel

- 1 The man knew Eve his wife and she conceived and bore Cain. She said, 'I have gotten a man with the help of IAUA.'
- **2** Again she bore his brother Abel. Abel was a keeper of sheep, but Cain was a tiller of the ETh ABL UIAI ABL ROA TsEN ground.
- 3 In process of time it came to pass, that Cain G UIAI MQTs IMIM UIBE QIN brought of the fruit of the ground an offering MFRI AEDMA MNChA LIAUA unto IAUA.
- 4 Abel, he also brought of the firstlings of his **D** UABL ABIE GM AUE flock and of the fat thereof. IAUA had respect unto Abel and to his offering;
- 5 but unto Cain and to his offering He had not respect. Cain was very wroth, and his countenance fell.
- 6 IAUA said unto Cain: 'Why are you wroth? U UIEMR IAUA EL QIN LMA Why is your countenance fallen?
- 7 If you do well, shall it not be lifted up? and **Z** ALUE EM ThITIB ShETh if you do not well, sin couches at the door; and unto you is its desire, but you may rule over it.'
- 8 Cain spoke unto Abel his brother. It came to pass, when they were in the field, that Cain rose up against Abel his brother, and slew him.
- 9 IAUA said unto Cain: 'Where is Abel your brother?' He said: 'I know not; am I my brother's keeper?'
- **10** He said: 'What have you done? The voice of your brother's blood cries unto Me from the ground.
- 11 Now cursed are you from the ground, which has opened her mouth to receive your brother's blood from your hand.
- 12 When you till the ground, it shall not henceforth yield unto you her strength; a fugitive and a wanderer shall you be in the earth.'
- 13 Cain said unto IAUA: 'My punishment is greater than I can bear.
- **14** Behold, You have driven me out this day from the face of the land; and from Your face MOL FNI AEDMA UMFNIK shall I be hid; and I shall be a fugitive and a

- E UAEDM IDO ETh ChUA EShThU UThAR UThLD ETh QIN UThEMR QNIThI EISh ETh **IAUA**
- **B** UThSF LLDTh ETh EChIU UQIN AIA OBD EDMA
- MBKRUTh TsENU UMChLBAN UIShO IAUA EL ABL UEL MNChThU
- A UEL QIN UEL MNChThU LE ShOA UIChR LQIN MED UIFLU FNIU
- Chra LK ULMA NFLU FNIK UEM LE ThITIB LFThCh ChTETh RBTs UELIK ThShUQThU UEThA ThMShL BU
- Ch UIEMR QIN EL ABL ECHIU UIAI BAIUThM BShDA UIQM QIN EL ABL ECHIU UIARGAU
- T UIEMR IAUA EL OIN EI ABL ECHIK UIEMR LE IDOTHI AShMR EChI ENKI
- I UIEMR MA OShITh QUL DMI EChIK TsOQIM ELI MN **AEDMA**
- **IE** UOThA ERUR EThA MN AEDMA EShR FTsThA ETh FIA LQChTh ETh DMI EChIK MIDK IB KI ThOBD ETh AEDMA LE ThSF ThTh KChA LK NO UND ThAIA BERTs
- **IG** UIEMR QIN EL IAUA GDUL OUNI MNShE **ID** AN GRShTh EThI AIUM

ESThR UAIITHI NO UND

wanderer in the earth; and it will come to pass, that whosoever finds me will slay me.' 15 IAUA said unto him: 'Therefore whosoever slays Cain, vengeance shall be taken on him sevenfold.' IAUA set a sign for Cain, unless any finding him should smite him.

16 Cain went out from the presence of IAUA, and dwelt in the land of Nod, on the east of Eden.

17 Cain knew his wife; and she conceived, and bore Enoch; and he builded a city, and called the name of the city after the name of his son Enoch.

18 Unto Enoch was born Irad; and Irad begot ICh UIULD LChNUK ETh Mehujael; and Mehujael begot Methushael; and Methushael begot Lamech.

- 19 Lamech took unto him two wives; the name of one was Adah, and the name of the other Zillah.
- 20 Adah bore Jabal; he was the father of such K UThLD ODA ETh IBL AUE as dwell in tents and have cattle.
- 21 His brother's name was Jubal; he was the father of all such as handle the harp and pipe. AIA EBI KL ThFSh KNUR
- 22 Zillah, she also bore Tubal-cain, the forger of every cutting instrument of brass and iron; and the sister of Tubal-cain was Naamah.
- 23 Lamech said unto his wives: Adah and Zillah, hear my voice; you wives of Lamech, hearken unto my speech; for I have slain a man for wounding me, and a young man for bruising me;
- 24 If Cain shall be avenged sevenfold, truly Lamech seventy and sevenfold.
- 25 Adam knew his wife again; and she bore a KA UIDO EDM OUD ETh son, and called his name Seth: 'for God has appointed me another seed instead of Abel; for Cain slew him.'
- 26 To Seth, to him also there was born a son; KU ULShTh GM AUE ILD BN and he called his name Enosh; then began men to call upon the name of IAUA. {S}

BERTs UAIA KL MTsEI IARGNI TU UIEMR LU IAUA LKN KL ARG QIN ShBOThIM IQM UIShM IAUA LQIN EUTh LBLThI AKUTh EThU KL MTsEU

TZ UITsE QIN MLFNI IAUA UIShB BERTs NUD QDMTh

IZ UIDO QIN ETh EShThU UThAR UThLD ETh ChNUK UIAI BNA OIR UIQRE ShM AOIR KShM BNU ChNUK

OIRD UOIRD ILD ETh MChUIEL UMChIIEL ILD ETh MThUShEL UMThUShEL ILD ETh LMK

IT UIQCh LU LMK ShThI NShIM ShM AEChTh ODA UShM AShNITh TsLA

AIA EBI IShB EAL UMQNA KE UShM ECHIU IUBL AUE

UOUGB

KB UTsLA GM AUE ILDA ETh ThUBL QIN LTSh KL ChRSh NChShTh UBRZL UEChUTh ThUBL QIN NOMA

KG UIEMR LMK LNShIU ODA UTsLA ShMON QULI NShI LMK AEZNA EMRTHI KI EISH ARGThI LFTsOI UILD LChBRThI

KD KI ShBOTHIM IQM QIN ULMK ShBOIM UShBOA EShThU UThLD BN UThQRE ETh ShMU ShTh KI ShTh LI ELAIM ZRO EChR ThChTh ABL KI ARGU QIN

UIQRE ETh ShMU ENUSh EZ AUChL LQRE BShM IAUA {S}

Chapter 5 Descendants of Adam

1 This is the book of the generations of Adam. In the day that God created man, in the likeness of God made He him; 2 male and female created He them, and blessed them, and called their name Adam, in the day when they were created. BIUM ABREM 3 Adam lived a hundred and thirty years, and begot a son in his own likeness, after

- his image; and called his name Seth. 4 The days of Adam after he begot Seth were eight hundred years; and he begot sons and daughters.
- 5 All the days that Adam lived were nine hundred and thirty years; and he died. {S} ThShO MEUTh ShNA UShLShIM
- 6 Seth lived a hundred and five years, and U UIChI ShTh ChMSh ShNIM begot Enosh.
- 7 Seth lived after he begot Enosh eight hundred and seven years, and begot sons and daughters.
- **8** All the days of Seth were nine hundred and twelve years; and he died. {S}
- **9** Enosh lived ninety years, and begot Kenan.
- 10 Enosh lived after he begot Kenan eight I UIChI ENUSh EChRI AULIDU hundred and fifteen years, and begot sons ETh QINN ChMSh OShRA ShNA and daughters.
- 11 All the days of Enosh were nine hundred and five years; and he died. {S}
- 12 Kenan lived seventy years, and begot Mahalalel.
- 13 Kenan lived after he begot Mahalalel eight hundred and forty years, and begot sons and daughters.
- 14 All the days of Kenan were nine hundred and ten years; and he died. {S}

E ZA SFR ThULDTh EDM BIUM BRE ELAIM EDM BDMUTh ELAIM OShA EThU B ZKR UNQBA BREM UIBRK

EThM UIQRE ETh ShMM EDM

G UICHI EDM ShLSHIM UMETH ShNA UIULD BDMUThU KTsLMU UIORE ETh ShMU ShTh

D UIAIU IMI EDM ECHRI AULIDU ETh ShTh ShMNA METh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh

A UIAIU KL IMI EDM EShR ChI ShNA UIMTh {S}

UMETh ShNA UIULD ETh ENUSh Z UIChI ShTh EChRI AULIDU ETh ENUSh ShBO ShNIM UShMNA MEUTh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh

Ch UIAIU KL IMI ShTh ShThIM OShRA ShNA UThShO MEUTh ShNA UIMTh {S}

T UIChI ENUSh ThShOIM ShNA UIULD ETh OINN

UShMNA MEUTh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh

IE UIAIU KL IMI ENUSh ChMSh ShNIM UThShO MEUTh ShNA $UIMTh \{S\}$

IB UICHI QINN SHBOIM SHNA UIULD ETh MALLEL

IG UICHI QINN ECHRI AULIDU ETh MALLEL ERBOIM ShNA UShMNA MEUTh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh

ID UIAIU KL IMI QINN OShR ShNIM UThShO MEUTh ShNA $UIMTh \{S\}$

- 15 Mahalalel lived sixty and five years, and begot Jared.
- 16 Mahalalel lived after he begot Jared eight hundred and thirty years, and begot sons and daughters.
- 17 All the days of Mahalalel were eight hundred ninety and five years; and he died. {S}
- 18 Jared lived a hundred sixty and two years, and begot Enoch.
- **19** Jared lived after he begot Enoch eight hundred years, and begot sons and daughters.
- 20 All the days of Jared were nine hundred sixty and two years; and he died. UShShIM ShNA UThShO MEUTh {S}
- 21 Enoch lived sixty and five years, and begot Methuselah.
- 22 Enoch walked with God after he begot KB UIThALK ChNUK ETh Methuselah three hundred years, and begot sons and daughters.
- 23 All the days of Enoch were three hundred sixty and five years.
- **24** Enoch walked with God, and he was not; for God took him. {S}
- 25 Methuselah lived a hundred eighty and KA UIChI MThUShLCh ShBO seven years, and begot Lamech.
- **26** Methuselah lived after he begot Lamech seven hundred eighty and two years, and begot sons and daughters.
- 27 All the days of Methuselah were nine hundred sixty and nine years; and he died. ThShO UShShIM ShNA UThShO
- 28 Lamech lived a hundred eighty and two years, and begot a son.
- same shall comfort us in our work and in ZA INChMNU MMOShNU

TU UICHI MALLEL CHMSh SHNIM UShShIM ShNA UIULD ETh IRD TZ UICHI MALLEL ECHRI AULIDU ETh IRD ShLShIM ShNA UShMNA MEUTh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh

IZ UIAIU KL IMI MALLEL ChMSh UThShOIM ShNA UShMNA MEUTh ShNA UIMTh {S} ICh UIChI IRD ShThIM UShShIM

ShNA UMETh ShNA UIULD ETh ChNUK

IT UICHI IRD ECHRI AULIDU ETH Chnuk Shmna Meuth Shna UIULD BNIM UBNUTh K UIAIU KL IMI IRD ShThIM ShNA UIMTh {S}

KE UIChI ChNUK ChMSh UShShIM ShNA UIULD ETh MThUShLCh

AELAIM EChRI AULIDU ETh MThUShLCh ShLSh MEUTh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh KG UIAI KL IMI ChNUK ChMSh

UShShIM ShNA UShLSh MEUTh ShNA

KD UIThALK ChNUK ETh AELAIM UEINNU KI LQCh EThU ELAIM {S}

UShMNIM ShNA UMETh ShNA UIULD ETh LMK

KU UIChI MThUShLCh EChRI AULIDU ETh LMK ShThIM UShMUNIM ShNA UShBO MEUTh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh

KZ UIAIU KL IMI MThUShLCh MEUTh ShNA UIMTh {S}

KCh UIChI LMK ShThIM UShMNIM ShNA UMETh ShNA **UIULD BN**

29 He called his name Noah, saying: 'This KT UIQRE ETh ShMU NCh LEMR

the toil of our hands, which comes from the ground which IAUA has cursed.' 30 Lamech lived after he begot Noah five L UIChI LMK EChRI AULIDU ETh hundred ninety and five years, and begot sons and daughters.

31 All the days of Lamech were seven hundred seventy and seven years; and he died. {S}

32 Noah was five hundred years old; and Noah begot Shem, Ham, and Japheth.

UMOTsBUN IDINU MN AEDMA EShR ERRA IAUA NCh ChMSh UThShOIM ShNA UChMSh METh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh LE UIAI KL IMI LMK ShBO UShBOIM ShNA UShBO MEUTh ShNA UIMTh {S}

LB UIAI NCh BN ChMSh MEUTh ShNA UIULD NCh ETh ShM ETh ChM UETh IFTh

Chapter 6 The Corruption of Mankind

1 It came to pass, when men began to increase on the face of the earth, and daughters were born unto them,

2 that the sons of God saw the daughters of **B** UIREU BNI AELAIM ETh men that they were fair; and they took them BNUTh AEDM KI TBTh ANA wives, whomsoever they chose.

3 IAUA said: 'My spirit shall not abide in man for ever, for that he also is flesh; therefore shall his days be a hundred and twenty years.'

4 The Nephilim were in the earth in those days, and also after that, when the sons of God came in unto the daughters of men, and they bore children to them; the same were the mighty men that were of old, the men of renown. {P}

5 IAUA saw that the wickedness of man was great in the earth, and that every imagination of the thoughts of his heart was only evil continually.

6 It repented IAUA that He had made man on the earth, and it grieved Him at His heart.

7 IAUA said: 'I will blot out man whom I have created from the face of the earth; both man, and beast, and creeping thing, and flying creatures of the heavens; for it repents Me that I have made them.' 8 But Noah found grace in the eyes of IAUA. {P}

E UIAI KI AChL AEDM LRB OL FNI AEDMA UBNUTh ILDU LAM

UIOChU LAM NShIM MKL EShR **BChRU**

G UIEMR IAUA LE IDUN RUCHI BEDM LOLM BShGM AUE BShR UAIU IMIU MEA UOShRIM ShNA

D ANFLIM AIU BERTS BIMIM AAM UGM EChRI KN EShR IBEU BNI AELAIM EL BNUTh AEDM UILDU LAM AMA AGBRIM EShR MOULM ENShI AShM {F}

A UIRE IAUA KI RBA ROTh AEDM BERTs UKL ITsR MChShBTh LBU RQ RO KL **AIUM**

U UINCHM IAUA KI OSHA ETH AEDM BERTs UIThOTsB EL LBU

Z UIEMR IAUA EMChA ETh AEDM EShR BRETHI MOL FNI AEDMA MEDM OD BAMA OD RMSh UOD OUF AShMIM KI NChMThI KI OShIThM Ch UNCh MTsE ChN BOINI IAUA {F}

9 These are the generations of Noah. Noah TELA ThULDTh NCh NCh EISh was in his generations a man righteous and TsDIQ ThMIM AIA BDRThIU whole-hearted; Noah walked with God. 10 Noah begot three sons, Shem, Ham, and I UIULD NCh ShLShA BNIM ETh Japheth.

11 The earth was corrupt before God, and the earth was filled with violence.

12 God saw the earth, and, behold, it was corrupt; for all flesh had corrupted their way upon the earth. {S}

13 God said unto Noah: 'The end of all flesh is come before Me; for the earth is filled with violence through them; and, behold, I will destroy them with the earth. 14 Make you an ark of gopher wood; with rooms shall you make the ark, and shall pitch it within and without with pitch.

15 This is how you shall make it: the length of the ark three hundred cubits, the breadth of it fifty cubits, and the height of it thirty cubits.

16 A light shall you make to the ark, and to TZ TsAR ThOShA LThBA UEL a cubit shall you finish it upward; and the door of the ark shall you set in the side thereof; with lower, second, and third stories shall you make it.

17 I, behold, I do bring the flood of waters upon the earth, to destroy all flesh, wherein AMBUL MIM OL AERTs is the breath of life, from under heaven: every thing that is in the earth shall perish.

18 But I will establish My covenant with you; and you shall come into the ark, you, and your sons, and your wife, and your sons' wives with you.

19 Of every living thing of all flesh, two of IT UMKL AChI MKL BShR every sort shall you bring into the ark, to keep them alive with you; they shall be male and female.

20 Of the flying creatures after their kind, and of the cattle after their kind, of every creeping thing of the ground after its kind, two of every sort shall come unto you, to keep them alive.

ETh AELAIM AThALK NCh ShM ETh ChM UETh IFTh IE UThShChTh AERTs LFNI AELAIM UTHMLE AERTs CHMS IB UIRE ELAIM ETh AERTs UANA NShChThA KI AShChITh KL BShR ETh DRKU OL AERTs

IG UIEMR ELAIM LNCh QTs KL BShR BE LFNI KI MLEA AERTs ChMS MFNIAM UANNI MShChIThM ETh AERTs ID OShA LK ThBTh OTsI GFR QNIM ThOShA ETh AThBA UKFRTh EThA MBITh UMChUTs BKFR

TU UZA EShR ThOShA EThA ShLSh MEUTh EMA ERK AThBA ChMShIM EMA RChBA UShLShIM EMA QUMThA EMA ThKLNA MLMOLA UFThCh AThBA BTsDA ThShIM ThChThIM ShNIM UShLShIM ThOShA

IZ UENI ANNI MBIE ETh LShChTh KL BShR EShR BU RUCh ChIIM MThChTh AShMIM KL EShR BERTs IGUO ICh UAQMThI ETh BRITHI EThK UBETh EL AThBA EThA UBNIK UEShThK UNShI BNIK EThK

ShNIM MKL ThBIE EL AThBA LACHITH ETHK ZKR UNQBA IAIU

K MAOUF LMINAU UMN ABAMA LMINA MKL RMSh AEDMA LMINAU ShNIM MKL IBEU ELIK LACHIUTh

21 Take you unto you of all food that is eaten, and gather it to you; and it shall be for food for you, and for them.' 22 Thus did Noah; according to all that

God commanded him, so did he.

KE UEThA QCh LK MKL MEKL EShR IEKL UESFTh ELIK UAIA LK ULAM LEKLA KB UIOSh NCh KKL EShR TsUA EThU ELAIM KN OShA

Chapter 7 The Flood

- 1 IAUA said unto Noah: 'Come you and all your house into the ark; for you have I seen righteous before Me in this generation.
- 2 Of every clean beast you shall take to you seven and seven, each with his mate; and of the beasts that are not clean two [and two]. each with his mate;
- 3 of the flying creatures also of the heavens, seven and seven, male and female; to keep seed alive upon the face of all the earth. 4 For yet seven days, and I will cause it to rain upon the earth forty days and forty nights; and every living substance that I have made will I blot out from off the face of the earth.'
- 5 Noah did according unto all that IAUA commanded him.
- 6 Noah was six hundred years old when the flood of waters was upon the earth.
- 7 Noah went in, and his sons, and his wife, and his sons' wives with him, into the ark, because of the waters of the flood.
- 8 Of clean beasts, and of beasts that are not clean, and of flying creatures, and of every thing that creeps upon the ground,
- 9 there went in two and two unto Noah into the ark, male and female, as God commanded EL AThBA ZKR UNQBA Noah.
- 10 It came to pass after the seven days, that the waters of the flood were upon the earth. 11 In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in IE BShNTh ShSh MEUTh ShNA the second month, on the seventeenth day of the month, on the same day were all the

- E UIEMR IAUA LNCh BE EThA UKL BIThK EL AThBA KI EThK REITHI TsDIO LFNI **BDUR AZA**
- **B** MKL ABAMA ATAURA ThOCh LK ShBOA ShBOA EISh UEShThU UMN ABAMA EShR LE TARA AUE ShNIM EISh **UEShThU**
- **G** GM MOUF AShMIM ShBOA ShBOA ZKR UNQBA LChIUTh ZRO OL FNI KL AERTS D KI LIMIM OUD ShBOA
- ENKI MMTIR OL AERTS ERBOIM IUM UERBOIM LILA UMChIThI ETh KL AIQUM EShR OShIThI MOL FNI **AEDMA**
- A UIOSh NCh KKL EShR TsUAU IAUA
- U UNCh BN ShSh MEUTh ShNA UAMBUL AIA MIM OL **AERTs**
- Z UIBE NCh UBNIU UEShThU UNShI BNIU EThU EL AThBA MFNI MI AMBUL
- Ch MN ABAMA ATAURA UMN ABAMA EShR EINNA TARA UMN AOUF UKL EShR RMSh OL AEDMA

T ShNIM ShNIM BEU EL NCh

- KEShR TsUA ELAIM ETh NCh I UIAI LShBOTh AIMIM UMI AMBUL AIU OL AERTs
- LChII NCh BChDSh AShNI BShBOA OShR IUM LChDSh

fountains of the great deep broken up, and the BIUM AZA NBQOU KL windows of heaven were opened.

- 12 The rain was upon the earth forty days and IB UIAI AGShM OL AERTs forty nights.
- 13 In the selfsame day entered Noah, and Shem, and Ham, and Japheth, the sons of Noah, and Noah's wife, and the three wives of his sons with them, into the ark;
- 14 they, and every beast after its kind, and all ID AMA UKL ACHIA LMINA the cattle after their kind, and every creeping thing that creeps upon the earth after its kind, and every flying creature after its kind, every bird of every sort.
- 15 They went in unto Noah into the ark, two and two of all flesh wherein is the breath of life.
- 16 They that went in, went in male and female of all flesh, as God commanded him; and IAUA shut him in.
- 17 The flood was forty days upon the earth; and the waters increased, and bore up the ark, and it was lifted up above the earth.
- 18 The waters prevailed, and increased greatly upon the earth; and the ark went upon MED OL AERTs UThLK the face of the waters.
- 19 The waters prevailed exceedingly upon the IT UAMIM GBRU MED MED earth; and all the high mountains that were under the whole heaven were covered.
- 20 Fifteen cubits upward did the waters prevail; and the mountains were covered.
- 21 All flesh perished that moved upon the earth, both flying creature, and cattle, and beast, and every swarming thing that swarms upon the earth, and every man;
- 22 all in whose nostrils was the breath of the spirit of life, whatsoever was in the dry land, died.
- 23 He blotted out every living substance which was upon the face of the ground, both man, and cattle, and creeping thing, and

MOINTh ThAUM RBA UERBTh AShMIM NFThChU ERBOIM IUM UERBOIM LILA **IG** BOTsM AIUM AZA BE NCh UShM UChM UIFTh BNI NCh UEShTh NCh UShLShTh NShI BNIU EThM EL AThBA

UKL ABAMA LMINA UKL ARMSh ARMSh OL AERTs LMINAU UKL AOUF LMINAU KL TsFUR KL KNF

TU UIBEU EL NCh EL AThBA ShNIM ShNIM MKL ABShR EShR BU RUCh ChIIM TZ UABEIM ZKR UNQBA MKL BShR BEU KEShR TsUA EThU ELAIM UISGR IAUA **BODU**

IZ UIAI AMBUL ERBOIM IUM OL AERTS UIRBU AMIM UIShEU ETh AThBA UThRM MOL AERTs

ICh UIGBRU AMIM UIRBU AThBA OL FNI AMIM

OL AERTS UIKSU KL AARIM AGBAIM EShR ThChTh KL AShMIM

K ChMSh OShRA EMA MLMOLA GBRU AMIM UIKSU AARIM

KE UIGUO KL BShR ARMSh OL AERTS BOUF UBBAMA UBChIA UBKL AShRTs AShRTs OL AERTs UKL **AEDM**

KB KL EShR NShMTh RUCh ChIIM BEFIU MKL EShR BChRBA MThU

KG UIMCh ETh KL AIQUM EShR OL FNI AEDMA MEDM OD BAMA OD RMSh UOD

flying creature of the heaven; and they were blotted out from the earth; and Noah only was AERTs UIShER EK NCh UEShR left, and they that were with him in the ark. 24 The waters prevailed upon the earth a hundred and fifty days.

OUF AShMIM UIMChU MN EThU BThBA KD UIGBRU AMIM OL AERTS ChMShIM UMETh IUM

Chapter 8 The Flood Subsides

- 1 God remembered Noah, and every living thing, and all the cattle that were AChIA UETh KL ABAMA EShR with him in the ark; and God made a wind to pass over the earth, and the waters assuaged;
- 2 the fountains also of the deep and the B UISKRU MOINTh ThAUM windows of heaven were stopped, and the rain from heaven was restrained.
- 3 The waters returned from off the earth continually; and after the end of a ALUK UShUB UIChSRU AMIM hundred and fifty days the waters decreased.
- **4** The ark rested in the seventh month. on the seventeenth day of the month, upon the mountains of Ararat.
- 5 The waters decreased continually until the tenth month; in the tenth month, on the first day of the month, were the tops of the mountains seen.
- 6 It came to pass at the end of forty days, that Noah opened the window of the ark which he had made.
- 7 He sent forth a raven, and it went forth to and fro, until the waters were dried up from off the earth.
- 8 He sent forth a dove from him, to see Ch UIShLCh ETh AIUNA METhU if the waters were abated from off the face of the ground.
- 9 But the dove found no rest for the sole of her foot, and she returned unto him to the ark, for the waters were on the face of the whole earth; and he put forth his hand, and took her, and brought her in unto him into the ark.
- 10 He stayed yet other seven days; and I UIChL OUD ShBOTh IMIM again he sent forth the dove out of the ark.

- E UIZKR ELAIM ETh NCh UETh KL ETHU BTHBA UIOBR ELAIM RUCH OL AERTs UIShKU AMIM
- UERBTh AShMIM UIKLE AGShM MN AShMIM G UIShBU AMIM MOL AERTs
- MOTsA ChMShIM UMETh IUM
- D UThNCh AThBA BChDSh AShBIOI BShBOA OShR IUM LChDSh OL ARI **ERRT**
- A UAMIM AIU ALUK UChSUR OD AChDSh AOShIRI BOShIRI BEChD LChDSh NREU REShI AARIM
- U UIAI MQTs ERBOIM IUM UIFThCh NCh ETh ChLUN AThBA EShR OShA
- Z UIShLCh ETh AORB UITsE ITsUE UShUB OD IBShTh AMIM MOL **AERTs**
- LREUTh AQLU AMIM MOL FNI **AEDMA**
- T ULE MTsEA AIUNA MNUCh LKF RGLA UThShB ELIU EL AThBA KI MIM OL FNI KL AERTs UIShLCh IDU UIQChA UIBE EThA ELIU EL AThBA
- EChRIM UISF ShLCh ETh AIUNA MN AThBA

- 11 The dove came in to him at eventide; and lo in her mouth an oliveleaf freshly plucked; so Noah knew that the waters were abated from off the earth.
- 12 He stayed yet other seven days; and sent forth the dove; and she returned not again unto him any more.
- 13 It came to pass in the six hundred and first year, in the first month, the first day of the month, the waters were dried up from off the earth; and Noah removed the covering of the ark, and looked, and behold, the face of the ground was dried.
- 14 In the second month, on the seven and twentieth day of the month, was the earth dry. {S}
- 15 God spoke unto Noah, saying: 16 'Go forth from the ark, you, and your wife, and your sons, and your sons' wives with you.
- 17 Bring forth with you every living thing that is with you of all flesh, both flying creature, and cattle, and every creeping thing that creeps upon the earth; that they may swarm in the earth, OL AERTs and be fruitful, and increase upon the earth.'
- 18 Noah went forth, and his sons, and his wife, and his sons' wives with him; 19 every beast, every creeping thing, and every flying creature, whatsoever moves upon the earth, after their families; went forth out of the ark.
- 20 Noah built an altar unto IAUA; and took of every clean beast, and of every clean flying creature, and offered burnt-offerings on the altar.
- 21 IAUA smelled the sweet savor; and IAUA said in His heart: 'I will not again curse the ground any more for man's sake; for the imagination of man's heart is evil from his youth; neither will I again smite any more every thing living, as I have done.

IE UTHBE ELIU AIUNA LOTH ORB UANA OLA ZITH TRF BFIA UIDO NCH KI QLU AMIM MOL AERTS

IB UIIChL OUD ShBOTH IMIM
ECHRIM UISHLCH ETH AIUNA ULE
ISFA SHUB ELIU OUD
IG UIAI BECHTH USHSH MEUTH
SHNA BRESHUN BECHD LCHDSH
CHRBU AMIM MOL AERTS UISR
NCH ETH MKSA ATHBA UIRE UANA
CHRBU FNI AEDMA

ID UBChDSh AShNI BShBOA
UOShRIM IUM LChDSh IBShA
AERTs {S}
TU UIDBR ELAIM EL NCh LEMR
TZ TsE MN AThBA EThA UEShThK
UBNIK UNShI BNIK EThK

IZ KL ACHIA ESHR ETHK MKL BSHR BOUF UBBAMA UBKL ARMSH ARMSH OL AERTS AUTSE (AITSE) ETHK USHRTSU BERTS UFRU URBU OL AERTS

ICh UITsE NCh UBNIU UEShThU UNSHI BNIU ETHU IT KL ACHIA KL ARMSH UKL AOUF KL RUMSH OL AERTS LMSHFCHTHIAM ITSEU MN ATHBA

K UIBN NCh MZBCh LIAUA UIQCh MKL ABAMA ATARA UMKL AOUF ATAUR UIOL OLTh BMZBCh

KE UIRCh IAUA ETH RICH ANICHCH UIEMR IAUA EL LBU LE ESF LQLL OUD ETH AEDMA BOBUR AEDM KI ITSR LB AEDM RO MNORIU ULE ESF OUD LAKUTH ETH KL CHI KESHR OSHITHI

22 While the earth remains, seedtime and harvest, and cold and heat, and summer and winter, and day and night shall not cease.'

KB OD KL IMI AERTS ZRO UQTSIR UQR UCHM UQITS UCHRF UIUM ULILA LE ISHBTHU

Chapter 9 Covenant of the Rainbow

- 1 God blessed Noah and his sons, and said unto them: 'Be fruitful and increase, and replenish the earth.

 E UIBRK ELAIM ETH NCH UETH BNIU UIEMR LAM FRU URBU UMLEU ETH AERTs
- 2 The fear of you and the dread of you shall be upon every beast of the earth, and upon every flying creature of the heavens, and upon all wherewith the ground swarms, and upon all the fishes of the sea: into your hand are they delivered.
- **3** Every moving thing that lives shall be for food for you; as the green herb have I given you all.
- 4 Only flesh with the life thereof, which is the blood thereof, shall you not eat.
- 5 Surely your blood of your lives will I require; at the hand of every beast will I require it; and at the hand of man, even at the hand of every man's brother, will I require the life of man.
- **6** Whoso sheds man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed; for in the image of God made He man.
- 7 You, be you fruitful, and increase; swarm in the earth, and increase therein.' {S}
- 8 God spoke unto Noah, and to his sons with him, saying:
- 9 'As for Me, behold, I establish My covenant with you, and with your seed after you;
- 10 and with every living creature that is with you, the flying creature, the cattle, and every beast of the earth with you; of all that go out of the ark, even every beast of the earth.
- 11 I will establish My covenant with you; neither shall all flesh be cut off any more by the waters of the flood; neither shall

E UIBRK ELAIM ETH NCH UETH BNIU UIEMR LAM FRU URBU UMLEU ETH AERTS B UMUREKM UCHTHKM IAIA OL KL CHITH AERTS UOL KL OUF ASHMIM BKL ESHR THRMSH AEDMA UBKL DGI

G KL RMSh EShR AUE CHI LKM IAIA LEKLA KIRQ OShB NThTHI LKM ETh KL

D EK BShR BNFShU DMU LE ThEKLU

AIM BIDKM NThNU

A UEK ETh DMKM LNFShThIKM EDRSh MID KL CHIA EDRSHNU UMID AEDM MID EISH ECHIU EDRSH ETH NFSH AEDM

U ShFK DM AEDM BEDM DMU IShFK KI BTsLM ELAIM OShA ETh AEDM Z UEThM FRU URBU ShRTsU BERTs URBU BA {S}

Ch UIEMR ELAIM EL NCh UEL BNIU ETHU LEMR T UENI ANNI MQIM ETH BRITHI ETHKM UETH ZROKM ECHRIKM

I UETH KL NFSH ACHIA ESHR ETHKM BOUF BBAMA UBKL CHITH AERTS ETHKM MKL ITSEI ATHBA LKL CHITH AERTS

IE UAQMTHI ETH BRITHI ETHKM ULE IKRTH KL BSHR OUD MMI AMBUL ULE IAIA OUD MBUL LShChTH AERTS there any more be a flood to destroy the earth.'

- 12 God said: 'This is the token of the covenant which I make between Me and you and every living creature that is with you, for perpetual generations:
- 13 I have set My bow in the cloud, and it shall be for a token of a covenant between Me and the earth.
- 14 It shall come to pass, when I bring clouds over the earth, and the bow is seen in the cloud.
- 15 that I will remember My covenant, which is between Me and you and every living creature of all flesh; and the waters shall no more become a flood to destroy all AMIM LMBUL LShChTh KL flesh.
- **16** The bow shall be in the cloud; and I will look upon it, that I may remember the everlasting covenant between God and every living creature of all flesh that is upon the earth.'
- 17 God said unto Noah: 'This is the token of the covenant which I have established between Me and all flesh that is upon the earth.' {P}
- **18** The sons of Noah, that went forth from the ark, were Shem, and Ham, and Japheth; and Ham is the father of Canaan. 19 These three were the sons of Noah, and
- of these was the whole earth overspread.
- 20 Noah the husbandman began, and planted a vineyard.
- 21 He drank of the wine and was drunk. He was uncovered within his tent.
- 22 Ham, the father of Canaan, saw the nakedness of his father, and told his two brethren without.
- 23 Shem and Japheth took a garment, and laid it upon both their shoulders, and went backward, and covered the nakedness of their father; and their faces were backward, UIKSU ETh ORUTh EBIAM and they saw not their father's nakedness.
- 24 Noah awoke from his wine, and knew what his youngest son had done unto him.

IB UIEMR ELAIM ZETh EUTh ABRITH ESHR ENI NTHN BINI UBINIKM UBIN KL NFSh ChIA EShR EThKM LDRTh OULM IG ETh QShThI NThThI BONN UAIThA LEUTh BRITh BINI UBIN AERTs **ID** UAIA BONNI ONN OL AERTS

TU UZKRThI ETh BRIThI EShR BINI UBINIKM UBIN KL NFSh

UNRETHA AOShTh BONN

ChIA BKL BShR ULE IAIA OUD **BShR**

TZ UAIThA AQShTh BONN UREITHIA LZKR BRITH OULM BIN ELAIM UBIN KL NFSh ChIA BKL BShR EShR OL AERTs

IZ UIEMR ELAIM EL NCh ZETh EUTh ABRITh EShR AQMThI BINI UBIN KL BShR EShR OL AERTs {F}

ICh UIAIU BNI NCh AITsEIM MN AThBA ShM UChM UIFTh UChM AUE EBI KNON IT ShLShA ELA BNI NCh

UMELA NFTsA KL AERTs K UIChL NCh EISh AEDMA UITO KRM

KE UIShTh MN AIIN UIShKR UIThGL BThUK EALA KB UIRE ChM EBI KNON ETh

ORUTh EBIU UIGD LShNI ECHIU **BChUTs**

KG UIOCh ShM UIFTh ETh AShMLA UIShIMU OL ShKM ShNIAM UILKU EChRNITh UFNIAM ECHRNITH UORUTH EBIAM LE REU

KD UIIQTs NCh MIINU UIDO ETh EShR OShA LU BNU AQTN

servants shall he be unto his brethren.

26 He said: Blessed be IAUA, the God of Shem; and let Canaan be their servant.

in the tents of Shem; and let Canaan be their servant.

and fifty years.

and fifty years; and he died. {P}

25 He said: Cursed be Canaan: a servant of KA UIEMR ERUR KNON OBD OBDIM IAIA LECHIU KU UIEMR BRUK IAUA ELAI ShM UIAI KNON OBD LMU 27 God enlarge Japheth, and he shall dwell KZ IFTh ELAIM LIFTh UIShKN BEALI ShM UIAI KNON OBD

28 Noah lived after the flood three hundred KCh UIChI NCh EChR AMBUL ShLSh MEUTh ShNA UChMShIM ShNA

29 All the days of Noah were nine hundred KT UIAIU KL IMI NCh ThShO MEUTh ShNA UChMShIM ShNA UIMTh {F}

Chapter 10 Descendants of Noah

LMU

1 Now these are the generations of the sons E UELA ThULDTh BNI NCh ShM of Noah: Shem, Ham, and Japheth; and unto them were sons born after the flood.

2 The sons of Japheth: Gomer, and Magog, and Madai, and Javan, and Tubal, and Meshech, and Tiras.

3 The sons of Gomer: Ashkenaz, and Riphath, and Togarmah.

4 The sons of Javan: Elishah, and Tarshish, D UBNI IUN ELIShA UThRShISh Kittim, and Dodanim.

5 Of these were the isles of the nations divided in their lands, every one after his tongue, after their families, in their nations. LMShFChThM BGUIAM 6 The sons of Ham: Cush, and Mizraim, and Put, and Canaan.

7 The sons of Cush: Seba, and Havilah, and Z UBNI KUSh SBE UChUILA Sabtah, and Raamah, and Sabteca; and the sons of Raamah: Sheba, and Dedan.

8 Cush begot Nimrod; he began to be a mighty one in the earth.

9 He was a mighty hunter before IAUA; wherefore it is said: 'Like Nimrod a mighty hunter before IAUA.'

10 The beginning of his kingdom was Babel, and Erech, and Accad, and Calneh, in the land of Shinar.

11 Out of that land went forth Asshur, and builded Nineveh, and Rehoboth-ir, and Calah,

ChM UIFTh UIULDU LAM BNIM EChR AMBUL

B BNI IFTh GMR UMGUG UMDI UIUN UThBL UMShK UThIRS

G UBNI GMR EShKNZ URIFTh **UThGRMA**

KThIM UDDNIM A MELA NFRDU EII AGUIM

BERTsThM EISh LLShNU U UBNI ChM KUSh UMTsRIM UFUT UKNON

USBThA UROMA USBThKE UBNI ROMA ShBE UDDN Ch UKUSh ILD ETh NMRD AUE

AChL LAIUTh GBR BERTs T AUE AIA GBR TsID LFNI IAUA OL KN IEMR KNMRD

GBUR TsID LFNI IAUA I UThAI REShITh MMLKThU

BBL UERK UEKD UKLNA BERTs ShNOR

IE MN AERTS AAUE ITSE ESHUR UIBN ETH NINUA UETH RChBTh OIR UETh KLCh

- 12 and Resen between Nineveh and Calah-- IB UETh RSN BIN NINUA UBIN the same is the great city.
- 13 Mizraim begot Ludim, and Anamim, and Lehabim, and Naphtuhim,
- 14 and Pathrusim, and Casluhim--whence went forth the Philistines--and Caphtorim.
- 15 Canaan begot Zidon his firstborn, and
- 16 and the Jebusite, and the Amorite, and the Girgashite;
- 17 and the Hivite, and the Arkite, and the Sinite:
- 18 and the Arvadite, and the Zemarite, and the Hamathite; and afterward were the families of the Canaanite spread abroad.
- 19 The border of the Canaanite was from Zidon, as you go toward Gerar, unto Gaza; as you go toward Sodom and Gomorrah and BEKA SDMA UOMRA UEDMA Admah and Zeboiim, unto Lasha.
- 20 These are the sons of Ham, after their families, after their tongues, in their lands, in their nations. {S}
- 21 Unto Shem, the father of all the children KE ULShM ILD GM AUE EBI of Eber, the elder brother of Japheth, to him KL BNI OBR ECHI IFTh AGDUL also were children born.
- 22 The sons of Shem: Elam, and Asshur, and Arpachshad, and Lud, and Aram.
- 23 The sons of Aram: Uz, and Hul, and Gether, and Mash.
- 24 Arpachshad begot Shelah; and Shelah begot Eber.
- 25 Unto Eber were born two sons; the name KA ULOBR ILD ShNI BNIM of the one was Peleg; for in his days was the earth divided; and his brother's name was Joktan.
- 26 Joktan begot Almodad, and Sheleph, and KU UIQTN ILD ETh ELMUDD Hazarmaveth, and Jerah;
- 27 and Hadoram, and Uzal, and Diklah;
- 28 and Obal, and Abimael, and Sheba;
- 29 and Ophir, and Havilah, and Jobab; all these were the sons of Joktan.

- KLCh AUE AOIR AGDLA IG UMTsRIM ILD ETh LUDIM UETh ONMIM UETh LABIM **UETh NFThChIM ID** UETh FThRSIM UETh
- KSLChIM EShR ITsEU MShM FLShThIM UETh KFThRIM {S} TU UKNON ILD ETh TsIDN BKRU UETh ChTh
- TZ UETh AIBUSI UETh AEMRI UETh AGRGShI
- IZ UETh AChUI UETh AORQI UETh ASINI
- ICh UETh AERUDI UETh ATSMRI UETh AChMThI UEChR NFTsU MShFChUTh AKNONI IT UIAI GBUL AKNONI MTsIDN BEKA GRRA OD OZA UTsBIM OD LShO
- K ELA BNI ChM LMShFChThM LLShNThM BERTsThM BGUIAM {S}
- **KB** BNI ShM OILM UEShUR UERFKShD ULUD UERM KG UBNI ERM OUTs UCHUL UGThR UMSh
- **KD** UERFKShD ILD ETh ShLCh UShLCh ILD ETh OBR
- ShM AEChD FLG KI BIMIU NFLGA AERTs UShM EChIU **IQTN**
- UETh ShLF UETh ChTsRMUTh UETh IRCh
- **KZ** UETh ADURM UETh EUZL **UETh DQLA**
- KCh UETh OUBL UETh EBIMEL **UETh ShBE**
- KT UETh EUFR UETh ChUILA UETh IUBB KL ELA BNI IQTN

- 30 Their dwelling was from Mesha, as you L UIAI MUShBM MMShE BEKA go toward Sephar, unto the mountain of the SFRA AR AQDM east.
- **31** These are the sons of Shem, after their families, after their tongues, in their lands, after their nations.
- **32** These are the families of the sons of Noah, after their generations, in their nations; and of these were the nations divided in the earth after the flood. {P}

LE ELA BNI ShM LMShFChThM LLShNThM BERTsThM LGUIAM

LB ELA MShFChTh BNI NCh LThULDThM BGUIAM UMELA NFRDU AGUIM BERTs EChR AMBUL {F}

Chapter 11

Universal Language, Babel, Confusion

- 1 The whole earth was of one language and of one speech.
- 2 It came to pass, as they journeyed east, that they found a plain in the land of Shinar; and they dwelt there.
- 3 They said one to another: 'Come, let us make brick, and burn them thoroughly.' They had brick for stone, and slime had they for mortar.
- 4 They said: 'Come, let us build us a city, and a tower, with its top in heaven, and let UMGDL UREShU BShMIM us make us a name; unless we be scattered UNOShA LNU ShM FN NFUTs OL abroad upon the face of the whole earth.' 5 IAUA came down to see the city and the A UIRD IAUA LRETH ETH AOIR tower, which the children of men built.
- 6 IAUA said: 'Behold, they are one people, and they have all one language; and this is what they begin to do; and now AChLM LOShUTh UOThA LE nothing will be withheld from them, which IBTsR MAM KL EShR IZMU they purpose to do.
- 7 Come, let us go down, and there confound their language, that they may not ShFThM EShR LE IShMOU EISh understand one another's speech.'
- 8 So IAUA scattered them abroad from thence upon the face of all the earth; and they left off to build the city.
- 9 Therefore was the name of it called Babel: because IAUA did there confound the language of all the earth; and from thence did IAUA scatter them abroad upon KL AERTs {F} the face of all the earth. {P}

E UIAI KL AERTs ShFA EChTh UDBRIM EChDIM

B UIAI BNSOM MQDM UIMTsEU BOOA BERTs ShNOR UIShBU ShM

G UIEMRU EISh EL ROAU ABA NLBNA LBNIM UNShRFA LShRFA UThAI LAM ALBNA LEBN UACHMR AIA LAM LChMR

D UIEMRU ABA NBNA LNU OIR FNI KL AERTs

UETh AMGDL EShR BNU BNI AEDM

U UIEMR IAUA AN OM EChD UShFA EChTh LKLM UZA LOShUTh

Z ABA NRDA UNBLA ShM ShFTh ROAU

Ch UIFTs IAUA EThM MShM OL FNI KL AERTs UIChDLU LBNTh AOIR

T OL KN QRE ShMA BBL KI ShM BLL IAUA ShFTh KL AERTs UMShM AFITsM IAUA OL FNI

Descendants of Shem

- 10 These are the generations of Shem. Shem was a hundred years old, and begot Arpachshad two years after the flood.
- 11 Shem lived after he begot Arpachshad five hundred years, and begot sons and daughters. {S}
- 12 Arpachshad lived five and thirty years, and begot Shelah.
- 13 Arpachshad lived after he begot Shelah IG UIChI ERFKShD EChRI four hundred and three years, and begot sons and daughters. {S} ShNIM UERBO MEUTh Shl
- **14** Shelah lived thirty years, and begot Eber.
- 15 Shelah lived after he begot Eber four hundred and three years, and begot sons and daughters. {S}
- **16** Eber lived four and thirty years, and begot Peleg.
- 17 Eber lived after he begot Peleg four hundred and thirty years, and begot sons and daughters. {S}
- 18 Peleg lived thirty years, and begot Reu. ICh UIChI FLG ShLShIM ShNA
- 19 Peleg lived after he begot Reu two hundred and nine years, and begot sons and daughters. {S}
- **20** Reu lived two and thirty years, and begot Serug.
- 21 Reu lived after he begot Serug two hundred and seven years, and begot sons and daughters. {S}
- **22** Serug lived thirty years, and begot Nahor.
- 23 Serug lived after he begot Nahor two hundred years, and begot sons and daughters. {S}

I ELA THULDTH SHM SHM BN METH SHNA UIULD ETH ERFKSHD SHNTHIM ECHR AMBUL

IE UICHI SHM ECHRI AULIDU ETH ERFKSHD CHMSH MEUTH SHNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTH {S} IB UERFKSHD CHI CHMSH

UShLShIM ShNA UIULD ETH ShLCh

IG UICHI ERFKSHD ECHRI AULIDU ETH SHLCH SHLSH SHNIM UERBO MEUTH SHNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTH {S} ID USHLCH CHI SHLSHIM SHNA UIULD ETH OBR

TU UICHI ShLCh ECHRI AULIDU ETH OBR ShLSH SHNIM UERBO MEUTH SHNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTH {S}

TZ UICHI OBR ERBO UShLSHIM ShNA UIULD ETH FLG IZ UICHI OBR ECHRI AULIDU ETH FLG SHLSHIM SHNA UERBO MEUTH SHNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTH {S}

ICh UICHI FLG ShLSHIM ShNA UIULD ETH ROU IT UICHI FLG ECHRI AULIDU ETH ROU THSHO SHNIM

UMETHIM SHNA UIULD BNIM
UBNUTh {S}

K UICHI ROU SHTHIM USHLSHIM SHNA UIULD ETH SHRUG KE UICHI ROU ECHRI AULIDU ETH SHRUG SHBO SHNIM UMETHIM SHNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTH {S}

KB UICHI ShRUG ShLShIM ShNA UIULD ETh NChUR

KG UICHI SHRUG ECHRI AULIDU ETH NCHUR METHIM SHNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTH {S}

- 24 Nahor lived nine and twenty years, and KD UICHI NCHUR ThShO begot Terah.
- 25 Nahor lived after he begot Terah a hundred and nineteen years, and begot sons and daughters. {S}
- 26 Terah lived seventy years, and begot Abram, Nahor, and Haran.
- 27 Now these are the generations of Terah. KZ UELA ThULDTh ThRCh Terah begot Abram, Nahor, and Haran; and Haran begot Lot.
- 28 Haran died in the presence of his father KCh UIMTh ARN OL FNI ThRCh Terah in the land of his nativity, in Ur of the Chaldees.
- 29 Abram and Nahor took them wives: the KT UIQCh EBRM UNChUR LAM name of Abram's wife was Sarai; and the name of Nahor's wife, Milcah, the daughter of Haran, the father of Milcah, and the father of Iscah.
- 30 Sarai was barren: she had no child.
- 31 Terah took Abram his son, and Lot the son of Haran, his son's son, and Sarai his daughter-in-law, his son Abram's wife; and they went forth with them from Ur of the Chaldees, to go into the land of Canaan; and they came unto Haran, and dwelt there.
- 32 The days of Terah were two hundred and five years; and Terah died in Haran. {**P**}

UOShRIM ShNA UIULD ETh ThRCh

KA UICHI NCHUR ECHRI AULIDU ETh ThRCh ThShO OShRA ShNA UMETh ShNA UIULD BNIM UBNUTh {S} KU UICHI ThRCh ShBOIM ShNA UIULD ETh EBRM ETh NChUR **UETh ARN**

ThRCh AULID ETh EBRM ETh NChUR UETh ARN UARN AULID ETh LUT

EBIU BERTs MULDThU BEUR **KShDIM**

NShIM ShM EShTh EBRM ShRI UShM EShTh NChUR MLKA BTh ARN EBI MLKA UEBI ISKA

L UThAI ShRI OQRA EIN LA ULD

LE UIQCh ThRCh ETh EBRM BNU UETh LUT BN ARN BN BNU UETh ShRI KLThU EShTh EBRM BNU UITsEU EThM MEUR KShDIM LLKTh ERTsA KNON UIBEU OD ChRN UIShBU ShM

LB UIAIU IMI ThRCh ChMSh ShNIM UMETHIM ShNA UIMTh ThRCh BChRN {F}

Chapter 12 Abram Journeys to Egypt

- 1 Now IAUA said unto Abram: 'Get you E UIEMR IAUA EL EBRM LK LK out of your country, and from your MERTsK UMMULDThK UMBITh kindred, and from your father's house, EBIK EL AERTs EShR EREK unto the land that I will show you.
- 2 I will make of you a great nation, and I B UEOShK LGUI GDUL UEBRKK will bless you, and make your name UEGDLA ShMK UAIA BRKA great; and be you a blessing.

- 3 I will bless them that bless you, and him that curses you will I curse; and in you shall all the families of the earth be blessed.'
- 4 So Abram went, as IAUA had spoken unto him; and Lot went with him; and Abram was seventy and five years old when he departed out of Haran.
- 5 Abram took Sarai his wife, and Lot his A UIQCh EBRM ETh ShRI EShThU brother's son, and all their substance that UETh LUT BN EChIU UETh KL they had gathered, and the souls that they had gotten in Haran; and they went ANFSh EShR OShU BChRN UITsEU forth to go into the land of Canaan; and into the land of Canaan they came.
- 6 Abram passed through the land unto the place of Shechem, unto the terebinth ShKM OD ELUN MURA UAKNONI of Moreh. The Canaanite was then in the EZ BERTs land.
- 7 IAUA appeared unto Abram, and said: Z UIRE IAUA EL EBRM UIEMR 'Unto your seed will I give this land'; and he built there an altar unto IAUA. who appeared unto him.
- **8** He removed from thence unto the mountain on the east of Beth-el, and pitched his tent, having Beth-el on the west, and Ai on the east; and he built there an altar unto IAUA, and called upon the name of IAUA.
- 9 Abram journeyed, going on still toward the South. {P}
- 10 There was a famine in the land; and Abram went down into Egypt to sojourn MTsRIMA LGUR ShM KI KBD there; for the famine was sore in the land.
- 11 It came to pass, when he was come near to enter into Egypt, that he said unto Sarai his wife: 'Behold now, I know that you are a fair woman to look upon.
- 12 It will come to pass, when the Egyptians shall see you, that they will say: This is his wife; and they will kill me, but you they will keep alive.
- 13 Say, I pray you, you are my sister; that it may be well with me for your

G UEBRKA MBRKIK UMQLLK EER UNBRKU BK KL MShFChTh AEDMA

D UILK EBRM KEShR DBR ELIU IAUA UILK EThU LUT UEBRM BN ChMSh ShNIM UShBOIM ShNA BTsEThU MChRN

RKUShM EShR RKShU UETh LLKTh ERTsA KNON UIBEU ERTsA KNON

U UIOBR EBRM BERTS OD MQUM

LZROK EThN ETh AERTs AZETh UIBN ShM MZBCh LIAUA ANREA **ELIU**

Ch UIOThQ MShM AARA MQDM LBITH EL UIT EALA BITH EL MIM UAOI MQDM UIBN ShM MZBCh LIAUA UIORE BShM IAUA

T UISO EBRM ALUK UNSUO ANGBA {F} I UIAI ROB BERTS UIRD EBRM AROB BERTS

IE UIAI KEShR AQRIB LBUE MTsRIMA UIEMR EL ShRI EShThU ANA NE IDOTHI KI ESHA IFTH MREA ETh

IB UAIA KI IREU EThK AMTsRIM UEMRU EShThU ZETh UARGU EThI UEThK IChIU

IG EMRI NE ECHTHI ETH LMON IITB LI BOBURK UCHITHA NFSHI **BGLLK**

sake, and that my soul may live because of you.'

14 It came to pass, that, when Abram was come into Egypt, the Egyptians beheld the woman that she was very fair.

15 The princes of Pharaoh saw her, and praised her to Pharaoh; and the woman was taken into Pharaoh's house.

16 He dealt well with Abram for her sake; and he had sheep, and oxen, and he-asses, and men-servants, and maidservants, and she-asses, and camels. 17 IAUA plagued Pharaoh and his

house with great plagues because of Sarai Abram's wife.

18 Pharaoh called Abram, and said: 'What is this that you have done unto me? why didst you not tell me that she was your wife?

19 Why said you: She is my sister? so that I took her to be my wife; now therefore behold your wife, take her, and ANA EShThK OCh ULK go your way.'

20 Pharaoh gave men charge concerning K UITsU OLIU FROA ENSHIM him; and they brought him on the way, and his wife, and all that he had.

ID UIAI KBUE EBRM MTsRIMA UIREU AMTsRIM ETh AEShA KI IFA AUE MED

TU UIREU EThA ShRI FROA UIALLU EThA EL FROA UThOCh AEShA BITh FROA TZ ULEBRM AITIB BOBURA UIAI

LU TsEN UBOR UChMRIM UOBDIM UShFChTh UEThNTh **UGMLIM**

NGOIM GDLIM UETh BIThU OL DBR ShRI EShTh EBRM ICh UIORE FROA LEBRM UIEMR MA ZETh OShITh LI LMA LE AGDTh LI KI EShThK AUE

IZ UINGO IAUA ETh FROA

IT LMA EMRTh EChThI AUE UEOCh EThA LI LEShA UOThA

UIShLChU EThU UETh EShThU UETh KL EShR LU

Chapter 13 Abram and Lot

1 Abram went up out of Egypt, he, and his E UIOL EBRM MMTsRIM AUE wife, and all that he had, and Lot with him, UEShThU UKL EShR LU ULUT into the South.

2 Abram was very rich in cattle, in silver, and in gold.

3 He went on his journeys from the South even to Beth-el, unto the place where his tent had been at the beginning, between Beth-el and Ai;

4 unto the place of the altar, which he had made there at the first; and Abram called there on the name of IAUA.

5 Lot also, who went with Abram, had flocks, and herds, and tents.

OMU ANGBA

B UEBRM KBD MED BMQNA **BKSF UBZAB**

G UILK LMSOIU MNGB UOD BITh EL OD AMQUM EShR AIA ShM EALA BThChLA BIN BITh EL UBIN AOI

D EL MQUM AMZBCh EShR OShA ShM BREShNA UIQRE ShM EBRM BShM IAUA A UGM LLUT AALK ETh EBRM AIA TsEN UBQR UEALIM

- **6** The land was not able to bear them, that they might dwell together; for their substance was great, so that they could not RB ULE IKLU LShBTh IChDU dwell together.
- 7 There was a strife between the herdsmen Z UIAI RIB BIN ROI MQNA of Abram's cattle and the herdsmen of Lot's cattle. The Canaanite and the Perizzite dwelt then in the land.
- 8 Abram said unto Lot: 'Let there be no strife, I pray you, between me and you, and ThAI MRIBA BINI UBINK UBIN between my herdsmen and your herdsmen; ROI UBIN ROIK KI ENShIM for we are brethren.
- **9** Is not the whole land before you? separate yourself, I pray you, from me; if you will take the left hand, then I will go to UEM AIMIN UEShMEILA the right; or if you take the right hand, then I will go to the left.'
- 10 Lot lifted up his eyes, and beheld all the I UIShE LUT ETh OINIU UIRE plain of the Jordan, that it was well watered every where, before IAUA destroyed Sodom and Gomorrah, like the garden of IAUA, like the land of Egypt, as you go unto Zoar.
- 11 So Lot chose him all the plain of the Jordan; and Lot journeyed east; and they separated themselves the one from the other.
- 12 Abram dwelt in the land of Canaan, and IB EBRM IShB BERTs KNON Lot dwelt in the cities of the Plain, and moved his tent as far as Sodom.
- 13 Now the men of Sodom were wicked and sinners against IAUA exceedingly.
- 14 IAUA said unto Abram, after that Lot was separated from him: 'Lift up now your eyes, and look from the place where you are, northward and southward and eastward and westward:
- 15 for all the land which you see, to you will I give it, and to your seed for ever.
- **16** I will make your seed as the dust of the earth; so that if a man can number the dust of the earth, then shall your seed also be numbered.

U ULE NShE EThM AERTs LShBTh IChDU KI AIA RKUShM

EBRM UBIN ROI MQNA LUT UAKNONI UAFRZI EZ IShB **BERTs**

Ch UIEMR EBRM EL LUT EL NE ECHIM ENCHNU

T ALE KL AERTS LFNIK AFRD NE MOLI EM AShMEL UEIMNA

ETh KL KKR AIRDN KI KLA MShQA LFNI ShChTh IAUA ETh SDM UETh OMRA KGN IAUA KERTs MTsRIM BEKA TsOR

IE UIBChR LU LUT ETh KL KKR AIRDN UISO LUT MQDM UIFRDU EISh MOL ECHIU

ULUT IShB BORI AKKR UIEAL OD SDM

IG UENShI SDM ROIM UChTEIM LIAUA MED

ID UIAUA EMR EL EBRM EChRI AFRD LUT MOMU ShE NE OINIK UREA MN AMOUM EShR EThA ShM TsFNA UNGBA UQDMA UIMA

TU KI ETh KL AERTs EShR EThA REA LK EThNNA ULZROK OD OULM

TZ UShMThI ETh ZROK KOFR AERTs EShR EM IUKL EISh LMNUTh ETh OFR AERTs GM ZROK IMNA

17 Arise, walk through the land in the length of it and in the breadth of it; for unto you will I give it.'

18 Abram moved his tent, and came and dwelt by the terebinths of Mamre, which are in Hebron, and built there an altar unto IAUA. {P}

IZ QUM AThALK BERTs LERKA ULRChBA KILK EThNNA

ICh UIEAL EBRM UIBE UIShB BELNI MMRE EShR BChBRUN UIBN ShM MZBCh LIAUA {F}

Chapter 14 War of the Kings

1 It came to pass in the days of Amraphel king of Shinar, Arioch king of Ellasar, Chedorlaomer king of Elam, and Tidal king of Goiim,

2 that they made war with Bera king of Sodom, and with Birsha king of Gomorrah, MLK SDM UETh BRShO MLK Shinab king of Admah, and Shemeber king OMRA ShNEB MLK EDMA of Zeboiim, and the king of Bela--the same UShMEBR MLK TsBIIM UMLK is Zoar.

3 All these came as allies unto the vale of Siddim--the same is the Salt Sea.

4 Twelve years they served Chedorlaomer, and in the thirteenth year they rebelled.

5 In the fourteenth year came Chedorlaomer and the kings that were with KDRLOMR UAMLKIM EShR him, and smote the Rephaim in Ashterothkarnaim, and the Zuzim in Ham, and the Emim in Shaveh-kiriathaim.

6 and the Horites in their mount Seir, unto El-paran, which is by the wilderness. 7 They turned back, and came to Enmishpat--the same is Kadesh--and smote all the country of the Amalekites, and also the Amorites, that dwelt in Hazazon-tamar. 8 There went out the king of Sodom, and the king of Gomorrah, and the king of Admah, and the king of Zeboiim, and the king of Bela--the same is Zoar; and they set the battle in array against them in the vale of Siddim:

9 against Chedorlaomer king of Elam, and Tidal king of Goiim, and Amraphel king of UThDOL MLK GUIM UEMRFL Shinar, and Arioch king of Ellasar; four kings against the five.

E UIAI BIMI EMRFL MLK ShNOR ERIUK MLK ELSR KDRLOMR MLK OILM UThDOL MLK GUIM

B OShU MLChMA ETh BRO BLO AIE TsOR

G KL ELA ChBRU EL OMQ AShDIM AUE IM AMLCh **D** ShThIM OShRA ShNA OBDU ETh KDRLOMR UShLSh OShRA ShNA MRDU

A UBERBO OShRA ShNA BE EThU UIKU ETh RFEIM BOShThRTh QRNIM UETh AZUZIM BAM UETh AEIMIM BShUA QRIThIM

U UETh AChRI BARRM ShOIR OD EIL FERN EShR OL AMDBR Z UIShBU UIBEU EL OIN MShFT AUE QDSh UIKU ETh KL ShDA AOMLOI UGM ETh AEMRI AIShB BChTsTsN ThMR Ch UITsE MLK SDM UMLK OMRA UMLK EDMA UMLK TsBIIM UMLK BLO AUE TsOR

UIORKU EThM MLChMA BOMQ **AShDIM**

T ETh KDRLOMR MLK OILM MLK ShNOR UERIUK MLK

10 Now the vale of Siddim was full of slime pits; and the kings of Sodom and Gomorrah fled, and they fell there, and they that remained fled to the mountain. 11 They took all the goods of Sodom and

Gomorrah, and all their victuals, and went their way.

12 They took Lot, Abram's brother's son, who dwelt in Sodom, and his goods, and departed.

13 There came one that had escaped, and told Abram the Hebrew--now he dwelt by the terebinths of Mamre the Amorite, brother of Eshcol, and brother of Aner; and UEChI ONR UAM BOLI BRITh these were confederate with Abram.

14 When Abram heard that his brother was ID UIShMO EBRM KI NShBA taken captive, he led forth his trained men, born in his house, three hundred and eighteen, and pursued as far as Dan. 15 He divided himself against them by

night, he and his servants, and smote them, and pursued them unto Hobah, which is on ChUBA EShR MShMEL LDMShQ the left hand of Damascus.

16 He brought back all the goods, and also brought back his brother Lot, and his goods, and the women also, and the people. UGM ETh ANShIM UETh AOM 17 The king of Sodom went out to meet him, after his return from the slaughter of Chedorlaomer and the kings that were with KDRLOMR UETh AMLKIM him, at the vale of Shaveh--the same is the King's Vale.

Melchizedek king of Salem

18 Melchizedek king of Salem brought forth bread and wine; and he was priest of God the Most High.

19 He blessed him, and said: 'Blessed be Abram of God Most High, Maker of heaven and earth:

20 and blessed be God the Most High, who K UBRUK EL OLIUN EShR MGN has delivered your enemies into your hand.' TsRIK BIDK UIThN LU MOShR He gave him a tenth of all.

21 The king of Sodom said unto Abram: 'Give me the persons, and take the goods to ThN LI ANFSh UARKSh QCh LK yourself.'

ELSR ERBOA MLKIM ETh **AChMShA** I UOMQ AShDIM BERTh BERTh ChMR UINSU MLK SDM UOMRA UIFLU ShMA UANShERIM ARA NSU IE UIQChU ETh KL RKSh SDM UOMRA UETH KL EKLM UILKU

IB UIQChU ETh LUT UETh RKShU BN ECHI EBRM UILKU **UAUE IShB BSDM** IG UIBE AFLIT UIGD LEBRM AOBRI UAUE ShKN BELNI MMRE AEMRI ECHI ESHKL **EBRM**

ECHIU UIRQ ETH CHNIKIU ILIDI BITHU ShMNA OShR UShLSh MEUTh UIRDF OD DN TU UIChLQ OLIAM LILA AUE UOBDIU UIKM UIRDFM OD

TZ UIShB ETh KL ARKSh UGM ETh LUT ECHIU URKShU AShIB IZ UITsE MLK SDM LQREThU EChRI ShUBU MAKUTh ETh EShR EThU EL OMQ ShUA AUE OMQ AMLK

ICh UMLKI TsDQ MLK ShLM AUTsIE LChM UIIN UAUE KAN LEL OLIUN

IT UIBRKAU UIEMR BRUK EBRM LEL OLIUN QNA ShMIM **UERTs**

MKI.

KE UIEMR MLK SDM EL EBRM

22 Abram said to the king of Sodom: 'I have lifted up my hand unto IAUA, God Most High, Maker of heaven and earth, 23 that I will not take a thread nor a shoelatchet nor aught that is your, unless you should say: I have made Abram rich;

24 save only that which the young men have eaten, and the portion of the men which went with me, Aner, Eshcol, and Mamre, let them take their portion.' {S} KB UIEMR EBRM EL MLK SDM ARMTHI IDI EL IAUA EL OLIUN QNA ShMIM UERTs

KG EM MChUT UOD ShRUK NOL UEM EQCh MKL EShR LK ULE THEMR ENI AOSHRTHI ETH **EBRM**

KD BLODI RQ EShR EKLU ANORIM UChLQ AENShIM EShR ALKU EThI ONR EShKL UMMRE AM IQChU ChLQM {S}

Chapter 15 **Abram Promised a Son**

1 After these things the word of IAUA came unto Abram in a vision, saying: 'Fear not, Abram, I am your shield, your reward shall be exceeding great.'

2 Abram said: 'O Lord IAUA, what will You give me, seeing I go hence childless, and he that shall be possessor of my house UBN MShQ BIThI AUE DMShQ is Eliezer of Damascus?'

3 Abram said: 'Behold, to me You have given no seed, and, lo, one born in my house is to be mine heir.'

4 And, behold, the word of IAUA came unto him, saying: 'This man shall not be your heir; but he that shall come forth out of your own bowels shall be your heir.'

5 He brought him forth abroad, and said: 'Look now toward heaven, and count the stars, if you be able to count them'; and He said unto him: 'So shall your seed be.' 6 He believed in IAUA; and He counted it U UAEMN BIAUA UIChShBA LU to him for righteousness.

7 He said unto him: 'I am IAUA that brought you out of Ur of the Chaldees, to give you this land to inherit it.'

8 He said: 'O Lord IAUA, whereby shall I Ch UIEMR EDNI IAUA BMA EDO know that I shall inherit it?'

9 He said unto him: 'Take Me a heifer of three years old, and a she-goat of three years old, and a ram of three years old, and a turtle-dove, and a young pigeon.'

E EChR ADBRIM AELA AIA DBR IAUA EL EBRM BMChZA LEMR EL THIRE EBRM ENKI MGN LK ShKRK ARBA MED

B UIEMR EBRM EDNI IAUA MA ThThN LI UENKI AULK ORIRI **ELIOZR**

G UIEMR EBRM AN LI LE NThThA ZRO UANA BN BIThI **IURSh EThI**

D UANA DBR IAUA ELIU LEMR LE IIRShK ZA KI EM EShR ITsE MMOIK AUE IIRShK

A UIUTsE EThU AChUTsA UIEMR ABT NE AShMIMA USFR AKUKBIM EM ThUKL LSFR EThM UIEMR LU KA IAIA ZROK **TsDQA**

Z UIEMR ELIU ENI IAUA EShR AUTsETHIK MEUR KShDIM LThTh LK ETh AERTs AZETh LRShThA

KI EIRShNA

T UIEMR ELIU QChA LI OGLA MShLShTh UOZ MShLShTh UEIL MShLSh UThR UGUZL

- 10 He took him all these, and divided them in the middle, and laid each half over against the other; but the birds divided he not.
- 11 The birds of prey came down upon the IE UIRD AOIT OL AFGRIM carcasses, and Abram drove them away.
- 12 It came to pass, that, when the sun was IB UIAI AShMSh LBUE going down, a deep sleep fell upon Abram; and, lo, a dread, even a great darkness, fell upon him.
- 13 He said unto Abram: 'Know of a surety IG UIEMR LEBRM IDO ThDO KI that your seed shall be a stranger in a land GR IAIA ZROK BERTs LE LAM that is not theirs, and shall serve them: and they shall afflict them four hundred years;
- 14 and also that nation, whom they shall serve, will I judge; and afterward shall they come out with great substance.
- 15 But you shall go to your fathers in peace; you shall be buried in a good old age.
- 16 In the fourth generation they shall come back hither; for the iniquity of the Amorite is not yet full.'
- 17 It came to pass, that, when the sun went down, and there was thick darkness, behold a smoking furnace, and a flaming torch that passed between these pieces.
- 18 In that day IAUA made a covenant with Abram, saying: 'Unto your seed have I given this land, from the river of Egypt unto the great river, the river Euphrates;
- 19 the Kenite, and the Kenizzite, and the Kadmonite,
- 20 and the Hittite, and the Perizzite, and the Rephaim,
- 21 and the Amorite, and the Canaanite, and the Girgashite, and the Jebusite.' {S}

I UIQCh LU ETh KL ELA UIBThR EThM BThUK UIThN EISh BThRU LORETH ROAU UETH ATSFR LE **BThR**

UIShB EThM EBRM

- UThRDMA NFLA OL EBRM UANA EIMA ChShKA GDLA NFLTh OLIU
- UOBDUM UONU EThM ERBO MEUTh ShNA
- ID UGM ETh AGUI EShR IOBDU DN ENKI UEChRI KN ITsEU BRKSh GDUL
- TU UEThA ThBUE EL EBThIK BShLUM ThOBR BShIBA TUBA
- TZ UDUR RBIOI IShUBU ANA KI LE ShLM OUN AEMRI OD ANA
- IZ UIAI AShMSh BEA UOLTA AIA UANA ThNUR OShN ULFID ESh EShR OBR BIN AGZRIM **AELA**
- ICh BIUM AAUE KRTh IAUA ETh EBRM BRITh LEMR LZROK NThThI ETh AERTs AZETh MNAR MTsRIM OD ANAR AGDL NAR FRTh
- IT ETh AQINI UETh AQNZI UETh **AODMNI**
- K UETh AChThI UETh AFRZI **UETh ARFEIM**
- **KE** UETh AEMRI UETh AKNONI UETh AGRGShI UETh AIBUSI {S}

Chapter 16 Sarai and Hagar

1 Now Sarai Abram's wife bore him no children; and she had a handmaid, an Egyptian, whose name was Hagar.

E UShRI EShTh EBRM LE ILDA LU ULA ShFChA MTsRITh UShMA AGR

- 2 Sarai said unto Abram: 'Behold now, IAUA has restrained me from bearing; go in, I pray you, unto my handmaid; it may be that I shall be built up through her.' Abram hearkened to the voice of Sarai. 3 Sarai Abram's wife took Hagar the Egyptian, her handmaid, after Abram had dwelt ten years in the land of Canaan, and gave her to Abram her husband to be his wife.
- 4 He went in unto Hagar, and she conceived; and when she saw that she had KI ARThA UThQL GBRThA conceived, her mistress was despised in her eyes.
- 5 Sarai said unto Abram: 'My wrong be upon you: I gave my handmaid into your bosom; and when she saw that she had conceived, I was despised in her eyes: IAUA judge between me and you.'
- 6 But Abram said unto Sarai: 'Behold, your maid is in your hand; do to her that which is good in your eyes.' Sarai dealt harshly with her, and she fled from her face.
- 7 The angel of IAUA found her by a fountain of water in the wilderness, by the AMIM BMDBR OL AOIN BDRK fountain in the way to Shur.
- 8 He said: 'Hagar, Sarai's handmaid, whence came you? and whither go you?' She said: 'I flee from the face of my mistress Sarai.'
- 9 The angel of IAUA said unto her: 'Return to your mistress, and submit yourself under her hands.'
- 10 The angel of IAUA said unto her: 'I will greatly increase your seed, that it shall not be numbered for multitude.
- 11 The angel of IAUA said unto her: 'Behold, you are with child, and shall bear ARA UILDTh BN UQRETh ShMU a son; and you shall call his name Ishmael, because IAUA has heard your affliction.
- 12 He shall be a wild ass of a man: his hand shall be against every man, and every man's hand against him; and he shall dwell in the face of all his brethren.

- **B** UThEMR ShRI EL EBRM ANA NE OTsRNI IAUA MLDTh BE NE EL ShFChThI EULI EBNA MMNA UIShMO EBRM LQUL ShRI
- G UThQCh ShRI EShTh EBRM ETh AGR AMTsRITh ShFChThA MOTs OShR ShNIM LShBTh EBRM BERTs KNON UThThN EThA LEBRM EIShA LU LEShA **D** UIBE EL AGR UThAR UThRE **BOINIA**
- A UThEMR ShRI EL EBRM ChMSI OLIK ENKI NThThI ShFChThI BChIOK UThRE KI ARTHA UEOL BOINIA ISHFT IAUA BINI UBINIK U UIEMR EBRM EL ShRI ANA
- ShFChThK BIDK OShI LA ATUB BOINIK UTHONA ShRI UTHBRCh **MFNIA**
- Z UIMTsEA MLEK IAUA OL OIN ShUR
- Ch UIEMR AGR ShFChTh ShRI EI MZA BETh UENA ThLKI UThEMR MFNI ShRI GBRThI ENKI BRChTh
- T UIEMR LA MLEK IAUA ShUBI EL GBRThK UATHONI ThChTh IDIA
- I UIEMR LA MLEK IAUA ARBA ERBA ETh ZROK ULE ISFR MRB
- IE UIEMR LA MLEK IAUA ANK IShMOEL KI ShMO IAUA EL ONIK
- IB UAUE IAIA FRE EDM IDU BKL UID KL BU UOL FNI KL ECHIU IShKN

- 13 She called the name of IAUA that spoke unto her, You are a God of seeing; for she said: 'Have I even here seen Him that sees Me?'
- 14 Wherefore the well was called 'Beerlahai-roi; behold, it is between Kadesh and Bered.
- 15 Hagar bore Abram a son; and Abram called the name of his son, whom Hagar bore, Ishmael.
- **16** Abram was fourscore and six years old, when Hagar bore Ishmael to Abram. {**S**}

IG UTHORE SHM IAUA ADBR ELIA EThA EL REI KI EMRA AGM ALM REITHI ECHRI REI

ID OL KN QRE LBER BER LChI REI ANA BIN QDSh UBIN BRD

TU UThLD AGR LEBRM BN UIQRE EBRM ShM BNU EShR ILDA AGR IShMOEL TZ UEBRM BN ShMNIM ShNA UShSh ShNIM BLDTh AGR ETh IShMOEL LEBRM {S}

Chapter 17

Abraham and the Covenant of Circumcision

- 1 When Abram was ninety years old and nine, IAUA appeared to Abram, and said unto him: 'I am God Almighty; walk before Me, and be you wholehearted. 2 I will make My covenant between Me and you, and will increase you exceedingly.'
- 3 Abram fell on his face; and God talked with him, saying:
- 4 'As for Me, behold, My covenant is with **D** ENI ANA BRITHI EThK UAIITh you, and you shall be the father of a multitude of nations.
- 5 Neither shall your name any more be called Abram, but your name shall be Abraham; for the father of a multitude of nations have I made you.
- 6 I will make you exceeding fruitful, and I U UAFRThI EThK BMED MED will make nations of you, and kings shall come out of you.
- 7 I will establish My covenant between Me and you and your seed after you throughout their generations for an everlasting covenant, to be a God unto you LK LELAIM ULZROK EChRIK and to your seed after you.
- 8 I will give unto you, and to your seed after you, the land of your wanderings, all the land of Canaan, for an everlasting possession; and I will be their God.'

- E UIAI EBRM BN ThShOIM ShNA UThShO ShNIM UIRE IAUA EL EBRM UIEMR ELIU ENI EL ShDI AThALK LFNI UAIA ThMIM **B** UEThNA BRITHI BINI UBINK UERBA EUThK BMED MED
- G UIFL EBRM OL FNIU UIDBR EThU ELAIM LEMR LEB AMUN GUIM
- A ULE IORE OUD ETh ShMK EBRM UAIA ShMK EBRAM KI EB AMUN GUIM NThThIK
- UNThThIK LGUIM UMLKIM MMK ITsEU Z UAQMThI ETh BRITHI BINI UBINK UBIN ZROK EChRIK LDRThM LBRITh OULM LAIUTh
- Ch UNThThI LK ULZROK EChRIK ETh ERTs MGRIK ETh KL ERTs KNON LEChZTh OULM UAIITHI LAM LELAIM

9 God said unto Abraham: 'As for you, you shall keep My covenant, you, and your seed after you throughout their generations.

10 This is My covenant, which you shall keep, between Me and you and your seed after you: every male among you shall be circumcised.

11 You shall be circumcised in the flesh of IE UNMLThM ETh BShR your foreskin; and it shall be a token of a covenant between Me and you.

12 He that is eight days old shall be circumcised among you, every male throughout your generations, he that is born in the house, or bought with money of any foreigner, that is not of your seed.

13 He that is born in your house, and he that is bought with your money, must needs be circumcised; and My covenant shall be in your flesh for an everlasting covenant.

14 The uncircumcised male who is not circumcised in the flesh of his foreskin, that soul shall be cut off from his people; he has broken My covenant.' {S}

15 God said unto Abraham: 'As for Sarai your wife, you shall not call her name Sarai, but Sarah shall her name be.

16 I will bless her, and moreover I will give you a son of her; yes, I will bless her, and she shall be a mother of nations; kings UAIThA LGUIM MLKI OMIM of peoples shall be of her.'

17 Then Abraham fell upon his face, and laughed, and said in his heart: 'Shall a child be born unto him that is a hundred years old? and shall Sarah, that is ninety years old, bear?'

18 Abraham said unto God: 'O that Ishmael might live before You!'

19 God said: 'Nay, but Sarah your wife shall bear you a son; and you shall call his EShThK ILDTh LK BN UQRETh name Isaac; and I will establish My covenant with him for an everlasting covenant for his seed after him.

20 As for Ishmael, I have heard you; behold, I have blessed him, and will make BRKThI EThU UAFRIThI EThU

T UIEMR ELAIM EL EBRAM UEThA ETh BRITHI ThShMR EThA UZROK EChRIK LDRThM

I ZETh BRITHI EShR ThShMRU BINI UBINIKM UBIN ZROK EChRIK AMUL LKM KL ZKR

ORLThKM UAIA LEUTh BRITh BINI UBINIKM **IB** UBN ShMNTh IMIM IMUL LKM KL ZKR LDRThIKM ILID BITh UMQNTh KSF MKL BN NKR EShR LE MZROK AUE

IG AMUL IMUL ILID BIThK UMONTh KSFK UAIThA BRITHI BBShRKM LBRITh OULM

ID UORL ZKR EShR LE IMUL ETh BShR ORLThU UNKRThA ANFSh AAUE MOMIA ETh BRITHI AFR {S} TU UIEMR ELAIM EL EBRAM ShRI EShThK LE ThQRE ETh ShMA ShRI KI ShRA ShMA TZ UBRKThI EThA UGM NThThI MMNA LK BN UBRKThIA MMNA IAIU IZ UIFL EBRAM OL FNIU UITsChQ UIEMR BLBU ALBN MEA ShNA IULD UEM ShRA ABTh ThShOIM ShNA ThLD

ICh UIEMR EBRAM EL AELAIM LU IShMOEL ICHIA LFNIK IT UIEMR ELAIM EBL ShRA ETh ShMU ITsChQ UAQMThI ETh BRITHI ETHU LBRITH OULM LZROU EChRIU K ULISHMOEL SHMOTHIK ANA

him fruitful, and will increase him exceedingly; twelve princes shall he beget, ShNIM OShR NShIEM IULID and I will make him a great nation.

21 But My covenant will I establish with Isaac, whom Sarah shall bear unto you at this set time in the next year.'

22 He left off talking with him, and God went up from Abraham.

23 Abraham took Ishmael his son, and all that were born in his house, and all that were bought with his money, every male among the men of Abraham's house, and circumcised the flesh of their foreskin in the selfsame day, as God had said unto him.

24 Abraham was ninety years old and nine, when he was circumcised in the flesh UThShO ShNA BAMLU BShR of his foreskin.

25 Ishmael his son was thirteen years old, when he was circumcised in the flesh of his foreskin.

26 In the selfsame day was Abraham circumcised, and Ishmael his son.

27 All the men of his house, those born in KZ UKL ENShI BIThU ILID BITh the house, and those bought with money of a foreigner, were circumcised with him. NMLU EThU {F} {**P**}

UARBITHI ETHU BMED MED UNThThIU LGUI GDUL

KE UETh BRITHI EQIM ETH ITsChQ EShR ThLD LK ShRA LMUOD AZA BShNA AEChRTh

KB UIKL LDBR EThU UIOL ELAIM MOL EBRAM

KG UIQCh EBRAM ETh IShMOEL BNU UETh KL ILIDI BITHU UETH KL MONTH KSFU KL ZKR BENShI BITh EBRAM UIML ETh BShR ORLThM BOTsM AIUM AZA KEShR DBR EThU **ELAIM**

KD UEBRAM BN ThShOIM ORLThU

KA UIShMOEL BNU BN ShLSh OShRA ShNA BAMLU ETh BShR **ORLThU**

KU BOTsM AIUM AZA NMUL EBRAM UIShMOEL BNU UMONTH KSF METH BN NKR

Chapter 18 Birth of Isaac Promised

1 IAUA appeared unto him by the terebinths of Mamre, as he sat in the tent door in the heat of the day;

2 and he lifted up his eyes and looked, and, lo, three men stood over against him; and when he saw them, he ran to meet them from the tent door, and bowed down to the

3 and said: 'My Lord, if now I have found favor in your sight, pass not away, I pray you, from your servant.

4 Let now a little water be fetched, and wash your feet, and recline yourselves under the tree.

5 I will fetch a morsel of bread, and stay you your heart; after that you shall pass on; E UIRE ELIU IAUA BELNI MMRE UAUE IShB FThCh AEAL KChM AIUM

B UIShE OINIU UIRE UANA ShLShA ENShIM NTsBIM OLIU UIRE UIRTs LQREThM MFThCh AEAL UIShThChU ERTsA

G UIEMR EDNI EM NE MTsEThI ChN BOINIK EL NE ThOBR MOL OBDK

D IQCh NE MOT MIM URChTsU RGLIKM UAShONU ThChTh **AOTs**

A UEQChA FTh LChM USODU LBKM EChR ThOBRU KI OL KN

They said: 'So do, as you have said.' 6 Abraham hastened into the tent unto Sarah, and said: 'Make ready quickly three measures of fine meal, knead it, and make cakes.'

7 Abraham ran unto the herd, and fetched a Z UEL ABOR RTs EBRAM calf tender and good, and gave it unto the servant: and he hastened to dress it.

8 He took curd, and milk, and the calf which he had dressed, and set it before them; and he stood by them under the tree, and they did eat.

9 They said unto him: 'Where is Sarah your T UIEMRU ELIU EIA ShRA wife?' He said: 'Behold, in the tent.'

10 He said: 'I will certainly return unto you I UIEMR ShUB EShUB ELIK when the season comes round; and, lo, Sarah your wife shall have a son.' Sarah heard in the tent door, which was behind him --

11 Now Abraham and Sarah were old, and well stricken in age; it had ceased to be with Sarah after the manner of women .--

12 Sarah laughed within herself, saying: 'After I am waxed old shall I have pleasure, LEMR EChRI BLThI AIThA LI my lord being old also?'

13 IAUA said unto Abraham: 'Wherefore did Sarah laugh, saying: Shall I of a surety bear a child, who am old?

14 Is any thing too hard for IAUA. At the set time I will return unto you, when the season comes round, and Sarah shall have a ULShRA BN son.'

15 Then Sarah denied, saying: 'I laughed not'; for she was afraid. He said: 'Nay; but you didst laugh.'

16 The men rose up from thence, and looked out toward Sodom; and Abraham went with them to bring them on the way. 17 IAUA said: 'Shall I hide from Abraham that which I am doing:

18 seeing that Abraham shall surely become a great and mighty nation, and all the nations of the earth shall be blessed in him?

forasmuch as you are come to your servant.' OBRThM OL OBDKM UIEMRU KN ThOShA KEShR DBRTh U UIMAR EBRAM AEALA EL ShRA UIEMR MARI ShLSh SEIM OMCh SLTh LUShI UOShI OGUTh

> UIOCh BN BOR RK UTUB UIThN EL ANOR UIMAR LOShUTh EThU

Ch UIOCh ChMEA UChLB UBN ABOR EShR OShA UIThN LFNIAM UAUE OMD OLIAM ThChTh AOTs UIEKLU

EShThK UIEMR ANA BEAL KOTh ChIA UANA BN LShRA EShThK UShRA ShMOTh FThCh AEAL UAUE EChRIU

IE UEBRAM UShRA ZQNIM BEIM BIMIM ChDL LAIUTh LShRA ERCh KNShIM IB UThTsChQ ShRA BQRBA ODNA UEDNI ZQN IG UIEMR IAUA EL EBRAM LMA ZA TsChQA ShRA LEMR AEF EMNM ELD UENI ZQNThI ID AIFLE MIAUA DBR LMUOD EShUB ELIK KOTh ChIA

TU UThKChSh ShRA LEMR LE TsChOThI KI IREA UIEMR LE KI TsChQTh TZ UIQMU MShM AENShIM UIShOFU OL FNI SDM UEBRAM ALK OMM LShLChM IZ UIAUA EMR AMKSA ENI MEBRAM EShR ENI OShA ICh UEBRAM AIU IAIA LGUI GDUL UOTsUM UNBRKU BU KL GUII AERTs

- 19 For I have known him, to the end that he IT KI IDOTHIU LMON EShR may command his children and his household after him, that they may keep the EChRIU UShMRU DRK IAUA way of IAUA, to do righteousness and justice; to the end that IAUA may bring upon Abraham that which He has spoken of ETh EShR DBR OLIU him.'
- 20 IAUA said: 'Verily, the cry of Sodom and Gomorrah is great, and, verily, their sin UOMRA KI RBA UChTEThM KI is exceeding grievous.
- 21 I will go down now, and see whether they have done altogether according to the cry of it, which is come unto Me; and if not, KLA UEM LE EDOA I will know.'
- 22 The men turned from thence, and went toward Sodom; but Abraham stood yet before IAUA.
- 23 Abraham drew near, and said: 'Will You KG UIGSh EBRAM UIEMR AEF indeed sweep away the righteous with the wicked?
- 24 Peradventure there are fifty righteous within the city; will You indeed sweep away and not forgive the place for the fifty righteous that are therein?
- 25 That be far from You to do after this manner, to slay the righteous with the wicked, that so the righteous should be as the wicked; that be far from You; shall not the Judge of all the earth do justly?' 26 IAUA said: 'If I find in Sodom fifty righteous within the city, then I will forgive BSDM ChMShIM TsDIQM all the place for their sake.'
- 27 Abraham answered and said: 'Behold now, I have taken upon me to speak unto the Lord, who am but dust and ashes.
- 28 Peradventure there shall lack five of the fifty righteous; will You destroy all the city for lack of five?' He said: 'I will not destroy BChMShA ETh KL AOIR UIEMR it, if I find there forty and five.'
- 29 He spoke unto Him yet again, and said: 'Peradventure there shall be forty found there.' He said: 'I will not do it for the forty's sake.'

ITsUA ETh BNIU UETh BIThU LOShUTh TsDQA UMShFT LMON ABIE IAUA OL EBRAM

K UIEMR IAUA ZOQTh SDM KBDA MED KE ERDA NE UEREA AKTsOQThA ABEA ELI OShU

KB UIFNU MShM AENShIM UILKU SDMA UEBRAM OUDNU OMD LFNI IAUA

ThSFA TsDIQ OM RShO

KD EULI ISh ChMShIM TsDIQM BThUK AOIR AEF ThSFA ULE ThShE LMQUM LMON ChMShIM ATsDIQM EShR **BQRBA**

KA ChLLA LK MOShTh KDBR AZA LAMITh TsDIQ OM RShO UAIA KTsDIQ KRShO ChLLA LK AShFT KL AERTs LE IOShA MShFT

KU UIEMR IAUA EM EMTsE BThUK AOIR UNShEThI LKL AMQUM BOBURM

KZ UION EBRAM UIEMR ANA NE AUELTHI LDBR EL EDNI UENKI OFR UEFR

KCh EULI IChSRUN ChMShIM ATsDIQM ChMShA AThShChITh LE EShChITh EM EMTsE ShM ERBOIM UChMShA

KT UISF OUD LDBR ELIU UIEMR EULI IMTsEUN ShM ERBOIM UIEMR LE EOShA BOBUR AERBOIM

30 He said: 'Oh, let not the Lord be angry, and I will speak. Peradventure there shall thirty be found there.' He said: 'I will not do ShLShIM UIEMR LE EOShA EM it, if I find thirty there.'

me to speak unto the Lord. Peradventure there shall be twenty found there.' He said: 'I will not destroy it for the twenty's sake.' 32 He said: 'Oh, let not the Lord be angry, and I will speak yet but this once. Peradventure ten shall be found there.' He said: 'I will not destroy it for the ten's sake.' 33 IAUA went His way, as soon as He had left off speaking to Abraham; and Abraham LDBR EL EBRAM UEBRAM ShB returned unto his place.

L UIEMR EL NE IChR LEDNI UEDBRA EULI IMTsEUN ShM EMTsE ShM ShLShIM 31 He said: 'Behold now, I have taken upon LE UIEMR ANA NE AUELTHI LDBR EL EDNI EULI IMTsEUN ShM OShRIM UIEMR LE EShChITh BOBUR AOShRIM LB UIEMR EL NE IChR LEDNI UEDBRA EK AFOM EULI IMTsEUN ShM OShRA UIEMR LE EShChITh BOBUR AOShRA LG UILK IAUA KEShR KLA **LMQMU**

Chapter 19 The Doom of Sodom

1 The two angels came to Sodom at even; E UIBEU ShNI AMLEKIM SDMA and Lot sat in the gate of Sodom; and Lot BORB ULUT IShB BShOR SDM saw them, and rose up to meet them; and he fell down on his face to the earth: 2 and he said: 'Behold now, my lords, turn B UIEMR ANA NE EDNI SURU aside, I pray you, into your servant's house, and tarry all night, and wash your feet, and you shall rise up early, and go on UALKThM LDRKKM UIEMRU LE your way.' They said: 'Nay; but we will abide in the broad place all night.'

3 He urged them greatly; and they turned in unto him, and entered into his house; and he made them a feast, and did bake unleavened bread, and they did eat.

4 But before they lay down, the men of the city, even the men of Sodom, compassed the house round, both young and old, all the people from every quarter. MQTsA

5 They called unto Lot, and said unto him: 'Where are the men that came in to you this night? bring them out unto us, that we may know them.'

6 Lot went out unto them to the door, and UUITsE ELAM LUT AFThChA shut the door after him.

7 He said: 'I pray you, my brethren, do not Z UIEMR EL NE EChI ThROU so wickedly.

8 Behold now, I have two daughters that have not known man; let me, I pray you, UIRE LUT UIQM LQREThM UIShThChU EFIM ERTsA NE EL BITh OBDKM ULINU URChTsU RGLIKM UAShKMThM KI BRChUB NLIN

G UIFTsR BM MED UISRU ELIU UIBEU EL BITHU UIOSH LAM MShThA UMTsUTh EFA UIEKLU

D TRM IShKBU UENShI AOIR ENShI SDM NSBU OL ABITh MNOR UOD ZQN KL AOM

A UIQREU EL LUT UIEMRU LU EIA AENSHIM ESHR BEU ELIK ALILA AUTSIEM ELINU UNDOA **EThM**

UADLTh SGR EChRIU

Ch ANA NE LI ShThI BNUTh EShR LE IDOU EISh EUTsIEA NE

bring them out unto you, and do you to them as is good in your eyes; only unto these men do nothing; forasmuch as they are come under the shadow of my roof.' 9 They said: 'Stand back.' They said: 'This T UIEMRU GSh ALEA UIEMRU one fellow came in to sojourn, and he will AEChD BE LGUR UIShFT ShFUT needs play the judge; now will we deal worse with you, than with them.' They pressed sore upon the man, even Lot, and drew near to break the door.

10 But the men put forth their hand, and brought Lot into the house to them, and the door they shut.

11 They smote the men that were at the door of the house with blindness, both small and great; so that they wearied themselves to find the door.

12 The men said unto Lot: 'Have you here IB UIEMRU AENShIM EL LUT any besides? son-in-law, and your sons, and your daughters, and whomsoever you have in the city; bring them out of the place:

13 for we will destroy this place, because the cry of them is waxed great before IAUA; and IAUA has sent us to destroy it.'

14 Lot went out, and spoke unto his sonsin-law, who married his daughters, and said: 'Up, get you out of this place; for IAUA will destroy the city.' But he seemed unto his sons-in-law as one that iested.

15 When the morning arose, then the angels hastened Lot, saying: 'Arise, take your wife, and your two daughters that are QCh ETh EShThK UETh ShThI here; unless you be swept away in the iniquity of the city.'

16 But he lingered; and the men laid hold upon his hand, and upon the hand of his wife, and upon the hand of his two daughters; IAUA being merciful unto him. They brought him forth, and set him MChUTs LOIR without the city.

17 It came to pass, when they had brought IZ UIAI KAUTSIEM EThM them forth abroad, that he said: 'Escape for your life; look not behind you, neither NFShK EL ThBIT EChRIK UEL

EThAN ELIKM UOShU LAN KTUB BOINIKM RQ LENShIM AEL EL THOSHU DBR KI OL KN BEU BTsL QRThI OThA NRO LK MAM UIFTsRU BEISH BLUT MED UIGSHU LSHBR **ADLTh**

I UIShLChU AENShIM ETh IDM UIBIEU ETh LUT ELIAM ABIThA **UETh ADLTh SGRU** IE UETh AENSHIM EShR FThCh ABITh AKU BSNURIM MQTN UOD GDUL UILEU LMTsE **AFThCh**

OD MI LK FA ChThN UBNIK UBNThIK UKL EShR LK BOIR AUTsE MN AMQUM

IG KI MShChThIM ENChNU ETh AMQUM AZA KI GDLA TsOQThM ETh FNI IAUA UIShLChNU IAUA LShChThA **ID** UITsE LUT UIDBR EL ChThNIU LQChI BNThIU UIEMR **QUMU TsEU MN AMQUM AZA** KI MShChITh IAUA ETh AOIR UIAI KMTsChQ BOINI ChThNIU

TU UKMU AShChR OLA UIEITsU AMLEKIM BLUT LEMR QUM BNThIK ANMTsETh FN ThSFA BOUN AOIR

TZ UIThMAMA UIChZIQU AENShIM BIDU UBID EShThU UBID ShThI BNThIU BChMLTh IAUA OLIU UITsEAU UINChAU

AChUTsA UIEMR AMLT OL

stay you in all the Plain; escape to the mountain, unless you be swept away.' 18 Lot said unto them: 'Oh, not so, my lord:

19 behold now, your servant has found grace in your sight, and you have magnified your mercy, which you have shown unto me in saving my life; and I cannot escape to the mountain, unless the evil overtake me, and I die.

20 Behold now, this city is near to flee unto, and it is a little one; oh, let me escape thither--is it not a little one?--and my soul shall live.'

21 He said unto him: 'See, I have accepted **KE** UIEMR ELIU ANA NShEThI you concerning this thing also, that I will not overthrow the city of which you have AFKI ETh AOIR EShR DBRTh spoken.

22 Hasten you, escape thither; for I cannot KB MAR AMLT ShMA KI LE do any thing till you be come thither.'--Therefore the name of the city was called Zoar.--

23 The sun was risen upon the earth when KG AShMSh ITsE OL AERTs Lot came unto Zoar.

24 Then IAUA caused to rain upon Sodom and upon Gomorrah brimstone and fire from IAUA out of heaven;

25 and He overthrow those cities, and all the Plain, and all the inhabitants of the cities, and that which grew upon the ground.

26 But his wife looked back from behind him, and she became a pillar of salt.

27 Abraham got up early in the morning to the place where he had stood before IAUA.

28 He looked out toward Sodom and Gomorrah, and toward all the land of the Plain, and beheld, and, lo, the smoke of the land went up as the smoke of a furnace.

29 It came to pass, when God destroyed the cities of the Plain, that God remembered Abraham, and sent Lot out of the middle of the overthrow, when He overthrew the cities in which Lot dwelt.

ThOMD BKL AKKR AARA AMLT FN ThSFA

ICh UIEMR LUT ELAM EL NE **EDNI**

IT ANA NE MTsE OBDK ChN BOINIK UThGDL ChSDK EShR OShITh OMDI LACHIUTh ETh NFShI UENKI LE EUKL LAMLT AARA FN ThDBQNI AROA UMThI

K ANA NE AOIR AZETh QRBA LNUS ShMA UAUE MTsOR EMLTA NE ShMA ALE MTsOR AUE UThChI NFShI

FNIK GM LDBR AZA LBLThI

EUKL LOShUTh DBR OD BEK ShMA OL KN QRE ShM AOIR **TsUOR**

ULUT BE TsORA

KD UIAUA AMTIR OL SDM UOL OMRA GFRITH UESh METH IAUA MN AShMIM

KA UIAFK ETh AORIM AEL UETh KL AKKR UETh KL IShBI AORIM UTsMCh AEDMA

KU UThBT EShThU MEChRIU UThAI NTsIB MLCh

KZ UIShKM EBRAM BBQR EL AMOUM EShR OMD ShM ETh FNI **IAUA**

KCh UIShQF OL FNI SDM UOMRA UOL KL FNI ERTs AKKR UIRE UANA OLA QITR AERTS KQITR AKBShN

KT UIAI BShChTh ELAIM ETh ORI AKKR UIZKR ELAIM ETh EBRAM UIShLCh ETh LUT MThUK AAFKA BAFK ETh AORIM EShR IShB BAN LUT

Lot Is Debased

- 30 Lot went up out of Zoar, and dwelt in the mountain, and his two daughters with him; for he feared to dwell in Zoar; and he dwelt in a cave, he and his two daughters.
- 31 The first-born said unto the younger: 'Our father is old, and there is not a man in the earth to come in unto us after the manner of all the earth.
- 32 Come, let us make our father drink wine, and we will lie with him, that we may preserve seed of our father.'
- 33 They made their father drink wine that LG UThShQIN ETh EBIAN IIN night. The first-born went in, and lay with BLILA AUE UThBE ABKIRA her father; and he knew not when she lay down, nor when she arose.
- **34** It came to pass on the morrow, that the **LD** UIAI MMChRTh UThEMR first-born said unto the younger: 'Behold, I lay last night with my father. Let us make him drink wine this night also; and go you in, and lie with him, that we may preserve seed of our father.'
- 35 They made their father drink wine that LA UThShQIN GM BLILA AAUE night also. The younger arose, and lay with him; and he knew not when she lay down, nor when she arose.
- **36** Thus were both the daughters of Lot with child by their father.
- 37 The first-born bore a son, and called his name Moab--the same is the father of the Moabites unto this day.
- 38 The younger, she also bore a son, and called his name Ben-ammi--the same is the father of the children of Ammon unto this day. {S}

L UIOL LUT MTsUOR UIShB BAR UShThI BNThIU OMU KI IRE LShBTh BTsUOR UIShB BMORA AUE UShThI BNThIU

- LE UThEMR ABKIRA EL ATsOIRA EBINU ZON UEISh EIN BERTs LBUE OLINU KDRK KL **AERTs**
- LB LKA NShQA ETh EBINU IIN UNShKBA OMU UNChIA MEBINU ZRO
- UThShKB ETh EBIA ULE IDO BShKBA UBQUMA
- ABKIRA EL ATSOIRA AN ShKBThI EMSh ETh EBI NShONU IIN GM ALILA UBEI ShKBI OMU UNChIA MEBINU ZRO
- ETh EBIAN IIN UThQM ATsOIRA UThShKB OMU ULE IDO BShKBA UBQMA
- LU UThARIN ShThI BNUTh LUT **MEBIAN**
- LZ UThLD ABKIRA BN UThQRE ShMU MUEB AUE EBI MUEB OD **AIUM**
- LCh UATsOIRA GM AUE ILDA BN UThQRE ShMU BN OMI AUE EBI BNI OMUN OD AIUM {S}

Chapter 20 Abraham's Treachery

- 1 Abraham journeyed from thence toward the land of the South, and dwelt between Kadesh and Shur; and he sojourned in Gerar.
- 2 Abraham said of Sarah his wife: 'She is my sister.' Abimelech king of Gerar sent, and took Sarah.
- E UISO MShM EBRAM ERTsA ANGB UIShB BIN QDSh UBIN ShUR UIGR BGRR
- B UIEMR EBRAM EL ShRA EShThU EChThI AUE UIShLCh

- **3** But God came to Abimelech in a dream of the night, and said to him: 'Behold, you shall die, because of the woman whom you have taken; for she is a man's wife.'
- 4 Now Abimelech had not come near her; and he said: 'Lord, will You slay even a righteous nation?
- **5** Said he not himself unto me: She is my sister? and she, even she herself said: He is my brother. In the simplicity of my heart and the innocence of my hands have I done this.' **A** ALE AUE EI AUE UAIE GN AUE BTHM LE OSHITHI ZETH
- 6 God said unto him in the dream: 'Yes, I know that in the simplicity of your heart you have done this, and I also withheld you from sinning against Me. Therefore suffered I you not to touch her.
- 7 Now therefore restore the man's wife; for he is a prophet, and he shall pray for you, and you shall live; and if you restore her not, know you that you shall surely die, you, and all that are your.'
- **8** Abimelech rose early in the morning, and called all his servants, and told all these things in their ears; and the men were sore afraid.
- 9 Then Abimelech called Abraham, and said unto him: 'What have you done unto us? and wherein have I sinned against you, that you have brought on me and on my kingdom a great sin? you have done deeds unto me that ought not to be done.'
- 10 Abimelech said unto Abraham: 'What saw you, that you have done this thing?'
- 11 Abraham said: 'Because I thought: Surely the fear of God is not in this place; and they will slay me for my wife's sake.

 12 Moreover she is indeed my sister, the daughter of my father, but not the daughter of my mother; and so she became my wife.

 13 It came to pass, when God caused me to wander from my father's house, that I said

EBIMLK MLK GRR UIQCh ETh ShRA

G UIBE ELAIM EL EBIMLK BChLUM ALILA UIEMR LU ANK MTh OL AESHA ESHR LQChTh UAUE BOLTh BOL D UEBIMLK LE QRB ELIA UIEMR EDNI AGUI GM TsDIQ ThARG

A ALE AUE EMR LI ECHTHI AUE UAIE GM AUE EMRA ECHI AUE BTHM LBBI UBNQIN KFI OSHITHI ZETH

U UIEMR ELIU AELAIM BChLM GM ENKI IDOTHI KI BTHM LBBK OSHITH ZETH UECHSHK GM ENKI EUTHK MCHTU LI OL KN LE NTHTHIK LNGO ELIA

Z UOThA AShB EShTh AEISh KI NBIE AUE UIThFLL BODK UChIA UEM EINK MShIB DO KI MUTh ThMUTh EThA UKL EShR LK

Ch UIShKM EBIMLK BBQR
UIQRE LKL OBDIU UIDBR ETH
KL ADBRIM AELA BEZNIAM
UIIREU AENSHIM MED
T UIQRE EBIMLK LEBRAM
UIEMR LU MA OSHITH LNU
UMA CHTETHI LK KI ABETH
OLI UOL MMLKTHI CHTEA
GDLA MOSHIM ESHR LE IOSHU
OSHITH OMDI
I UIEMR EBIMLK EL EBRAM
MA REITH KI OSHITH ETH ADBR

IE UIEMR EBRAM KI EMRTHI RQ EIN IRETH ELAIM BMQUM AZA UARGUNI OL DBR ESHTHI IB UGM EMNA ECHTHI BTH EBI AUE EK LE BTH EMI UTHAI LI

LEShA
IG UIAI KEShR AThOU ETHI
ELAIM MBITH EBI UEMR LA

unto her: This is your kindness which you shall show unto me; at every place whither we shall come, say of me: He is my brother.'

14 Abimelech took sheep and oxen, and men-servants and women-servants, and gave them unto Abraham, and restored him Sarah his wife.

15 Abimelech said: 'Behold, my land is before you: dwell where it pleases you.' 16 Unto Sarah he said: 'Behold, I have given your brother a thousand pieces of silver; behold, it is for you a covering of the KSUTh OINIM LKL EShR EThK eyes to all that are with you; and before all men you are righted.'

17 Abraham prayed unto God; and God healed Abimelech, and his wife, and his maid-servants; and they bore children.

18 For IAUA had fast closed up all the wombs of the house of Abimelech, because KL RChM LBITh EBIMLK OL of Sarah Abraham's wife. {S}

ZA ChSDK EShR ThOShI OMDI EL KL AMOUM EShR NBUE ShMA EMRI LI ECHI AUE

ID UIQCh EBIMLK TsEN UBQR UOBDIM UShFChTh UIThN LEBRAM UIShB LU ETh ShRA **EShThU** TU UIEMR EBIMLK ANA ERTsI

LFNIK BTUB BOINIK ShB TZ ULShRA EMR ANA NThThI ELF KSF LECHIK ANA AUE LK UETh KL UNKChTh

IZ UIThFLL EBRAM EL AELAIM UIRFE ELAIM ETh EBIMLK UETh EShThU UEMATHIU UILDU ICh KI OTsR OTsR IAUA BOD DBR ShRA EShTh EBRAM {S}

Chapter 21 Isaac Is Born

1 IAUA remembered Sarah as He had said, and IAUA did unto Sarah as He had spoken.

2 Sarah conceived, and bore Abraham a son in his old age, at the set time of which God had spoken to him.

3 Abraham called the name of his son that was born unto him, whom Sarah bore to him, Isaac.

4 Abraham circumcised his son Isaac when he was eight days old, as God had commanded him.

5 Abraham was a hundred years old, when his son Isaac was born unto him.

6 Sarah said: 'God has made laughter for me; U UThEMR ShRA TsChQ OShA every one that hears will laugh on account of LI ELAIM KL AShMO ITsChQ me.'

7 She said: 'Who would have said unto Abraham, that Sarah should give children suck? for I have borne him a son in his old age.'

E UIAUA FQD ETh ShRA KEShR EMR UIOSh IAUA LShRA KEShR DBR

B UThAR UThLD ShRA LEBRAM BN LZQNIU LMUOD EShR DBR EThU ELAIM

G UIORE EBRAM ETh ShM BNU ANULD LU EShR ILDA LU ShRA ITsChQ

D UIML EBRAM ETh ITsChQ BNU BN ShMNTh IMIM KEShR TsUA EThU ELAIM

A UEBRAM BN METh ShNA BAULD LU ETh ITsChQ BNU

Z UThEMR MI MLL LEBRAM AINIQA BNIM ShRA KI ILDThI **BN LZQNIU**

- 8 The child grew, and was weaned. Abraham Ch UIGDL AILD UIGML UIOSh made a great feast on the day that Isaac was weaned.
- 9 Sarah saw the son of Hagar the Egyptian, whom she had borne unto Abraham, making AMTsRITh EShR ILDA sport.
- 10 Wherefore she said unto Abraham: 'Cast out this bondwoman and her son: for the son AEMA AZETh UETh BNA KI of this bondwoman shall not be heir with my LE IIRSh BN AEMA AZETh OM son, even with Isaac.'
- 11 The thing was very grievous in Abraham's sight on account of his son.
- 12 God said unto Abraham: 'Let it not be grievous in your sight because of the lad, and because of your bondwoman; in all that Sarah says unto you, hearken unto her voice; ShRA ShMO BQLA KI BITsChQ for in Isaac shall seed be called to you.
- 13 Also of the son of the bondwoman will I make a nation, because he is your seed.'
- 14 Abraham arose up early in the morning, and took bread and a bottle of water, and gave it unto Hagar, putting it on her shoulder, and the child, and sent her away; and she departed, and strayed in the wilderness of Beer-sheba.
- 15 The water in the bottle was spent, and she TU UIKLU AMIM MN AChMTh cast the child under one of the shrubs.
- 16 She went, and sat her down over against him a good way off, as it were a bow-shot; for she said: 'Let me not look upon the death EMRA EL EREA BMUTh AILD of the child.' She sat over against him, and lifted up her voice, and wept.
- 17 God heard the voice of the lad; and the angel of God called to Hagar out of heaven, and said unto her: 'What ails you, Hagar? fear not; for God has heard the voice of the lad where he is
- 18 Arise, lift up the lad, and hold him fast by ICh QUMI ShEI ETh ANOR your hand; for I will make him a great nation.'
- 19 God opened her eyes, and she saw a well of water; and she went, and filled the bottle with water, and gave the lad drink.

- EBRAM MShThA GDUL BIUM AGML ETh ITsChQ
- T UThRE ShRA ETh BN AGR LEBRAM MTsChQ
- I UThEMR LEBRAM GRSh BNI OM ITsChQ
- IE UIRO ADBR MED BOINI EBRAM OL EUDTh BNU
- **IB** UIEMR ELAIM EL EBRAM EL IRO BOINIK OL ANOR UOL EMThK KL EShR ThEMR ELIK **IORE LK ZRO**
- IG UGM ETh BN AEMA LGUI ESHIMNU KI ZROK AUE **ID** UIShKM EBRAM BBQR UIQCh LChM UChMTh MIM UIThN EL AGR ShM OL ShKMA UETh AILD UIShLChA UThLK UThThO BMDBR BER
- UThShLK ETh AILD ThChTh EChD AShIChM

ShBO

- TZ UThLK UThShB LA MNGD ARChQ KMTChUI QShTh KI UThShB MNGD UThShE ETh QLA UThBK
- IZ UIShMO ELAIM ETh QUL ANOR UIORE MLEK ELAIM EL AGR MN AShMIM UIEMR LA MA LK AGR EL ThIREI KI ShMO ELAIM EL QUL ANOR BEShR AUE ShM
- UAChZIQI ETh IDK BU KI LGUI GDUL EShIMNU
- IT UIFQCh ELAIM ETh OINIA UThRE BER MIM UThLK UThMLE ETh AChMTh MIM UThShQ ETh ANOR

- 20 God was with the lad, and he grew; and he dwelt in the wilderness, and became an archer.
- 21 He dwelt in the wilderness of Paran; and his mother took him a wife out of the land of UThQCh LU EMU EShA MERTs Egypt. {P}
- 22 It came to pass at that time, that Abimelech and Phicol the captain of his host EBIMLK UFIKL ShR TsBEU EL spoke unto Abraham, saying: 'God is with you in all that you do.
- 23 Now therefore swear unto me here by God that you will not deal falsely with me, nor with my son, nor with my son's son; but according to the kindness that I have done unto you, you shall do unto me, and to the land wherein you have sojourned.'
- 24 Abraham said: 'I will swear.'
- 25 Abraham reproved Abimelech because of KA UAUKCh EBRAM ETh the well of water, which Abimelech's servants had violently taken away.
- 26 Abimelech said: 'I know not who has done this thing; neither didst you tell me, neither yet heard I of it, but to-day.'
- 27 Abraham took sheep and oxen, and gave them unto Abimelech; and they two made a covenant.
- 28 Abraham set seven ewe-lambs of the flock by themselves.
- 29 Abimelech said unto Abraham: 'What mean these seven ewe-lambs which you have set by themselves?'
- 30 He said: 'Verily, these seven ewe-lambs shall you take of my hand, that it may be a witness unto me, that I have dug this well.'
- 31 Wherefore that place was called Beersheba; because there they swore both of them.
- 32 So they made a covenant at Beer-sheba; and Abimelech rose up, and Phicol the captain of his host, and they returned into the ShR TsBEU UIShBU EL ERTs land of the Philistines.

K UIAI ELAIM ETh ANOR UIGDL UIShB BMDBR UIAI RBA OShTh

KE UIShB BMDBR FERN MTsRIM {F}

KB UIAI BOTh AAUE UIEMR EBRAM LEMR ELAIM OMK BKL EShR EThA OShA KG UOThA AShBOA LI BELAIM ANA EM ThShQR LI ULNINI ULNKDI KChSD EShR OShIThI OMK ThOShA OMDI UOM AERTs EShR GRThA BA

KD UIEMR EBRAM ENKI **EShBO**

EBIMLK OL EDUTh BER AMIM EShR GZLU OBDI **EBIMLK**

KU UIEMR EBIMLK LE IDOTHI MI OShA ETh ADBR AZA UGM EThA LE AGDTh LI UGM ENKI LE ShMOThI BLThI AIUM

KZ UIQCh EBRAM TsEN UBQR UIThN LEBIMLK UIKRThU ShNIAM BRITh

KCh UITsB EBRAM ETh ShBO KBShTh ATsEN LBDAN KT UIEMR EBIMLK EL EBRAM MA ANA ShBO KBShTh AELA EShR ATsBTh **LBDNA**

L UIEMR KI ETh ShBO KBShTh ThQCh MIDI BOBUR ThAIA LI LODA KI ChFRThI ETh ABER **AZETh**

LE OL KN QRE LMQUM AAUE BER ShBO KI ShM NShBOU ShNIAM

LB UIKRThU BRITh BBER ShBO UIQM EBIMLK UFIKL FLShThIM

33 Abraham planted a tamarisk-tree in Beer- LG UITO EShL BBER ShBO sheba, and called there on the name of IAUA, the Everlasting God.

34 Abraham sojourned in the land of the Philistines many days. {P}

UIORE ShM BShM IAUA EL **OULM** LD UIGR EBRAM BERTS FLShThIM IMIM RBIM {F}

Chapter 22 The Offering of Isaac

1 It came to pass after these things, that E UIAI EChR ADBRIM AELA God did prove Abraham, and said unto him: 'Abraham'; and he said: 'Here am I.' UIEMR ELIU EBRAM UIEMR

2 He said: 'Take now your son, your only son, whom you love, even Isaac, and get you into the land of Moriah; and offer him there for a burnt-offering upon UAOLAU ShM LOLA OL EChD one of the mountains which I will tell vou of.'

3 Abraham rose early in the morning, and saddled his ass, and took two of his young men with him, and Isaac his son: and he cleaved the wood for the burntoffering, and rose up, and went unto the place of which God had told him.

4 On the third day Abraham lifted up his **D** BIUM AShLIShI UIShE EBRAM eyes, and saw the place afar off.

5 Abraham said unto his young men: 'Abide you here with the ass, and I and the lad will go yonder; and we will worship, and come back to you.'

6 Abraham took the wood of the burntoffering, and laid it upon Isaac his son; and he took in his hand the fire and the knife; and they went both of them together.

7 Isaac spoke unto Abraham his father, and said: 'My father.' He said: 'Here am I, my son.' He said: 'Behold the fire and the wood; but where is the lamb for a burnt-offering?'

8 Abraham said: 'God will provide Himself the lamb for a burnt-offering, my son.' So they went both of them together.

UAELAIM NSA ETh EBRAM ANNI

B UIEMR QCh NE ETh BNK ETh IChIDK EShR EABTh ETh ITsChQ ULK LK EL ERTs AMRIA AARIM EShR EMR ELIK

G UIShKM EBRAM BBQR UIChBSh ETh ChMRU UIQCh ETh ShNI NORIU EThU UETh ITsChO BNU UIBQO OTsI OLA UIQM UILK EL AMOUM EShR EMR LU **AELAIM**

ETh OINIU UIRE ETh AMOUM MRChO

A UIEMR EBRAM EL NORIU ShBU LKM FA OM AChMUR UENI UANOR NLKA OD KA UNShThChUA UNShUBA ELIKM U UIOCh EBRAM ETh OTsI AOLA UIShM OL ITsChQ BNU UIQCh BIDU ETh AESh UETh AMEKLTh UILKU ShNIAM IChDU

Z UIEMR ITsChQ EL EBRAM EBIU UIEMR EBI UIEMR ANNI BNI UIEMR ANA AESh UAOTsIM UEIA AShA LOLA

Ch UIEMR EBRAM ELAIM IREA LU AShA LOLA BNI UILKU ShNIAM IChDU

told him of; and Abraham built the altar there, and laid the wood in order, and bound Isaac his son, and laid him on the altar, upon the wood.

10 Abraham stretched forth his hand, and took the knife to slay his son. 11 The angel of IAUA called unto him out of heaven, and said: 'Abraham, Abraham.' He said: 'Here am I.' 12 He said: 'Lay not your hand upon the lad, neither do you any thing unto him; for now I know that you are a Godfearing man, seeing you have not

Me.' 13 Abraham lifted up his eyes, and looked, and behold behind him a ram caught in the thicket by his horns. Abraham went and took the ram, and offered him up for a burnt-offering in the

stead of his son.

withheld your son, your only son, from

14 Abraham called the name of that place IAUA-irea; as it is said to this day: AAUE IAUA IREA EShR IEMR 'In the mount where IAUA is seen.' 15 The angel of IAUA called unto Abraham a second time out of heaven, 16 and said: 'By Myself have I sworn, says IAUA, because you have done this thing, and have not withheld your son, your only son,

17 that in blessing I will bless you, and in increasing I will increase your seed as the stars of the heaven, and as the sand which is upon the seashore; and your seed shall possess the gate of his enemies:

18 and in your seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed; because you have hearkened to My voice.'

19 So Abraham returned unto his young men, and they rose up and went together to Beer-sheba; and Abraham dwelt at Beer-sheba. {P}

20 It came to pass after these things, that K UIAI EChRI ADBRIM AELA it was told Abraham, saying: 'Behold,

9 They came to the place which God had T UIBEU EL AMQUM EShR EMR LU AELAIM UIBN ShM EBRAM ETh AMZBCh UIORK ETh AOTsIM UIOQD ETh ITsChQ BNU UIShM EThU OL AMZBCh MMOL LOTsIM I UIShLCh EBRAM ETh IDU UIQCh ETh AMEKLTh LShChT ETh BNU IE UIORE ELIU MLEK IAUA MN AShMIM UIEMR EBRAM EBRAM UIEMR ANNI

IB UIEMR EL ThShLCh IDK EL ANOR UEL THOSH LU MEUMA KI OThA IDOTHI KI IRE ELAIM ETHA ULE ChShKTh ETh BNK ETh IChIDK MMNI

IG UIShE EBRAM ETh OINIU UIRE UANA EIL EChR NEChZ BSBK BORNIU UILK EBRAM UIQCh ETh AEIL UIOLAU LOLA ThChTh BNU

ID UIQRE EBRAM ShM AMQUM AIUM BAR IAUA IREA TU UIORE MLEK IAUA EL EBRAM ShNITh MN AShMIM TZ UIEMR BI NShBOThI NEM IAUA KI ION EShR OShITh ETh ADBR AZA ULE ChShKTh ETh BNK ETh IChIDK IZ KI BRK EBRKK UARBA ERBA ETh ZROK KKUKBI AShMIM UKChUL EShR OL ShFTh AIM UIRSh ZROK ETh ShOR EIBIU

ICh UAThBRKU BZROK KL GUII AERTs OQB EShR ShMOTh BQLI

IT UIShB EBRAM EL NORIU UIQMU UILKU IChDU EL BER ShBO UIShB EBRAM BBER ShBO {F}

UIGD LEBRAM LEMR ANA ILDA

Milcah, she also has borne children unto MLKA GM AUE BNIM LNChUR your brother Nahor:

- 21 Uz his first-born, and Buz his brother, KE ETh OUTs BKRU UETh BUZ and Kemuel the father of Aram:
- 22 and Chesed, and Hazo, and Pildash, and Jidlaph, and Bethuel.'
- 23 Bethuel begot Rebekah; these eight did Milcah bear to Nahor, Abraham's brother.
- **24** His concubine, whose name was Reumah, she also bore Tebah, and Gaham, and Tahash, and Maacah. {P}

EChIK

ECHIU UETH QMUEL EBI ERM KB UETh KShD UETh ChZU UETh FLDSh UETh IDLF UETh BThUEL KG UBThUEL ILD ETh RBQA ShMNA ELA ILDA MLKA LNCHUR EChI EBRAM

KD UFILGShU UShMA REUMA UThLD GM AUE ETh TBCh UETh GChM UETh ThChSh UETh MOKA {F}

Chapter 23 Death and Burial of Sarah

- 1 The life of Sarah was a hundred and seven E UIAIU CHII ShRA MEA ShNA and twenty years; these were the years of the UOShRIM ShNA UShBO ShNIM life of Sarah.
- 2 Sarah died in Kiriatharba--the same is Hebron--in the land of Canaan: and Abraham ERBO AUE ChBRUN BERTs came to mourn for Sarah, and to weep for her.
- 3 Abraham rose up from before his dead, and G UIQM EBRAM MOL FNI spoke unto the children of Heth, saying:
- 4 'I am a stranger and a sojourner with you: give me a possession of a burying-place with ThNU LI EChZTh QBR OMKM you, that I may bury my dead out of my sight.'
- **5** The children of Heth answered Abraham. saying unto him:
- 6 'Hear us, my lord: you are a mighty prince among us; in the choice of our tombs bury your dead; none of us shall withhold from you his tomb, but that you may bury your dead.'
- 7 Abraham rose up, and bowed down to the people of the land, even to the children of Heth.
- 8 He spoke with them, saying: 'If it be your mind that I should bury my dead out of my sight, hear me, and entreat for me to Ephron the son of Zohar,
- 9 that he may give me the cave of Machpelah, which he has, which is in the

- ShNI ChII ShRA
- **B** UThMTh ShRA BQRITh KNON UIBE EBRAM LSFD LShRA ULBKThA
- MThU UIDBR EL BNI ChTh LEMR
- D GR UThUShB ENKI OMKM UEOBRA MThI MLFNI

A UIONU BNI ChTh ETh EBRAM LEMR LU U ShMONU EDNI NShIE ELAIM EThA BThUKNU BMBChR OBRINU OBR ETh MThK EISh MMNU ETh QBRU LE IKLA MMK MQBR MThK Z UIQM EBRAM UIShThChU LOM AERTs LBNI ChTh

Ch UIDBR ETHM LEMR EM ISH ETh NFShKM LQBR ETh MThI MLFNI ShMOUNI UFGOU LI BOFRUN BN TsChR T UIThN LI ETh MORTh AMKFLA EShR LU EShR

end of his field; for the full price let him give BQTsA ShDAU BKSF MLE it to me in the middle of you for a possession IThNNA LI BThUKKM of a burying-place.'

10 Now Ephron was sitting in the middle of the children of Heth; and Ephron the Hittite answered Abraham in the hearing of the children of Heth, even of all that went in at the gate of his city, saying:

11 'Nay, my lord, hear me: the field give I you, and the cave that is therein, I give it you; in the presence of the sons of my people LK NThThIA LOINI BNI OMI give I it you; bury your dead.'

12 Abraham bowed down before the people of the land.

13 He spoke unto Ephron in the hearing of the people of the land, saying: 'But if you will, I pray you, hear me: I will give the price of the field; take it of me, and I will bury my dead there.'

14 Ephron answered Abraham, saying unto

15 'My lord, hearken unto me: a piece of land worth four hundred shekels of silver, what is that between me and you? bury therefore your dead.'

16 Abraham hearkened unto Ephron; and Abraham weighed to Ephron the silver, which he had named in the hearing of the children of Heth, four hundred shekels of silver, current money with the merchant. 17 So the field of Ephron, which was in Machpelah, which was before Mamre, the field, and the cave which was therein, and all AShDA UAMORA EShR BU the trees that were in the field, that were in all the border thereof round about, were made sure

18 unto Abraham for a possession in the presence of the children of Heth, before all that went in at the gate of his city.

19 After this, Abraham buried Sarah his wife IT UEChRI KN QBR EBRAM in the cave of the field of Machpelah before Mamre--the same is Hebron--in the land of Canaan.

20 The field, and the cave that is therein, were made sure unto Abraham for a

LEChZTh OBR I UOFRUN IShB BThUK BNI ChTh UION OFRUN AChThI ETh EBRAM BEZNI BNI ChTh LKL BEI ShOR OIRU LEMR

IE LE EDNI ShMONI AShDA NThThI LK UAMORA EShR BU NThThIA LK QBR MThK IB UIShThChU EBRAM LFNI OM AERTs

IG UIDBR EL OFRUN BEZNI OM AERTS LEMR EK EM EThA LU ShMONI NThThI KSF AShDA QCh MMNI UEQBRA ETh MThI ShMA

ID UION OFRUN ETh EBRAM LEMR LU

TU EDNI ShMONI ERTS ERBO METh ShQL KSF BINI UBINK MA AUE UETh MThK QBR

TZ UIShMO EBRAM EL OFRUN UIShQL EBRAM LOFRN ETh AKSF EShR DBR BEZNI BNI ChTh ERBO MEUTh ShQL KSF OBR LSChR IZ UIQM ShDA OFRUN EShR BMKFLA EShR LFNI MMRE UKL AOTs EShR BShDA EShR **BKL GBLU SBIB**

ICh LEBRAM LMQNA LOINI BNI ChTh BKL BEI ShOR OIRU

ETh ShRA EShThU EL MORTh ShDA AMKFLA OL FNI MMRE AUE ChBRUN BERTs KNON K UIOM AShDA UAMORA EShR BU LEBRAM LEChZTh QBR METh BNI ChTh {S}

possession of a burying-place by the children of Heth. {S}

Chapter 24 A Bride for Isaac

- 1 Abraham was old, well stricken in age; and IAUA had blessed Abraham in all things.
- 2 Abraham said unto his servant, the elder of his house, that ruled over all that he had: 'Put, I pray you, your hand under my thigh. 3 I will make you swear by IAUA, the God of heaven and the God of the earth, that you shall not take a wife for my son of the daughters of the Canaanites, among whom I AKNONI EShR ENKI IUShB dwell.
- 4 But you shall go unto my country, and to my kindred, and take a wife for my son, even for Isaac.'
- 5 The servant said unto him: 'Peradventure the woman will not be willing to follow me unto this land; must I needs bring your son back unto the land from whence you came?'
- **6** Abraham said unto him: 'Beware you that you bring not my son back thither. 7 IAUA, the God of heaven, who took me from my father's house, and from the land of LQChNI MBITh EBI UMERTs my nativity, and who spoke unto me, and who swore unto me, saying: Unto your seed will I give this land; He will send His angel before you, and you shall take a wife for my AZETh AUE IShLCh MLEKU son from thence.
- 8 If the woman be not willing to follow you, Ch UEM LE ThEBA AEShA then you shall be clear from this my oath; only you shall not bring my son back thither.'
- **9** The servant put his hand under the thigh of Abraham his master, and swore to him concerning this matter.
- 10 The servant took ten camels, of the camels of his master, and departed; having all goodly things of his master's in his hand; and he arose, and went to Aram-naharaim, unto the city of Nahor.

E UEBRAM ZQN BE BIMIM UIAUA BRK ETh EBRAM BKL

B UIEMR EBRAM EL OBDU ZQN BIThU AMShL BKL EShR LU ShIM NE IDK ThChTh IRKI G UEShBIOK BIAUA ELAI AShMIM UELAI AERTs EShR LE ThQCh EShA LBNI MBNUTh **BQRBU**

D KI EL ERTsI UEL MULDThI ThLK ULQChTh EShA LBNI LITsChQ

A UIEMR ELIU AOBD EULI LE ThEBA AEShA LLKTh EChRI EL AERTs AZETh AAShB EShIB ETh BNK EL AERTs EShR ITsETh MShM

U UIEMR ELIU EBRAM AShMR LK FN ThShIB ETh BNI ShMA **Z** IAUA ELAI AShMIM EShR MULDThI UEShR DBR LI UEShR NShBO LI LEMR LZROK EThN ETh AERTs LFNIK ULQChTh EShA LBNI MShM

LLKTh EChRIK UNQITh MShBOThI ZETh RQ ETh BNI LE ThShB ShMA T UIShM AOBD ETh IDU ThChTh IRK EBRAM EDNIU UIShBO LU OL ADBR AZA I UIQCh AOBD OShRA GMLIM MGMLI EDNIU UILK UKL TUB EDNIU BIDU UIQM UILK EL ERM NARIM EL OIR NCHUR

- 11 He made the camels to kneel down without the city by the well of water at the time of evening, the time that women go out LOTh TsETh AShEBTh to draw water.
- 12 He said: 'O IAUA, the God of my master IB UIEMR IAUA ELAI EDNI Abraham, send me, I pray You, good speed this day, and show kindness unto my master UOShA ChSD OM EDNI EBRAM Abraham.
- **13** Behold, I stand by the fountain of water; and the daughters of the men of the city come out to draw water.
- 14 So let it come to pass, that the damsel to whom I shall say: Let down your pitcher, I pray you, that I may drink; and she shall say: Drink, and I will give your camels drink also; let the same be she that You have LITsChQ UBA EDO KI OShITh appointed for Your servant, even for Isaac; and thereby shall I know that You have shown kindness unto my master.'
- 15 It came to pass, before he had done speaking, that, behold, Rebekah came out, who was born to Bethuel the son of Milcah, the wife of Nahor, Abraham's brother, with her pitcher upon her shoulder.
- 16 The damsel was very fair to look upon, a TZ UANOR TBTh MREA MED virgin, neither had any man known her; and she went down to the fountain, and filled her UThRD AOINA UThMLE KDA pitcher, and came up.
- 17 The servant ran to meet her, and said: 'Give me to drink, I pray you, a little water of your pitcher.'
- 18 She said: 'Drink, my lord'; and she hastened, and let down her pitcher upon her hand, and gave him drink.
- 19 When she had done giving him drink, she IT UThKL LAShQThU UThEMR said: 'I will draw for your camels also, until they have done drinking.'
- 20 She hastened, and emptied her pitcher into the trough, and ran again unto the well to draw, and drew for all his camels.
- 21 The man looked steadily on her; holding his peace, to know whether IAUA had made MChRISh LDOTh AATsLICh his journey prosperous or not.
- 22 It came to pass, as the camels had done drinking, that the man took a golden ring of LShThUTh UIQCh AEISh NZM

IE UIBRK AGMLIM MChUTs LOIR EL BER AMIM LOTH ORB

EBRAM AQRA NE LFNI AIUM

IG ANA ENKI NTSB OL OIN AMIM UBNUTh ENShI AOIR ITsETh LShEB MIM **ID** UAIA ANOR EShR EMR ELIA ATI NE KDK UEShThA UEMRA ShThA UGM GMLIK EShQA EThA AKChTh LOBDK ChSD OM EDNI

TU UIAI AUE TRM KLA LDBR UANA RBQA ITsETh EShR ILDA LBThUEL BN MLKA EShTh NChUR EChI EBRAM UKDA OL ShKMA

BThULA UEISh LE IDOA UThOL

IZ UIRTs AOBD LQREThA UIEMR AGMIEINI NE MOT MIM MKDK

ICh UThEMR ShThA EDNI UThMAR UThRD KDA OL IDA **UThShQAU**

GM LGMLIK EShEB OD EM KLU LShThTh

K UThMAR UThOR KDA EL AShQTh UThRTs OUD EL ABER LShEB UThShEB LKL GMLIU

KE UAEISh MShThEA LA IAUA DRKU EM LE

KB UIAI KEShR KLU AGMLIM ZAB BQO MShQLU UShNI

half a shekel weight, and two bracelets for her hands of ten shekels weight of gold;

23 and said: 'Whose daughter are you? tell me, I pray you. Is there room in your father's house for us to lodge in?'

24 She said unto him: 'I am the daughter of Bethuel the son of Milcah, whom she bore unto Nahor.'

25 She said moreover unto him: 'We have both straw and provender enough, and room GM MSFUE RB OMNU GM to lodge in.'

26 The man bowed his head, and prostrated himself before IAUA.

27 He said: 'Blessed be IAUA, the God of my master Abraham, who has not forsaken His mercy and His truth toward my master; as for me, IAUA has led me in the way to the house of my master's brethren.'

28 The damsel ran, and told her mother's house according to these words.

29 Rebekah had a brother, and his name was KT ULRBQA ECh UShMU LBN Laban; and Laban ran out unto the man. unto the fountain.

30 It came to pass, when he saw the ring, and the bracelets upon his sister's hands, and UETh ATsMDIM OL IDI when he heard the words of Rebekah his sister, saying: 'Thus spoke the man unto me,' RBQA EChThU LEMR KA DBR that he came unto the man; and, behold, he stood by the camels at the fountain.

31 He said: 'Come in, you blessed of IAUA; LE UIEMR BUE BRUK IAUA wherefore stand you without? for I have cleared the house, and made room for the camels.'

32 The man came into the house, and he ungirded the camels; and he gave straw and provender for the camels, and water to wash UMSFUE LGMLIM UMIM his feet and the feet of the men that were with him.

33 There was set food before him to eat; but LG UIIShM (UIUShM) LFNIU he said: 'I will not eat, until I have told mine LEKL UIEMR LE EKL OD EM errand.' He said: 'Speak on.'

34 He said: 'I am Abraham's servant.

35 IAUA has blessed my master greatly; and he is become great; and He has given him flocks and herds, and silver and gold, TsMIDIM OL IDIA OShRA ZAB **MShQLM**

KG UIEMR BTh MI ETh AGIDI NE LI AISh BITh EBIK MQUM LNU LLIN

KD UThEMR ELIU BTh BThUEL ENKI BN MLKA EShR ILDA LNChUR

KA UThEMR ELIU GM ThBN MOUM LLUN

KU UIOD AEISh UIShThChU LIAUA

KZ UIEMR BRUK IAUA ELAI EDNI EBRAM EShR LE OZB ChSDU UEMThU MOM EDNI ENKI BDRK NChNI IAUA BITh EChI EDNI

KCh UThRTs ANOR UThGD LBITh EMA KDBRIM AELA UIRTs LBN EL AEISh AChUTsA EL AOIN

L UIAI KRETh ETh ANZM EChThU UKShMOU ETh DBRI ELI AEISh UIBE EL AEISh UANA OMD OL AGMLIM OL **AOIN**

LMA ThOMD BChUTs UENKI FNIThI ABITh UMQUM **LGMLIM**

LB UIBE AEISh ABIThA UIFThCh AGMLIM UIThN ThBN LRChTs RGLIU URGLI AENShIM EShR EThU

DBRThI DBRI UIEMR DBR LD UIEMR OBD EBRAM ENKI

LA UIAUA BRK ETh EDNI MED UIGDL UIThN LU TsEN

and men-servants and maid-servants, and camels and asses.

- 36 Sarah my master's wife bore a son to my master when she was old; and unto him has he given all that he has.
- **37** My master made me swear, saying: You shall not take a wife for my son of the daughters of the Canaanites, in whose land I AKNONI EShR ENKI IShB dwell.
- **38** But you shall go unto my father's house, and to my kindred, and take a wife for my son.
- 39 I said unto my master: Peradventure the woman will not follow me.
- 40 He said unto me: IAUA, before whom I walk, will send His angel with you, and prosper your way; and you shall take a wife for my son of my kindred, and of my father's house:
- 41 then shall you be clear from my oath, when you come to my kindred; and if they give her not to you, you shall be clear from my oath.
- 42 I came this day unto the fountain, and said: O IAUA, the God of my master Abraham, if now You do prosper my way which I go:
- 43 behold, I stand by the fountain of water; and let it come to pass, that the maiden that comes forth to draw, to whom I shall say: Give me, I pray you, a little water from your NE MOT MIM MKDK pitcher to drink;
- 44 and she shall say to me: Both drink you, and I will also draw for your camels; let the same be the woman whom IAUA has appointed for my master's son.
- 45 Before I had done speaking to my heart, behold, Rebekah came forth with her pitcher LBI UANA RBQA ITsETh UKDA on her shoulder; and she went down unto the fountain, and drew. I said unto her: Let me drink, I pray you.
- 46 She made haste, and let down her pitcher MU UThMAR UThURD KDA from her shoulder, and said: Drink, and I will give your camels drink also. So I drank, GMLIK EShQA UEShTh UGM and she made the camels drink also.

UBQR UKSF UZAB UOBDM UShFChTh UGMLIM UChMRIM LU UThLD ShRA EShTh EDNI BN LEDNI ECHRI ZQNThA UIThN LU ETh KL EShR LU LZ UIShBONI EDNI LEMR LE ThQCh EShA LBNI MBNUTh BERTsU

LCh EM LE EL BITh EBI ThLK UEL MShFChThI ULQChTh EShA LBNI

LT UEMR EL EDNI ELI LE ThLK AEShA EChRI M UIEMR ELI IAUA EShR AThALKThI LFNIU IShLCh MLEKU EThK UATsLICh DRKK ULOChTh EShA LBNI MMShFChThI UMBITh EBI ME EZ ThNOA MELTHI KI Thbue el Mshfchthi uem le IThNU LK UAIITh NQI MELTHI

MB UEBE AIUM EL AOIN UEMR IAUA ELAI EDNI EBRAM EM IShK NE MTsLICh DRKI EShR ENKI ALK OLIA MG ANA ENKI NTsB OL OIN AMIM UAIA AOLMA AITsETh LShEB UEMRTHI ELIA ASHQINI

MD UEMRA ELI GM EThA ShThA UGM LGMLIK EShEB AUE AEShA EShR AKICh IAUA LBN EDNI

MA ENI TRM EKLA LDBR EL OL ShKMA UThRD AOINA UThShEB UEMR ELIA AShQINI NE

MOLIA UThEMR ShThA UGM AGMLIM AShQThA

47 I asked her, and said: Whose daughter are you? She said: The daughter of Bethuel, Nahor's son, whom Milcah bore unto him. I put the ring upon her nose, and the bracelets MLKA UEShM ANZM OL EFA upon her hands.

48 I bowed my head, and prostrated myself before IAUA, and blessed IAUA, the God of my master Abraham, who had led me in the right way to take my master's brother's daughter for his son.

49 Now if you will deal kindly and truly with my master, tell me; and if not, tell me; that I may turn to the right hand, or to the left.'

50 Then Laban and Bethuel answered and said: 'The thing proceeds from IAUA; we cannot speak unto you bad or good.

51 Behold, Rebekah is before you, take her, and go, and let her be your master's son's wife, as IAUA has spoken.'

52 It came to pass, that, when Abraham's servant heard their words, he bowed himself EBRAM ETh DBRIAM down to the earth unto IAUA.

53 The servant brought forth jewels of silver, and jewels of gold, and raiment, and gave them to Rebekah; he gave also to her brother and to her mother precious things.

54 They did eat and drink, he and the men that were with him, and tarried all night; and UAENShIM EShR OMU UILINU they rose up in the morning, and he said: 'Send me away unto my master.'

55 Her brother and her mother said: 'Let the NA UIEMR ECHIA UEMA damsel abide with us a few days, at the least ThShB ANOR EThNU IMIM EU ten; after that she shall go.'

56 He said unto them: 'Delay me not, seeing NU UIEMR ELAM EL ThEChRU IAUA has prospered my way; send me away EThI UIAUA ATsLICh DRKI that I may go to my master.'

57 They said: 'We will call the damsel, and inquire at her mouth.'

58 They called Rebekah, and said unto her: 'Will you go with this man?' She said: 'I will ELIA AThLKI OM AEISh AZA go.'

59 They sent away Rebekah their sister, and NT UIShLChU ETh RBQA her nurse, and Abraham's servant, and his men.

MZ UEShEL EThA UEMR BTh MI ETh UThEMR BTh BThUEL BN NChUR EShR ILDA LU UATsMIDIM OL IDIA MCh UEQD UEShThChUA LIAUA UEBRK ETh IAUA ELAI EDNI EBRAM EShR ANChNI BDRK EMTh LQChTh ETh BTh ECHI EDNI LBNU MT UOThA EM IShKM OShIM ChSD UEMTh ETh EDNI AGIDU LI UEM LE AGIDU LI UEFNA OL IMIN EU OL ShMEL N UION LBN UBThUEL

UIEMRU MIAUA ITsE ADBR LE NUKL DBR ELIK RO EU TUB

NE ANA RBQA LFNIK QCh ULK UThAI EShA LBN EDNIK KEShR DBR IAUA

NB UIAI KEShR ShMO OBD UIShThChU ERTsA LIAUA NG UIUTsE AOBD KLI KSF UKLI ZAB UBGDIM UIThN LRBQA UMGDNTh NThN LECHIA ULEMA

ND UIEKLU UIShThU AUE UIQUMU BBQR UIEMR ShLChNI LEDNI

OShUR EChR ThLK

ShLChUNI UELKA LEDNI **NZ** UIEMRU NORE LNOR

UNShELA ETh FIA NCh UIQREU LRBQA UIEMRU

UThEMR ELK

EChThM UETh MNQThA UETh OBD EBRAM UETh ENShIU

- 60 They blessed Rebekah, and said unto her: S UIBRKU ETh RBQA UIEMRU 'Our sister, be you the mother of thousands of ten thousands, and let your seed possess the gate of those that hate them.'
- 61 Rebekah arose, and her damsels, and they rode upon the camels, and followed the UThRKBNA OL AGMLIM man. The servant took Rebekah, and went his way.
- 62 Isaac came from the way of Beer-lahairoi; for he dwelt in the land of the South.
- 63 Isaac went out to meditate in the field at the eventide; and he lifted up his eyes, and saw, and, behold, there were camels coming.
- 64 Rebekah lifted up her eyes, and when she SD UThShE RBQA ETh OINIA saw Isaac, she alighted from the camel.
- 65 She said unto the servant: 'What man is this that walks in the field to meet us?' The servant said: 'It is my master.' She took her veil, and covered herself.
- **66** The servant told Isaac all the things that he had done.
- **67** Isaac brought her into his mother Sarah's tent, and took Rebekah, and she became his wife; and he loved her. Isaac was comforted UThAI LU LEShA UIEABA for his mother. {P}

- LA EChThNU ETh AII LELFI RBBA UIIRSh ZROK ETh ShOR ShNEIU
- SE UThQM RBQA UNORThIA UThLKNA EChRI AEISh UIQCh AOBD ETh RBQA UILK
- **SB** UITsChQ BE MBUE BER LChI REI UAUE IUShB BERTs ANGB
- SG UITsE ITsChQ LShUCh BShDA LFNUTh ORB UIShE OINIU UIRE UANA GMLIM **BEIM**
- UThRE ETh ITsChQ UThFL MOL AGML
- SA UThEMR EL AOBD MI AEISh ALZA AALK BShDA LQREThNU UIEMR AOBD AUE EDNI UThQCh ATsOIF UThThKS
- SU UISFR AOBD LITsChQ ETh KL ADBRIM EShR OShA
- SZ UIBEA ITsChQ AEALA ShRA EMU UIQCh ETh RBQA UINChM ITsChQ EChRI EMU {F}

Chapter 25 Abraham's Death

- 1 Abraham took another wife, and her name E UISF EBRAM UIQCh EShA was Keturah.
- 2 She bore him Zimran, and Jokshan, and Medan, and Midian, and Ishbak, and Shuah.
- 3 Jokshan begot Sheba, and Dedan. The sons G UIQShN ILD ETh ShBE UETh of Dedan were Asshurim, and Letushim, and DDN UBNI DDN AIU EShURM Leummim.
- 4 The sons of Midian: Ephah, and Epher, and D UBNI MDIN OIFA UOFR Hanoch, and Abida, and Eldaah. All these were the children of Keturah.
- 5 Abraham gave all that he had unto Isaac.

- UShMA QTURA
- B UThLD LU ETh ZMRN UETh IQShN UETh MDN UETh MDIN UETh IShBQ UETh ShUCh
- **ULTUSHM ULEMIM**
- UChNK UEBIDO UELDOA KL ELA BNI QTURA

A UIThN EBRAM ETh KL EShR LU LITsChQ

- 6 But unto the sons of the concubines, that Abraham had, Abraham gave gifts; and he sent them away from Isaac his son, while he yet lived, eastward, unto the east country.
- 7 These are the days of the years of Abraham's life which he lived, a hundred threescore and fifteen years.
- 8 Abraham expired, and died in a good old age, an old man, and full of years; and was gathered to his people.
- 9 Isaac and Ishmael his sons buried him in the cave of Machpelah, in the field of Ephron the son of Zohar the Hittite, which is AMKFLA EL ShDA OFRN BN before Mamre:
- 10 the field which Abraham purchased of the I AShDA EShR QNA EBRAM children of Heth; there was Abraham buried, METh BNI ChTh ShMA QBR and Sarah his wife.
- 11 It came to pass after the death of Abraham, that God blessed Isaac his son; and Isaac dwelt by Beer-lahai-roi. {P}
- 12 Now these are the generations of Ishmael, IB UELA ThLDTh IShMOEL BN Abraham's son, whom Hagar the Egyptian, Sarah's handmaid, bore unto Abraham.
- 13 These are the names of the sons of Ishmael, by their names, according to their generations: the first-born of Ishmael, Nebaioth; and Kedar, and Adbeel, and Mibsam.
- 14 and Mishma, and Dumah, and Massa; 15 Hadad, and Tema, Jetur, Naphish, and Kedem;
- 16 these are the sons of Ishmael, and these are their names, by their villages, and by their encampments; twelve princes according UBTIRThM ShNIM OShR to their nations.
- 17 These are the years of the life of Ishmael, IZ UELA ShNI ChII IShMOEL a hundred and thirty and seven years; and he expired and died; and was gathered unto his people.
- 18 They dwelt from Havilah unto Shur that is before Egypt, as you go toward Asshur:

U ULBNI AFILGShIM EShR LEBRAM NThN EBRAM MThNTh UIShLChM MOL ITsChQ BNU BOUDNU ChI QDMA EL ERTs QDM Z UELA IMI ShNI ChII EBRAM EShR ChI METh ShNA UShBOIM ShNA UChMSh ShNIM

Ch UIGUO UIMTh EBRAM BShIBA TUBA ZQN UShBO **UIESF EL OMIU** T UIQBRU EThU ITsChQ UIShMOEL BNIU EL MORTh TsChR AChThI EShR OL FNI

MMRE EBRAM UShRA EShThU IE UIAI EChRI MUTh EBRAM UIBRK ELAIM ETh ITsChQ BNU UIShB ITsChQ OM BER LChI REI {F}

- EBRAM EShR ILDA AGR AMTsRITh ShFChTh ShRA LEBRAM
- **IG** UELA ShMUTh BNI IShMOEL BShMThM LThULDThM BKR IShMOEL NBITh UODR UEDBEL **UMBShM**
- **ID** UMShMO UDUMA UMShE TU ChDD UThIME ITUR NFISh **UODMA**
- TZ ELA AM BNI IShMOEL UELA ShMThM BChTsRIAM **NShIEM LEMThM**
- METh ShNA UShLShIM ShNA UShBO ShNIM UIGUO UIMTh **UIESF EL OMIU**
- ICh UIShKNU MChUILA OD ShUR EShR OL FNI MTsRIM

- over against all his brethren he did settle. {**P**}
- 19 These are the generations of Isaac, Abraham's son: Abraham begot Isaac.
- 20 Isaac was forty years old when he took Rebekah, the daughter of Bethuel the Aramean, of Paddan-aram, the sister of Laban the Aramean, to be his wife.
- 21 Isaac entreated IAUA for his wife, because she was barren; and IAUA let Himself be entreated of him, and Rebekah his wife conceived.
- 22 The children struggled together within her; and she said: 'If it be so, wherefore do I live?' She went to inquire of IAUA.
- 23 IAUA said unto her: Two nations are in your womb, and two peoples shall be separated from your bowels; and the one people shall be stronger than the other people; and the elder shall serve the younger. 24 When her days to be delivered were
- fulfilled, behold, there were twins in her womb.
- 25 The first came forth ruddy, all over like a hairy mantle; and they called his name Esau. KLU KEDRTh ShOR UIQREU
- **26** After that came forth his brother, and his hand had hold on Esau's heel; and his name was called Jacob. Isaac was threescore years old when she bore them.
- 27 The boys grew; and Esau was a cunning hunter, a man of the field; and Jacob was a quiet man, dwelling in tents.
- 28 Now Isaac loved Esau, because he did eat KCh UIEAB ITsChQ ETh OShU of his venison; and Rebekah loved Jacob.
- 29 Jacob sod pottage; and Esau came in from KT UIZD IOQB NZID UIBE the field, and he was faint.
- 30 Esau said to Jacob: 'Let me swallow, I pray you, some of this red, red pottage; for I am faint.' Therefore was his name called Edom.

BEKA EShURA OL FNI KL ECHIU NFL {F} IT UELA ThULDTh ITsChQ BN

EBRAM EBRAM AULID ETh ITsChO

K UIAI ITsChQ BN ERBOIM ShNA BQChThU ETh RBQA BTh BThUEL AERMI MFDN ERM ECHUTH LBN AERMI LU LEShA

KE UIOThR ITsChQ LIAUA LNKCh EShThU KI OQRA AUE UIOThR LU IAUA UThAR RBOA EShThU

KB UIThRTsTsU ABNIM BQRBA UThEMR EM KN LMA ZA ENKI UThLK LDRSh ETh IAUA

KG UIEMR IAUA LA ShNI GIIM BBTNK UShNI LEMIM MMOIK IFRDU ULEM MLEM IEMTs URB IOBD TsOIR

KD UIMLEU IMIA LLDTh UANA ThUMM BBTNA

KA UITsE AREShUN EDMUNI ShMU OShU

KU UEChRI KN ITsE EChIU UIDU EChZTh BOQB OShU UIQRE ShMU IOQB UITsChQ BN ShShIM ShNA BLDTh EThM **KZ** UIGDLU ANORIM UIAI OShU EISh IDO TsID EISh ShDA UIOQB EISh ThM IShB EALIM

KI TsID BFIU URBQA EABTh ETh IOQB

OShU MN AShDA UAUE OIF L UIEMR OShU EL IOQB ALOITNI NE MN AEDM AEDM AZA KI OIF ENKI OL KN QRE ShMU EDUM

- 31 Jacob said: 'Sell me first your birthright.'
- 32 Esau said: 'Behold, I am at the point to die; and what profit shall the birthright do to me?'
- **33** Jacob said: 'Swear to me first'; and he swore unto him; and he sold his birthright unto Jacob.
- **34** Jacob gave Esau bread and pottage of lentils; and he did eat and drink, and rose up, and went his way. So Esau despised his birthright. {P}

LE UIEMR IOQB MKRA KIUM ETH BKRTHK LI LB UIEMR OSHU ANA ENKI

AULK LMUTh ULMA ZA LI BKRA

LG UIEMR IOQB AShBOA LI KIUM UIShBO LU UIMKR ETH BKRThU LIOOB

LD UIOQB NThN LOShU LChM UNZID ODShIM UIEKL UIShTh UIQM UILK UIBZ OShU ETh ABKRA {F}

Chapter 26 Isaac Settles in Gerar

- 1 There was a famine in the land, beside the first famine that was in the days of Abraham. Isaac went unto Abimelech king of the Philistines unto Gerar.
- 2 IAUA appeared unto him, and said: 'Go not down unto Egypt; dwell in the land which I shall tell you of.
- 3 Sojourn in this land, and I will be with you, and will bless you; for unto you, and unto your seed, I will give all these lands, and I will establish the oath which I swore unto Abraham your father;

 G GUR BERTS AZETH UEAIA OMK UEBRKK KI LK ULZRO!

 ETHN ETH KL AERTSTH AEL UAQMTHI ETH AShBOA ESHR NShBOTHI LEBRAM EBIK
- 4 and I will increase your seed as the stars D UARBITHI ETH ZROK KKUKBI of heaven, and will give unto your seed all AShMIM UNThTHI LZROK ETH these lands; and by your seed shall all the nations of the earth bless themselves; BZROK KL GUII AERTs
- 5 because that Abraham hearkened to My voice, and kept My charge, My commandments, My statutes, and My laws '
- 6 Isaac dwelt in Gerar.
- 7 The men of the place asked him of his wife; and he said: 'She is my sister'; for he feared to say: 'My wife'; 'unless the men of the place should kill me for Rebekah, because she is fair to look upon.'

 Z UIShELU ENShI AMQUM
 LEShThU UIEMR EChThI AUE KI
 IRE LEMR EShThI FN IARGNI
 ENShI AMQUM OL RBQA KI
 TUBTh MREA AUE
- 8 It came to pass, when he had been there a long time, that Abimelech king of the Philistines looked out at a window, and saw, and, behold, Isaac was sporting with Rebekah his wife.

E UIAI ROB BERTS MLBD AROB ARESHUN ESHR AIA BIMI EBRAM UILK ITSCHQ EL EBIMLK MLK FLSHTHIM GRRA B UIRE ELIU IAUA UIEMR EL THRD MTSRIMA SHKN BERTS ESHR EMR ELIK G GUR BERTS AZETH UEAIA OMK UEBRKK KI LK ULZROK ETHN ETH KL AERTSTH AEL UAQMTHI ETH ASHBOA ESHR NSHBOTHI LEBRAM EBIK D UARBITHI ETH ZROK KKUKBI ASHMIM UNTHTHI LZROK ETH KL AERTSTH AEL UATHBRKU BZROK KL GUII AERTS A OQB ESHR SHMO EBRAM BQLI

U UIShB ITsChQ BGRR
Z UIShELU ENShI AMQUM
LEShThU UIEMR EChThI AUE KI
IRE LEMR EShThI FN IARGNI
ENSHI AMQUM OL RBQA KI
TUBTH MREA AUE
Ch UIAI KI ERKU LU SHM
AIMIM UISHQF EBIMLK MLK
FLSHTHIM BOD ACHLUN UIRE
UANA ITSCHQ MTSCHQ ETH
RBQA ESHTHU

UIShMR MShMRThI MTsUThI

ChQUThI UThURThI

9 Abimelech called Isaac, and said: 'Behold, of a surety she is your wife; and how said you: She is my sister?' Isaac said UEIK EMRTh EChThI AUE unto him: 'Because I said: Unless I die because of her.'

10 Abimelech said: 'What is this you have I UIEMR EBIMLK MA ZETh done unto us? one of the people might easily have lain with your wife, and you would have brought guiltiness upon us.'

11 Abimelech charged all the people, saying: 'He that touches this man or his wife shall surely be put to death.'

12 Isaac sowed in that land, and found in the same year a hundredfold; and IAUA blessed him.

13 The man waxed great, and grew more and more until he became very great.

14 He had possessions of flocks, and possessions of herds, and a great household; and the Philistines envied him.

15 Now all the wells which his father's servants had dug in the days of Abraham his father, the Philistines had stopped them, and filled them with earth.

16 Abimelech said unto Isaac: 'Go from us; for you are much mightier than we.'

17 Isaac departed thence, and encamped in the valley of Gerar, and dwelt there. 18 Isaac dug again the wells of water, which they had dug in the days of Abraham his father; for the Philistines had EBRAM EBIU UISThMUM stopped them after the death of Abraham; and he called their names after the names by which his father had called them. 19 Isaac's servants dug in the valley, and found there a well of living water.

20 The herdsmen of Gerar strove with Isaac's herdsmen, saying: 'The water is ours.' He called the name of the well Esek; ShM ABER OShQ KI AThOShQU because they contended with him. 21 They dug another well, and they strove KE UIChFRU BER EChRTh for that also. He called the name of it Sitnah.

T UIQRE EBIMLK LITsChQ UIEMR EK ANA EShThK AUE UIEMR ELIU ITsChQ KI EMRThI FN EMUTh OLIA

OShITh LNU KMOT ShKB EChD AOM ETh EShThK UABETh OLINU EShM

IE UITsU EBIMLK ETh KL AOM LEMR ANGO BEISh AZA UBEShThU MUTh IUMTh

IB UIZRO ITsChQ BERTs AAUE UIMTsE BShNA AAUE MEA ShORIM UIBRKAU IAUA

IG UIGDL AEISh UILK ALUK UGDL OD KI GDL MED

ID UIAI LU MQNA TSEN UMQNA BQR UOBDA RBA UIQNEU EThU FLShThIM

TU UKL ABERTh EShR ChFRU OBDI EBIU BIMI EBRAM EBIU SThMUM FLShThIM UIMLEUM

TZ UIEMR EBIMLK EL ITsChQ LK MOMNU KI OTsMTh MMNU MED

IZ UILK MShM ITsChQ UIChN BNChL GRR UIShB ShM ICh UIShB ITsChQ UIChFR ETh BERTh AMIM EShR ChFRU BIMI FLShThIM EChRI MUTh EBRAM UIQRE LAN ShMUTh KShMTh EShR QRE LAN EBIU IT UIChFRU OBDI ITsChQ BNChL UIMTsEU ShM BER MIM ChIIM

K UIRIBU ROI GRR OM ROI ITsChQ LEMR LNU AMIM UIQRE OMU

UIRIBU GM OLIA UIQRE ShMA ShTNA

22 He removed from thence, and dug another well; and for that they strove not. He called the name of it Rehoboth; and he ShMA RChBUTh UIEMR KI OThA said: 'For now IAUA has made room for us, and we shall be fruitful in the land.'

23 He went up from thence to Beer-sheba. KG UIOL MShM BER ShBO

24 IAUA appeared unto him the same night, and said: 'I am the God of Abraham AAUE UIEMR ENKI ELAI your father. Fear not, for I am with you, and will bless you, and increase your seed ENKI UBRKThIK UARBIThI ETh for My servant Abraham's sake.'

25 He built an altar there, and called upon KA UIBN ShM MZBCh UIQRE the name of IAUA, and pitched his tent there; and there Isaac's servants dug a well.

26 Then Abimelech went to him from Gerar, and Ahuzzath his friend, and Phicol the captain of his host.

27 Isaac said unto them: 'Wherefore are you come unto me, seeing you hate me, and have sent me away from you?'

28 They said: 'We saw plainly that IAUA was with you; and we said: Let there now be an oath between us, even between us and you, and let us make a covenant with you;

29 that you will do us no hurt, as we have not touched you, and as we have done unto you nothing but good, and have sent you away in peace; you are now the blessed of IAUA.'

30 He made them a feast, and they did eat L UIOSh LAM MShThA UIEKLU and drink.

31 They rose up betimes in the morning, and swore one to another; and Isaac sent them away, and they departed from him in UILKU METhU BShLUM peace.

32 It came to pass the same day, that Isaac's servants came, and told him concerning the well which they had dug, and said unto him: 'We have found water.' 33 He called it Shibah. Therefore the name of the city is Beer-sheba unto this day. {S}

34 When Esau was forty years old, he took to wife Judith the daughter of Beeri **KB** UIOThQ MShM UIChFR BER EChRTh ULE RBU OLIA UIORE ARCHIB IAUA LNU UFRINU BERTs

KD UIRE ELIU IAUA BLILA EBRAM EBIK EL THIRE KI ETHK ZROK BOBUR EBRAM OBDI BShM IAUA UIT ShM EALU UIKRU ShM OBDI ITsChQ BER

KU UEBIMLK ALK ELIU MGRR UEChZTh MROAU UFIKL ShR TsBEU

KZ UIEMR ELAM ITsChQ MDUO BETHM ELI UETHM SHNETHM EThI UThShLChUNI METhKM KCh UIEMRU REU REINU KI AIA IAUA OMK UNEMR ThAI NE ELA BINUTHINU BININU UBINK UNKRThA BRITH OMK

KT EM ThOShA OMNU ROA KEShR LE NGONUK UKEShR OShINU OMK RO TUB UNShLChK BShLUM EThA OThA **BRUK IAUA**

UIShThU LE UIShKIMU BBQR UIShBOU

EISh LECHIU UIShLChM ITsChQ

LB UIAI BIUM AAUE UIBEU OBDI ITsChQ UIGDU LU OL EDUTh ABER EShR ChFRU UIEMRU LU MTsENU MIM LG UIQRE EThA ShBOA OL KN ShM AOIR BER ShBO OD AIUM $AZA \{S\}$

LD UIAI OShU BN ERBOIM ShNA UIQCh EShA ETh IAUDITh BTh

the Hittite, and Basemath the daughter of Elon the Hittite.

35 They were a bitterness of spirit unto Isaac and to Rebekah. {S}

BERI AChThI UETh BShMTh BTh EILN AChThI LA UThAIIN MRTh RUCh LITsChQ ULRBQA {S}

Chapter 27 Jacob's Deception

- 1 It came to pass, that when Isaac was old, and his eyes were dim, so that he could not see, he called Esau his elder son, and said unto him: 'My son'; and he said unto him: 'Here am I.'
- 2 He said: 'Behold now, I am old, I know not the day of my death.
- 3 Now therefore take, I pray you, your weapons, your quiver and your bow, and go out to the field, and take me venison; 4 and make me savory food, such as I
- love, and bring it to me, that I may eat; that my soul may bless you before I die.'
- 5 Rebekah heard when Isaac spoke to Esau his son. Esau went to the field to hunt for venison, and to bring it.
- 6 Rebekah spoke unto Jacob her son, saying: 'Behold, I heard your father speak LEMR ANA ShMOThI ETh EBIK unto Esau your brother, saying:
- 7 Bring me venison, and make me savory food, that I may eat, and bless you before IAUA before my death.
- 8 Now therefore, my son, hearken to my voice according to that which I command you.
- **9** Go now to the flock, and fetch me from thence two good kids of the goats; and I will make them savory food for your father, such as he loves;
- 10 and you shall bring it to your father, that he may eat, so that he may bless you before his death.'
- 11 Jacob said to Rebekah his mother: 'Behold, Esau my brother is a hairy man, and I am a smooth man.
- 12 My father peradventure will feel me, and I shall seem to him as a mocker; and I BOINIU KMThOThO UABETHI

E UIAI KI ZQN ITsChQ UThKAIN OINIU MRETH UIQRE ETH OSHU BNU AGDL UIEMR ELIU BNI UIEMR ELIU ANNI

B UIEMR ANA NE ZQNTHI LE IDOTHI IUM MUTHI G UOThA ShE NE KLIK ThLIK UQShThK UTsE AShDA UTsUDA LI TsIDA (TsID)

D UOShA LI MTOMIM KEShR EABTHI UABIEA LI UEKLA BOBUR ThBRKK NFShI BTRM **EMUTh**

A URBQA ShMOTh BDBR ITsChQ EL OShU BNU UILK OShU AShDA LTsUD TsID LABIE U URBQA EMRA EL IOQB BNA MDBR EL OShU ECHIK LEMR Z ABIEA LI TsID UOShA LI MTOMIM UEKLA UEBRKKA LFNI IAUA LFNI MUThI Ch UOThA BNI ShMO BQLI LEShR ENI MTsUA EThK

T LK NE EL ATsEN UQCh LI MShM ShNI GDII OZIM TBIM UEOShA EThM MTOMIM LEBIK KEShR EAB

I UABETh LEBIK UEKL BOBR EShR IBRKK LFNI MUThU

IE UIEMR IOQB EL RBQA EMU AN OShU ECHI EISH SHOR UENKI EISh ChLQ

IB EULI IMShNI EBI UAIIThI OLI QLLA ULE BRKA

shall bring a curse upon me, and not a blessing.'

13 His mother said unto him: 'Upon me be IG UThEMR LU EMU OLI your curse, my son; only hearken to my voice, and go fetch me them.'

14 He went, and fetched, and brought them to his mother; and his mother made savory food, such as his father loved.

15 Rebekah took the choicest garments of TU UThQCh RBQA ETh BGDI Esau her elder son, which were with her in the house, and put them upon Jacob her EShR EThA BBITh UThLBSh ETh younger son.

16 She put the skins of the kids of the goats upon his hands, and upon the smooth of his neck.

17 She gave the savory food and the bread, which she had prepared, into the hand of her son Jacob.

18 He came unto his father, and said: 'My ICh UIBE EL EBIU UIEMR EBI father'; and he said: 'Here am I; who are vou, my son?'

19 Jacob said unto his father: 'I am Esau your first-born; I have done according as you bade me. Arise, I pray you, sit and eat DBRTh ELI QUM NE ShBA of my venison, that your soul may bless me.'

20 Isaac said unto his son: 'How is it that you have found it so quickly, my son?' He MARTh LMTsE BNI UIEMR KI said: 'Because IAUA your God sent me good speed.'

21 Isaac said unto Jacob: 'Come near, I pray you, that I may feel you, my son, whether you be my very son Esau or not.'

22 Jacob went near unto Isaac his father: and he felt him, and said: 'The voice is the UIMShAU UIEMR AQL QUL voice of Jacob, but the hands are the hands of Esau.'

23 He discerned him not, because his hands were hairy, as his brother Esau's hands; so he blessed him.

24 He said: 'Are you my very son Esau?' He said: 'I am.'

25 He said: 'Bring it near to me, and I will KA UIEMR AGShA LI UEKLA eat of my son's venison, that my soul may MTsID BNI LMON ThBRKK bless you.' He brought it near to him, and

QLLThK BNI EK ShMO BQLI ULK QCh LI

ID UILK UIQCh UIBE LEMU UThOSh EMU MTOMIM KEShR EAB EBIU

OShU BNA AGDL AChMDTh IOQB BNA AQTN

TZ UETh ORTh GDII AOZIM ALBIShA OL IDIU UOL ChLQTh **TsUERIU**

IZ UThThN ETh AMTOMIM UETh ALChM EShR OShThA BID IOQB BNA

UIEMR ANNI MI EThA BNI

IT UIEMR IOQB EL EBIU ENKI OShU BKRK OShIThI KEShR UEKLA MTsIDI BOBUR ThBRKNI NFShK

K UIEMR ITsChQ EL BNU MA ZA AORA IAUA ELAIK LFNI

KE UIEMR ITsChQ EL IOQB GShA NE UEMShK BNI AEThA ZA BNI OShU EM LE KB UIGSh IOQB EL ITsChQ EBIU IOOB UAIDIM IDI OShU

KG ULE AKIRU KI AIU IDIU KIDI OShU ECHIU ShORTh UIBRKAU

KD UIEMR EThA ZA BNI OShU UIEMR ENI

NFShI UIGSh LU UIEKL UIBE LU IIN UIShTh

he did eat; and he brought him wine, and he drank

- 26 His father Isaac said unto him: 'Come near now, and kiss me, my son.'
- 27 He came near, and kissed him. He smelled the smell of his raiment, and blessed him, and said: See, the smell of my son is as the smell of a field which IAUA has blessed.
- 28 So God give you of the dew of heaven, KCh UIThN LK AELAIM MTL and of the fat places of the earth, and plenty of corn and wine.
- 29 Let peoples serve you, and nations bow down to you. Be lord over your brethren, and let your mother's sons bow down to you. Cursed be every one that curses you, and blessed be every one that blesses you.
- 30 It came to pass, as soon as Isaac had made an end of blessing Jacob, and Jacob ETh IOOB UIAI EK ITsE ITsE was yet scarce gone out from the presence IOQB METh FNI ITsChQ EBIU of Isaac his father, that Esau his brother came in from his hunting.
- 31 He also made savory food, and brought LE UIOSh GM AUE MTOMIM it unto his father; and he said unto his father: 'Let my father arise, and eat of his son's venison, that your soul may bless me.'
- 32 Isaac his father said unto him: 'Who are you?' He said: 'I am your son, your first-born, Esau.'
- 33 Isaac trembled very exceedingly, and said: 'Who then is he that has taken venison, and brought it me, and I have eaten of all before you came, and have blessed him? yes, and he shall be blessed.' GM BRUK IAIA 34 When Esau heard the words of his
- father, he cried with an exceeding great and bitter cry, and said unto his father: 'Bless me, even me also, O my father.' 35 He said: 'Your brother came with guile, and has taken away your blessing.'
- 36 He said: 'Is not he rightly named Jacob? for he has supplanted me these two times: he took away my birthright; and, behold, now he has taken away my

KU UIEMR ELIU ITsChQ EBIU GShA NE UShQA LI BNI KZ UIGSh UIShQ LU UIRCh ETh RICh BGDIU UIBRKAU UIEMR REA RICH BNI KRICH ShDA ESHR **BRKU IAUA**

AShMIM UMShMNI AERTs URB DGN UThIRSh KT IOBDUK OMIM UIShThChU (UIShThChUU) LK LEMIM AUA GBIR LECHIK UIShThChUU LK BNI EMK ERRIK ERUR

UMBRKIK BRUK

- L UIAI KEShR KLA ITsChQ LBRK UOShU ECHIU BE MTsIDU
- UIBE LEBIU UIEMR LEBIU IQM EBI UIEKL MTsID BNU BOBR ThBRKNI NFShK
- LB UIEMR LU ITsChQ EBIU MI EThA UIEMR ENI BNK BKRK **OShU**
- LG UIChRD ITsChQ ChRDA GDLA OD MED UIEMR MI EFUE AUE ATSD TSID UIBE LI UEKL MKL BTRM ThBUE UEBRKAU
- LD KShMO OShU ETh DBRI EBIU UITsOQ TsOQA GDLA UMRA OD MED UIEMR LEBIU BRKNI GM **ENI EBI**
- LA UIEMR BE ECHIK BMRMA UIQCh BRKThK LU UIEMR AKI QRE ShMU IOQB UIOQBNI ZA FOMIM ETh BKRThI LQCh UANA OThA LQCh

blessing.' He said: 'Have you not reserved BRKThI UIEMR ALE ETsLTh LI a blessing for me?'

37 Isaac answered and said unto Esau: 'Behold, I have made him your lord, and all his brethren have I given to him for servants; and with corn and wine have I sustained him; and what then shall I do for you, my son?'

38 Esau said unto his father: 'Have you but one blessing, my father? bless me, even me also, O my father.' Esau lifted up BRKNI GM ENI EBI UIShE OShU his voice, and wept.

39 Isaac his father answered and said unto LT UION ITsChQ EBIU UIEMR him: Behold, of the fat places of the earth ELIU ANA MShMNI AERTs IAIA shall be your dwelling, and of the dew of heaven from above:

40 By your sword shall you live, and you shall serve your brother; and it shall come to pass when you shall break loose, that you shall shake his yoke from off your neck

41 Esau hated Jacob because of the blessing wherewith his father blessed him. ABRKA EShR BRKU EBIU Esau said in his heart: 'Let the days of mourning for my father be at hand; then will I slay my brother Jacob.'

42 The words of Esau her elder son were told to Rebekah; and she sent and called Jacob her younger son, and said unto him: UThQRE LIOQB BNA AQTN 'Behold, your brother Esau, as touching you, does comfort himself, purposing to kill you.

43 Now therefore, my son, hearken to my voice; and arise, flee you to Laban my brother to Haran;

44 and tarry with him a few days, until your brother's fury turn away;

45 until your brother's anger turn away from you, and he forget that which you have done to him; then I will send, and fetch you from thence; why should I be bereaved of you both in one day?'

46 Rebekah said to Isaac: 'I am weary of my life because of the daughters of Heth. If Jacob take a wife of the daughters of

BRKA

LZ UION ITsChQ UIEMR LOShU AN GBIR ShMThIU LK UETh KL ECHIU NThThI LU LOBDIM UDGN UThIRSh SMKThIU ULKA EFUE MA EOShA BNI

LCh UIEMR OShU EL EBIU ABRKA EChTh AUE LK EBI **QLU UIBK**

MUShBK UMTL AShMIM MOL

M UOL Chrbk ThChIA UETh ECHIK THOBD UAIA KESHR Thrid Ufroth Olu Mol **TsUERK**

ME UIShTM OShU ETh IOQB OL UIEMR OShU BLBU IQRBU IMI EBL EBI UEARGA ETh IOQB **EChI**

MB UIGD LRBQA ETh DBRI OShU BNA AGDL UThShLCh UThEMR ELIU ANA OShU ECHIK MThNChM LK LARGK

MG UOThA BNI ShMO BQLI UQUM BRCh LK EL LBN EChI ChRNA

MD UIShBTh OMU IMIM EChDIM OD EShR ThShUB ChMTh EChIK MA OD ShUB EF ECHIK MMK UShKCh ETh EShR OShITh LU UShLChThI ULQChThIK MShM LMA EShKL GM ShNIKM IUM **EChD**

MU UThEMR RBQA EL ITsChQ QTsThI BChII MFNI BNUTh ChTh EM LQCh IOQB EShA MBNUTh

Heth, such as these, of the daughters of the land, what good shall my life do me?' ChTh KELA MBNUTh AERTs LMA LI ChIIM

Chapter 28 **Jacob Is Sent Away**

- 1 Isaac called Jacob, and blessed him, and E UIQRE ITsChQ EL IOQB charged him, and said unto him: 'You shall UIBRK EThU UITsUAU UIEMR not take a wife of the daughters of Canaan. LU LE ThQCh EShA MBNUTh
- 2 Arise, go to Paddan-aram, to the house of B QUM LK FDNA ERM BITHA Bethuel your mother's father; and take you a wife from thence of the daughters of Laban your mother's brother.
- 3 God Almighty bless you, and make you fruitful, and increase you, that you may be a congregation of peoples;
- 4 and give you the blessing of Abraham, to you, and to your seed with you; that you may inherit the land of your wanderings, which God gave unto Abraham.'
- 5 Isaac sent away Jacob; and he went to Paddan-aram unto Laban, son of Bethuel the Aramean, the brother of Rebekah, Jacob's and Esau's mother.
- 6 Now Esau saw that Isaac had blessed Jacob and sent him away to Paddan-aram, to take him a wife from thence; and that as he blessed him he gave him a charge, saying: 'You shall not take a wife of the daughters of Canaan';
- 7 and that Jacob hearkened to his father and his mother, and was gone to Paddanaram:
- 8 and Esau saw that the daughters of Canaan pleased not Isaac his father;
- 9 so Esau went unto Ishmael, and took unto T UILK OShU EL IShMOEL the wives that he had Mahalath the daughter of Ishmael Abraham's son, the sister of Nebaioth, to be his wife. {S}
- 10 Jacob went out from Beer-sheba, and went toward Haran.
- 11 He lighted upon the place, and tarried there all night, because the sun was set; and BE AShMSh UIQCh MEBNI he took one of the stones of the place, and

- **KNON**
- BThUEL EBI EMK UQCh LK MShM EShA MBNUTh LBN EChI EMK
- G UEL ShDI IBRK EThK UIFRK UIRBK UAIITh LQAL OMIM
- D UIThN LK ETh BRKTh EBRAM LK ULZROK EThK LRShThK ETh ERTs MGRIK EShR NThN ELAIM LEBRAM A UIShLCh ITsChQ ETh IOQB
- UILK FDNA ERM EL LBN BN BThUEL AERMI ECHI RBQA EM **IOQB UOShU**
- U UIRE OShU KI BRK ITsChQ ETh IOQB UShLCh EThU FDNA ERM LQChTh LU MShM EShA BBRKU EThU UITsU OLIU LEMR LE ThOCh EShA MBNUTh **KNON**
- Z UIShMO IOQB EL EBIU UEL EMU UILK FDNA ERM
- Ch UIRE OShU KI ROUTh BNUTh KNON BOINI ITsChQ **EBIU**
- UIQCh ETh MChLTh BTh IShMOEL BN EBRAM EChUTh NBIUTh OL NShIU LU LEShA
- I UITsE IOQB MBER ShBO UILK **ChRNA**
- IE UIFGO BMQUM UILN ShM KI

put it under his head, and lay down in that place to sleep.

12 He dreamed, and behold a ladder set up on the earth, and the top of it reached to heaven; and behold the angels of God ascending and descending on it.

13 And, behold, IAUA stood beside him, and said: 'I am IAUA, the God of Abraham your father, and the God of Isaac. The land whereon you lay, to you will I give it, and to your seed.

14 Your seed shall be as the dust of the earth, and you shall spread abroad to the west, and to the east, and to the north, and to the south. In you and in your seed shall all the families of the earth be blessed.

15 And, behold, I am with you, and will keep you whithersoever you go, and will bring you back into this land; for I will not leave you, until I have done that which I have spoken to you of.'

16 Jacob awaked out of his sleep, and he said: 'Surely IAUA is in this place; and I knew it not.'

17 He was afraid, and said: 'How full of awe is this place! this is none other than the AMQUM AZA EIN ZA KI EM house of God, and this is the gate of heaven.'

18 Jacob rose up early in the morning, and took the stone that he had put under his head, and set it up for a pillar, and poured oil upon the top of it.

19 He called the name of that place Bethel, but the name of the city was Luz at the first.

20 Jacob vowed a vow, saying: 'If God will K UIDR IOQB NDR LEMR EM be with me, and will keep me in this way that I go, and will give me bread to eat, and BDRK AZA EShR ENKI AULK raiment to put on,

21 so that I come back to my father's house KE UShBThI BShLUM EL BITh in peace, then shall IAUA be my God, 22 and this stone, which I have set up for a pillar, shall be God's house; and of all that You shall give me I will surely give the tenth unto You.'

AMQUM UIShM MREShThIU **UIShKB BMQUM AAUE** IB UIChLM UANA SLM MTsB ERTsA UREShU MGIO AShMIMA UANA MLEKI ELAIM OLIM UIRDIM BU IG UANA IAUA NTsB OLIU UIEMR ENI IAUA ELAI EBRAM EBIK UELAI ITsChQ AERTs EShR EThA ShKB OLIA LK EThNNA ULZROK **ID** UAIA ZROK KOFR AERTs UFRTsTh IMA UQDMA UTsFNA UNGBA UNBRKU BK KL MShFChTh AEDMA UBZROK

TU UANA ENKI OMK

UShMRThIK BKL EShR ThLK UAShBThIK EL AEDMA AZETh KI LE EOZBK OD EShR EM OShIThI ETh EShR DBRThI LK TZ UIIQTs IOQB MShNThU UIEMR EKN ISh IAUA BMQUM AZA UENKI LE IDOTHI IZ UIIRE UIEMR MA NURE BITh ELAIM UZA ShOR **AShMIM** ICh UIShKM IOOB BBOR UIOCh ETh AEBN EShR ShM MREShThIU UIShM EThA MTsBA UITsQ ShMN OL REShA IT UIQRE ETh ShM AMQUM AAUE BITh EL UEULM LUZ ShM AOIR LREShNA IAIA ELAIM OMDI UShMRNI UNThN LI LChM LEKL UBGD

EBI UAIA IAUA LI LELAIM KB UAEBN AZETh EShR ShMThI MTsBA IAIA BITh ELAIM UKL EShR ThThN LI OShR EOShRNU LK

LLBSh

Chapter 29 Jacob Meets Rachel

- 1 Then Jacob went on his journey, and came to the land of the children of the east. ERTsA BNI QDM **2** He looked, and behold a well in the field, **B** UIRE UANA BER BShDA and, lo, three flocks of sheep lying there by UANA ShM ShLShA ODRI TsEN it .-- For out of that well they watered the flocks. The stone upon the well's mouth was great.
- 3 Thither were all the flocks gathered; and they rolled the stone from the well's mouth, and watered the sheep, and put the stone back upon the well's mouth in its place.--
- 4 Jacob said unto them: 'My brethren, whence are you?' They said: 'Of Haran are we.'
- 5 He said unto them: 'Know you Laban the son of Nahor?' They said: 'We know him.'
- 6 He said unto them: 'Is it well with him?' They said: 'It is well; and, behold, Rachel his daughter comes with the sheep.'
- 7 He said: 'Lo, it is yet high day, neither is it time that the cattle should be gathered together; water you the sheep, and go and feed them.'
- 8 They said: 'We cannot, until all the flocks Ch UIEMRU LE NUKL OD EShR be gathered together, and they roll the stone IESFU KL AODRIM UGLLU ETh from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep.'
- 9 While he was yet speaking with them, Rachel came with her father's sheep; for she tended them.
- **10** It came to pass, when Jacob saw Rachel the daughter of Laban his mother's brother, and the sheep of Laban his mother's brother, that Jacob went near, and rolled the IOOB UIGL ETh AEBN MOL FI stone from the well's mouth, and watered the flock of Laban his mother's brother.
- 11 Jacob kissed Rachel, and lifted up his voice, and wept.
- 12 Jacob told Rachel that he was her father's brother, and that he was Rebekah's son; and she ran and told her father.

- E UIShE IOQB RGLIU UILK RBTsIM OLIA KI MN ABER AAUE IShQU AODRIM UAEBN GDLA OL FI ABER
- G UNESFU ShMA KL AODRIM UGLLU ETh AEBN MOL FI ABER UAShQU ETh ATsEN UAShIBU ETh AEBN OL FI ABER LMQMA
- D UIEMR LAM IOQB ECHI MEIN EThM UIEMRU MChRN ENChNU
- A UIEMR LAM AIDOTHM ETH LBN BN NChUR UIEMRU IDONU
- U UIEMR LAM AShLUM LU UIEMRU ShLUM UANA RChL BThU BEA OM ATsEN Z UIEMR AN OUD AIUM GDUL LE OTh AESF AMQNA AShQU ATsEN ULKU ROU
- AEBN MOL FI ABER UAShQINU ATsEN
- T OUDNU MDBR OMM URChL BEA OM ATSEN ESHR LEBIA KI ROA AUE
- I UIAI KEShR REA IOQB ETh RChL BTh LBN EChI EMU UETh TsEN LBN EChI EMU UIGSh ABER UIShQ ETh TsEN LBN EChI EMU
- IE UIShQ IOQB LRChL UIShE ETh QLU UIBK
- IB UIGD IOQB LRChL KI EChI EBIA AUE UKI BN RBOA AUE UThRTs UThGD LEBIA

13 It came to pass, when Laban heard the tidings of Jacob his sister's son, that he ran to meet him, and embraced him, and kissed LQREThU UIChBQ LU UINShQ him, and brought him to his house. He told LU UIBIEAU EL BITHU UISFR Laban all these things.

14 Laban said to him: 'Surely you are my bone and my flesh.' He abode with him the space of a month.

15 Laban said unto Jacob: 'Because you are TU UIEMR LBN LIOQB AKI my brother, should you therefore serve me for nothing? tell me, what shall your wages AGIDA LI MA MShKRThK be?'

16 Now Laban had two daughters: the name of the elder was Leah, and the name of the younger was Rachel.

17 Leah's eyes were weak; but Rachel was of beautiful form and fair to look upon.

18 Jacob loved Rachel; and he said: 'I will serve you seven years for Rachel your younger daughter.'

19 Laban said: 'It is better that I give her to you, than that I should give her to another man; abide with me.'

20 Jacob served seven years for Rachel; and they seemed unto him but a few days, for the love he had to her.

21 Jacob said unto Laban: 'Give me my wife, for my days are filled, that I may go in unto her.'

22 Laban gathered together all the men of the place, and made a feast.

23 It came to pass in the evening, that he took Leah his daughter, and brought her to him; and he went in unto her.

24 Laban gave Zilpah his handmaid unto his daughter Leah for a handmaid.

25 It came to pass in the morning that, behold, it was Leah; and he said to Laban: 'What is this you have done unto me? did not I serve with you for Rachel? wherefore then have you beguiled me?'

26 Laban said: 'It is not so done in our place, to give the younger before the firstborn.

27 Finish the week of this one, and we will KZ MLE ShBO ZETh UNThNA give you the other also for the service

IG UIAI KShMO LBN ETh ShMO IOOB BN EChThU UIRTs LLBN ETh KL ADBRIM AELA **ID** UIEMR LU LBN EK OTsMI UBShRI EThA UIShB OMU ChDSh IMIM EChI EThA UOBDThNI ChNM

TZ ULLBN ShThI BNUTh ShM AGDLA LEA UShM AQTNA RChL.

IZ UOINI LEA RKUTh URChL AIThA IFTh ThER UIFTh MREA **ICh** UIEAB IOOB ETh RChL UIEMR EOBDK ShBO ShNIM BRChL BThK AQTNA IT UIEMR LBN TUB ThThI EThA

LK MThThI EThA LEISh EChR ShBA OMDI

K UIOBD IOQB BRChL ShBO ShNIM UIAIU BOINIU KIMIM EChDIM BEABThU EThA **KE** UIEMR IOQB EL LBN ABA

ETh EShThI KI MLEU IMI **UEBUEA ELIA**

KB UIESF LBN ETh KL ENShI AMQUM UIOSh MShThA KG UIAI BORB UIQCh ETh LEA BThU UIBE EThA ELIU UIBE **ELIA**

KD UIThN LBN LA ETh ZLFA ShFChThU LLEA BThU ShFChA KA UIAI BBQR UANA AUE LEA UIEMR EL LBN MA ZETh OShITh LI ALE BRChL OBDThI OMK ULMA RMIThNI

KU UIEMR LBN LE IOShA KN BMQUMNU LThTh ATsOIRA LFNI ABKIRA

LK GM ETh ZETh BOBDA EShR

which you shall serve with me yet seven other years.'

28 Jacob did so, and fulfilled her week; and KCh UIOSh IOQB KN UIMLE he gave him Rachel his daughter to wife.

29 Laban gave to Rachel his daughter Bilhah his handmaid to be her handmaid.

30 He went in also unto Rachel, and he loved Rachel more than Leah, and served with him yet seven other years.

31 IAUA saw that Leah was hated, and he opened her womb; but Rachel was barren.

32 Leah conceived, and bore a son, and she LB UThAR LEA UThLD BN called his name Reuben: for she said: 'Because IAUA has looked upon my affliction; for now my husband will love me.'

33 She conceived again, and bore a son; and said: 'Because IAUA has heard that I am hated, He has therefore given me this son also.' She called his name Simeon.

34 She conceived again, and bore a son; and said: 'Now this time will my husband be joined unto me, because I have borne him three sons.' Therefore was his name called Levi.

35 She conceived again, and bore a son; and she said: 'This time will I praise IAUA.' Therefore she called his name Judah; and she left off bearing.

ThOBD OMDI OUD ShBO ShNIM **EChRUTh**

ShBO ZETh UIThN LU ETh RChL BThU LU LEShA

KT UIThN LBN LRChL BThU ETh BLAA ShFChThU LA LShFChA

L UIBE GM EL RChL UIEAB GM ETh RChL MLEA UIOBD OMU OUD ShBO ShNIM EChRUTh LE UIRE IAUA KI ShNUEA LEA UIFThCh ETh RChMA URChL OORA

UThQRE ShMU REUBN KI EMRA KI REA IAUA BONII KI OThA IEABNI EIShI

LG UThAR OUD UThLD BN UThEMR KI ShMO IAUA KI ShNUEA ENKI UIThN LI GM ETh ZA UThQRE ShMU ShMOUN

LD UThAR OUD UThLD BN UThEMR OThA AFOM ILUA EIShI ELI KI ILDThI LU ShLShA BNIM OL KN QRE ShMU LUI

LA UThAR OUD UThLD BN UThEMR AFOM EUDA ETh IAUA OL KN QREA ShMU IAUDA UTHOMD MLDTh

Chapter 30 The Sons of Jacob

1 When Rachel saw that she bore Jacob no children, Rachel envied her sister; and she said unto Jacob: 'Give me children, or else I die.'

2 Jacob's anger was kindled against Rachel; and he said: 'Am I in God's stead, who has withheld from you the fruit of the womb?'

E UThre RChL KI LE ILDA LIOQB UThQNE RChL BEChThA UThEMR EL IOOB ABA LI BNIM UEM EIN MThA **ENKI**

B UIChR EF IOQB BRChL UIEMR AThChTh ELAIM ENKI EShR MNO MMK FRI BTN

- 3 She said: 'Behold my maid Bilhah, go in unto her; that she may bear upon my knees, and I also may be built up through her.' 4 She gave him Bilhah her handmaid to wife: and Jacob went in unto her.
- 5 Bilhah conceived, and bore Jacob a son.
- 6 Rachel said: 'God has judged me, and has also heard my voice, and has given me a son.' Therefore called she his name Dan. 7 Bilhah Rachel's handmaid conceived again, and bore Jacob a second son. 8 Rachel said: 'With mighty wrestlings have I wrestled with my sister, and have prevailed.' She called his name Naphtali.
- 9 When Leah saw that she had left off bearing, she took Zilpah her handmaid, and gave her to Jacob to wife.
- 10 Zilpah Leah's handmaid bore Jacob a son. I UThLD ZLFA ShFChTh LEA
- 11 Leah said: 'Fortune is come!' She called his name Gad.
- 12 Zilpah Leah's handmaid bore Jacob a second son.
- 13 Leah said: 'Happy am I! for the daughters IG UThEMR LEA BEShRI KI will call me happy.' She called his name Asher.
- 14 Reuben went in the days of wheat harvest, and found mandrakes in the field, and brought them unto his mother Leah. Then Rachel said to Leah: 'Give me, I pray you, of your son's mandrakes.'
- 15 She said unto her: 'Is it a small matter that TU UThEMR LA AMOT you have taken away my husband? and would you take away my son's mandrakes also?' Rachel said: 'Therefore he shall lie with you to-night for your son's mandrakes.' 16 Jacob came from the field in the evening, and Leah went out to meet him, and said: 'You must come in unto me: for I have surely hired you with my son's mandrakes.' He lay with her that night.

G UThEMR ANA EMTHI BLAA BE ELIA UThLD OL BRKI UEBNA GM ENKI MMNA D UThThN LU ETh BLAA ShFChThA LEShA UIBE ELIA **IOOB** A UThAR BLAA UThLD LIOQB BN U UThEMR RChL DNNI ELAIM UGM ShMO BQLI UIThN LI BN OL KN OREA ShMU DN Z UThAR OUD UThLD BLAA ShFChTh RChL BN ShNI LIOQB Ch UThEMR RChL NFThULI ELAIM NFThLThI OM EChThI GM IKLThI UThQRE ShMU NFThLI T UThRE LEA KI OMDA MLDTh UThQCh ETh ZLFA ShFChThA UThThN EThA LIOOB LEShA LIOOB BN **IE** UThEMR LEA BGD (BE GD) UThQRE ETh ShMU GD IB UThLD ZLFA ShFChTh LEA BN ShNI LIOQB EShRUNI BNUTh UThORE ETh ShMU EShR ID UILK REUBN BIMI QTsIR ChTIM UIMTsE DUDEIM BShDA UIBE EThM EL LEA EMU UThEMR RChL EL LEA ThNI NE LI MDUDEI BNK QChThK ETh EIShI ULQChTh

GM ETh DUDEI BNI UThEMR

TZ UIBE IOQB MN AShDA

ShKRThIK BDUDEI BNI

UIShKB OMA BLILA AUE

ThChTh DUDEI BNK

RChL LKN IShKB OMK ALILA

BORB UThTsE LEA LQREThU

UThEMR ELI ThBUE KI ShKR

- 17 God hearkened unto Leah, and she conceived, and bore Jacob a fifth son.
- 18 Leah said: 'God has given me my hire, because I gave my handmaid to my husband. ELAIM ShKRI EShR NThThI She called his name Issachar.
- 19 Leah conceived again, and bore a sixth son to Jacob.
- 20 Leah said: 'God has endowed me with a good dowry; now will my husband dwell with me, because I have borne him six sons.' She called his name Zebulun.
- 21 Afterwards she bore a daughter, and called her name Dinah.
- 22 God remembered Rachel, and God hearkened to her, and opened her womb.
- 23 She conceived, and bore a son, and said: 'God has taken away my reproach.'
- 24 She called his name Joseph, saying: 'IAUA add to me another son.'
- 25 It came to pass, when Rachel had borne Joseph, that Jacob said unto Laban: 'Send me ETh IUSF UIEMR IOQB EL LBN away, that I may go unto mine own place, and to my country.
- 26 Give me my wives and my children for whom I have served you, and let me go; for you know my service wherewith I have served you.'
- 27 Laban said unto him: 'If now I have found KZ UIEMR ELIU LBN EM NE favor in your eyes--I have observed the signs, and IAUA has blessed me for your sake.'
- 28 He said: 'Appoint me your wages, and I will give it.'
- 29 He said unto him: 'You know how I have served you, and how your cattle have fared with me.
- 30 For it was little which you had before I came, and it has increased abundantly; and IAUA has blessed you whithersoever I turned. Now when shall I provide for mine own house also?'

- IZ UIShMO ELAIM EL LEA UThAR UThLD LIOOB BN ChMIShI
- ICh UThEMR LEA NThN ShFChThI LEIShI UThQRE ShMU IShShKR
- IT UThAR OUD LEA UThLD BN ShShI LIOQB
- K UThEMR LEA ZBDNI ELAIM EThI ZBD TUB AFOM IZBLNI EIShI KI ILDThI LU ShShA BNIM UThQRE ETh ShMU ZBLUN
- KE UEChR ILDA BTh UThQRE ETh ShMA DINA
- KB UIZKR ELAIM ETh RChL UIShMO ELIA ELAIM UIFThCh ETh RChMA
- KG UThAR UThLD BN UThEMR ESF ELAIM ETh ChRFThI
- KD UThQRE ETh ShMU IUSF LEMR ISF IAUA LI BN EChR
- KA UIAI KEShR ILDA RChL ShLChNI UELKA EL MQUMI ULERTSI
- **KU** ThNA ETh NShI UETh ILDI EShR OBDThI EThK BAN UELKA KI EThA IDOTh ETh OBDThI EShR OBDThIK
- MTsEThI ChN BOINIK NChShThI UIBRKNI IAUA **BGLLK**
- KCh UIEMR NQBA ShKRK OLI UEThNA
- KT UIEMR ELIU EThA IDOTh ETh EShR OBDThIK UETh EShR AIA MQNK EThI L KI MOT EShR AIA LK LFNI UIFRTs LRB UIBRK IAUA EThK LRGLI UOThA MThI

EOShA GM ENKI LBIThI

- 31 He said: 'What shall I give you?' Jacob said: 'You shall not give me aught; if you will do this thing for me, I will again feed your flock and keep it.
- **32** I will pass through all your flock to-day, removing from thence every speckled and spotted one, and every dark one among the sheep, and the spotted and speckled among the goats; and of such shall be my hire.
- 33 So shall my righteousness witness against LG UONThA BI TsDOThI BIUM me hereafter, when you shall come to look over my hire that is before you: every one that is not speckled and spotted among the goats, and dark among the sheep, that if found with me shall be counted stolen.'
- 34 Laban said: 'Behold, would it might be according to your word.'
- 35 He removed that day the he-goats that were streaked and spotted, and all the shegoats that were speckled and spotted, every one that had white in it, and all the dark ones UATLETh KL EShR LBN BU among the sheep, and gave them into the hand of his sons.
- **36** He set three days' journey between himself and Jacob. Jacob fed the rest of Laban's flocks.
- 37 Jacob took him rods of fresh poplar, and of the almond and of the plane-tree; and peeled white streaks in them, making the white appear which was in the rods.
- 38 He set the rods which he had peeled over against the flocks in the gutters in the watering-troughs where the flocks came to drink; and they conceived when they came to drink.
- **39** The flocks conceived at the sight of the rods, and the flocks brought forth streaked, speckled, and spotted.
- 40 Jacob separated the lambs--he also set the M UAKShBIM AFRID IOQB faces of the flocks toward the streaked and all the dark in the flock of Laban--and put his own droves apart, and put them not unto Laban's flock.

LE UIEMR MA EThN LK UIEMR IOQB LE ThThN LI MEUMA EM ThOShA LI ADBR AZA EShUBA EROA TsENK **EShMR**

LB EOBR BKL TsENK AIUM ASR MShM KL ShA NQD UTLUE UKL ShA ChUM **BKShBIM UTLUE UNQD BOZIM UAIA ShKRI** MChR KI ThBUE OL ShKRI LFNIK KL EShR EINNU NQD UTLUE BOZIM UChUM BKShBIM GNUB AUE EThI

LD UIEMR LBN AN LU IAI KDBRK

LA UISR BIUM AAUE ETh AThIShIM AOQDIM UATLEIM UETh KL AOZIM ANQDUTh UKL ChUM BKShBIM UIThN **BID BNIU**

LU UIShM DRK ShLShTh IMIM BINU UBIN IOQB UIOQB ROA ETh TsEN LBN ANUThRTh LZ UIQCh LU IOQB MQL LBNA LCh ULUZ UORMUN UIFTsL BAN FTsLUTh LBNUTh MChShF ALBN EShR OL **AMOLUTh**

LCh UITsG ETh AMQLUTh EShR FTsL BRATIM BShQThUTh AMIM EShR ThBEN ATSEN LShThUTh LNKCh ATsEN UIChMNA BBEN LShThUTh LT UIChMU ATsEN EL AMQLUTh UThLDN ATsEN OQDIM NQDIM UTLEIM UIThN FNI ATsEN EL OQD UKL ChUM BTsEN LBN UIShTh LU ODRIM LBDU ULE ShThM OL TsEN LBN

- 41 It came to pass, whenever the stronger of ME UAIA BKL ICHM ATSEN the flock did conceive, that Jacob laid the rods before the eyes of the flock in the gutters, that they might conceive among the rods;
- 42 but when the flock were feeble, he put them not in; so the feebler were Laban's, and UAIA AOTFIM LLBN the stronger Jacob's.
- 43 The man increased exceedingly, and had large flocks, and maid-servants and menservants, and camels and asses.

AMQShRUTh UShM IOQB ETh AMQLUTh LOINI ATSEN BRATIM LICHMNA BMQLUTh

MB UBAOTIF ATSEN LE ISHIM **UAQShRIM LIOQB** MG UIFRTs AEISh MED MED UIAI LU TsEN RBUTh UShFChUTh UOBDIM **UGMLIM UChMRIM**

Only a portion of Genesis is shown.